

West Metro Fire Protection District

Proudly serving Douglas & Jefferson Counties, Colorado



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 2022

Prepared by: The West Metro Fire Rescue Finance Division

JEFFERSON AND DOUGLAS COUNTIES, COLORADO

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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West Metro Fire Protection District

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June 28, 2023

To the Citizens and Board of Directors of the West Metro Fire Protection District:

State law requires that all special districts with revenue in excess of \$750,000 publish within six months of the close of their fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial report of the West Metro Fire Protection District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the West Metro Fire Protection District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and the reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the West Metro Fire Protection District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the governments' assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the West Metro Fire Protection District's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the West Metro Fire Protection District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The West Metro Fire Protection District's financial statements have been audited by **RubinBrown LLP**, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the West Metro Fire Protection District, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the West Metro Fire Protection District financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the West Metro Fire Protection District was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. The reports are included in the West Metro Fire Protection District's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statement in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The West Metro Fire Protection District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The West Metro Fire Protection District is a special district organized under Colorado Revised Statutes Title 32 to provide fire protection for the areas west and southwest of the city of Denver, Colorado, and west up to the foothills. The District covers approximately 108 square miles within Jefferson and Douglas Counties including the city of Lakewood, the city of Wheat Ridge, and the towns of Morrison, Edgewater, Mountain View and Lakeside. The District is 8.4 miles wide from east to west and over 26 miles long from north to south. The District is bounded by Interstate 70 on the north, the city of Golden and the foothills on the west, the city and county of Denver and city of Littleton on the east, and Roxborough Park on the south.

The estimated population in the District is 296,917 based on the 2020 Census and ESRI Community Survey. The demographics of aging adults are in the northeastern section of the District while the younger population is in the west and southwest of the District. The population density is urban throughout the District, yet there are some undeveloped and lower density areas along the western portions.

The District operates under a publicly elected board of directors and is administered by the fire chief. The board is responsible for, among other things, policymaking, adopting the budget, appointing committees, managing long-range planning, and hiring the fire chief. The fire chief is responsible for executing the policies of the board of directors as well as overseeing the day-to-day operations. The District is divided into seven director districts, with directors elected on a non-partisan basis to four-year staggered terms.

The District has 17 fire stations and employs 400 paid uniformed personnel. In addition, 42 civilians were employed at the end of 2022. Front-line fire apparatus includes fifteen engines, two tower trucks, one ladder, fourteen ambulances, one advanced resource medic, two brush engines, seven brush trucks and a heavy rescue. There are numerous apparatus units in reserve.

West Metro Fire Protection District is a full service, all hazard fire and rescue agency. Services include all aspects of emergency response, including structural firefighting, advanced life support (ALS) and ALS transportation, hazardous materials, technical rescue, water rescue, wildland fire suppression and other community outreach services including injury prevention education, business safety, and additional education and prevention programs.

The District is the sponsoring agency of Colorado Task Force 1, a FEMA sponsored team who trains and responds to incidents as directed by FEMA. Several surrounding agencies, along with District personnel participate on this team. Funding for the Task Force is generally provided by grants awarded by the Department of Homeland Security to administer, train, and equip the Task Force for urban search and rescue operations, and develop ground transport capability. The District anticipates future grants will be awarded to continue the administration of the Task Force.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the West Metro Fire Protection District operates.

Property tax, which is the major source of revenue for the District, is based on Mill levy rate and assessed value of properties. The assessed value is dependent upon the actual value of real property and the assessment rate set by the state of Colorado. For 2021 taxes collected in year 2022 the assessment rate for residential properties was 7.15% (down from 7.2% in 2018) and 29% for commercial and most other types of properties. Citizens of the District passed a measure during the local ballot in 2018 to allow the District to adjust its mill levy with an assumption of maintaining the residential assessment rate at 7.2%. Residential properties make up 88% of the total market value of all taxable real properties within the District. Property taxes collections in 2022, which were based on 2020 assessments, showed a 10% increase resulting from rising values of residential properties and a recovery from the tax revenue decline in 2021 caused by the economic hardship following the COVID pandemic.

Historically property tax has been relatively stable source of income for the District. However, many local governments, including the District, are facing challenges with the emerging changes in state legislations that have negative implications to property taxes. Since 2021 the state of Colorado has enacted three Senate bills (SBs) all with the aim of reducing property taxes. The most recent bill SB23-303 which supersedes the previous two bills, if approved, will reduce residential assessment rate to 6.7% for the next 10 years. Most homeowners will also receive an additional actual property value reduction of \$50,000 in 2023 and \$40,000 thereafter for 9 subsequent years starting with 2024. For nonresidential properties, excluding agricultural property and renewable energy production property, SB23-303 will reduce the assessment rate from 29% to 27.85% for tax years 2023 through 2024, to 27.65% for tax years 2027 through 2028, and to

26.9% for tax years 2029 through 2032. SB23-303 is subject to statewide voter approval in November 2023.

The District will continue to assess trends in property taxes and other revenue sources. In its strategic plan, the District has identified the importance of having diversified revenue sources. As part of this effort the District was able to generate ~\$7.5 million from grant and other contractual revenues in 2022. The District also received \$8.3 million from the Medicaid supplemental payment program during the same year. In addition to its revenue diversification efforts, the District is also maintaining a solid fund balance by creating a sustainability plan which is key to having a stable foundation for unforeseen contingencies. The unassigned fund balance in the general fund at the end of 2022 was 54% of the total general fund expenditures.

Local economy

Although the local economy continued to show a fast recovery from the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, many challenges remain with supply chain disruptions, shortages in the labor market, inflation, and the rising demand for emergency services. The growing economy in the Denver metro area continues to attract newcomers from various states throughout the nation. The total population in the Denver metro area grew close to 3 million in 2022, showing a 1.22% increase from 2021. Even though the demand for housing remains high in the metro area, recent trends show the housing market has started to cool off. The effects of rising mortgage rates and still record high prices in the metro area have shown some indications of a shift in housing market with a slowdown in sales and an increase in housing inventory compared to 2021. Recent Zillow report indicated the average home values in the Denver metro area have shown a decline of 3.3% between 2021 and 2022, with the median home value now at \$580,000. The unemployment rate in the Denver metro area dropped to 2.5% in December 2022, down from 4.1% a year before. While the job gains show positive signs of recovery, the tight labor market continues to be challenging with many employers competing to hire and retain skilled workers. Over the last year Colorado's average hourly earnings grew from \$32.45 to \$34.43, nearly two dollars more than the national average hourly earnings of \$32.46. Although demand in the labor market continues to generate sizable wage gains, inflationary pressures tend to outpace rising wages. According to the U.S Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), the Consumer Price Index for the Denver-Aurora-Lakewood area rose 6.9% between November 2021 and 2022, which is in pace with the U.S index that showed a 7.1% increase over that same period. Food and housing prices continue to be the major drivers of inflation in the Denver metro area.

The District cautiously assesses and incorporates the economic factors in its annual risk analysis as part of its financial planning and budget process. To ensure long term financial sustainability, the District follows a strategic approach to analyzing fund reserve levels based on risk factors that are specific to its economic and financial situation.

Long-term financial planning

As part of the budget process each year, the District updates the five-year financial forecast to identify critical issues and set preliminary goals. The budget serves as the financial roadmap to help the District plan and accomplish its goals and prioritize needs as outlined within its Strategic Plan. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the District's financial planning and control.

Each year the District prepares a five-year financial plan, which includes capital replacement and new construction. All divisions of the West Metro Fire Protection District are required to submit requests for appropriation to the finance director and administrative chief on or before the second week of August of each year. The finance division uses these requests and the revenue projections to assist the fire chief in developing a financial plan and proposed budget. The budget is then submitted to the District's board of directors by October 15th. The board is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and adopt a final budget no later than December 31st. The mill levy must be certified to the County Commissioners by December 15th of each year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, division, function, and object account. Transfers of appropriations within and between divisions require the approval of the fire chief. The board of directors must approve any revision that alters the total appropriation of any fund through a resolution. Budget and actual comparisons are provided in this report for each governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

The District's goal for each budget year is to recognize the strategic priorities that include maintaining long-term stability and ensuring appropriate levels of service to the members of our community. Of primary importance to the District will be the maintenance of the operating contingency and the unrestricted fund balance.

The District is committed to a forward-looking approach. It is continually adopting active policies and procedures to secure the District's assets and future overall financial health of the District while maintaining its level of service to the community.

Relevant financial policies:

The District has adopted a comprehensive fund balance policy detailing the composition of governmental fund balances under GASB 54. Included within the comprehensive fund balance policy are fund balance classifications, the constraints on the resources, the prioritization of spending of resources, stabilization reserves and the use of such reserves. The District's fund balance policy also lays out its approach to analyze reserves based on anticipated risk factors specific to the Districts economic and financial needs. As part of the budget process, Financial Risk Analysis (FRA) study is done annually in consultation with command staff and the governing board, and through review of Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) best practices, and Governing Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Fund Balance Reporting guidelines. The policy and FRA are created to identify target reserve levels and provide funding for the District's future capital project needs and other long-term obligations.

Policy related to unrestricted funds will be assessed annually. Therefore, general standards are considered, including GFOA's best practice of maintaining no less than two months of regular general operating expenditures in the District's unrestricted portion of the general fund. The District staff will also review the risk factors that are identified for each upcoming year with the risk assessment and unassigned fund balance recommendation for approval by the board.

Awards and Acknowledgements

Among the significant accomplishments in 2022 was the reaccreditation of the West Metro Fire Protection District by the Commission on Fire Accreditation International (CFAI). This reaccreditation marks the third time that the Commission has evaluated the District, focusing on the level of service provided to residents and businesses, and the District's commitment to the community. The District has held the accredited agency status since 2012. In addition to the accreditation, the District is also ISO Class 1 certified, making it one of just 114 agencies to achieve both accreditation and the top ISO rating.

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded the District the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its 2022 Budget document. This was the seventh time the District has received this award. To qualify, the District's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) also awarded the District a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. This was the twenty-fifth consecutive year that the District has received this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the District must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another award certificate.

The preparation of the annual comprehensive financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedication of the Finance Division and other administrative divisions. Each member of these divisions has our sincere appreciations for the contributions made in preparation of this report. We thank the board of directors and the deputy chiefs for their leadership and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the District in a responsible and progressive manner. We express our appreciation to all members of the District who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report.

Respectfully,

Don Lombardi Fire Chief Respectfully,

Bruk Mulaw, CPA Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

West Metro Fire Protection District Colorado

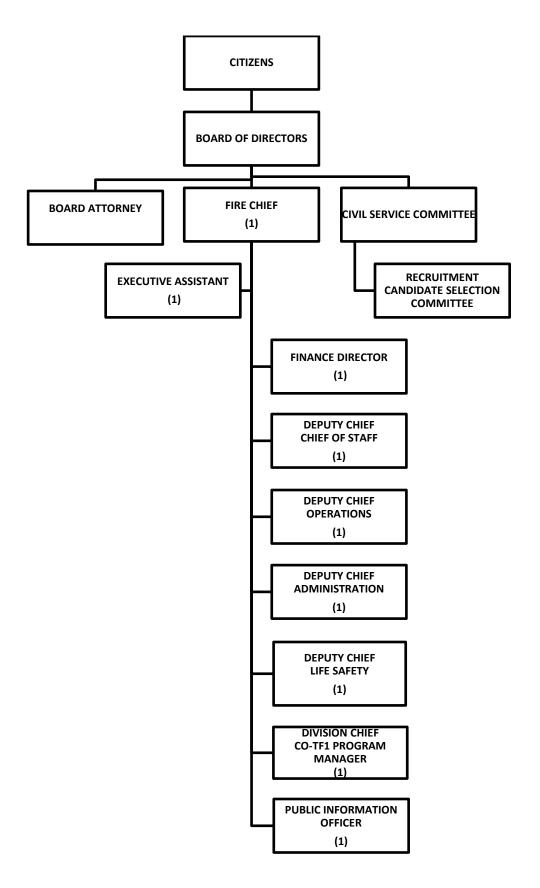
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

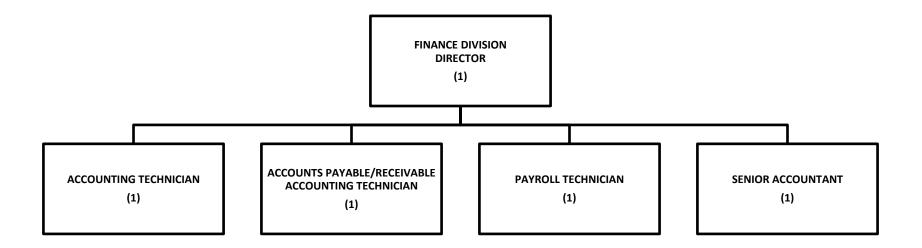
Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

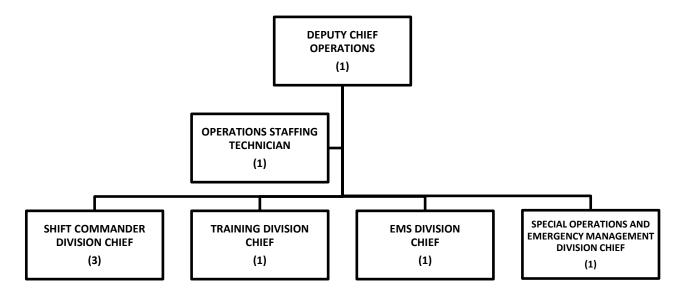
Organizational Chart



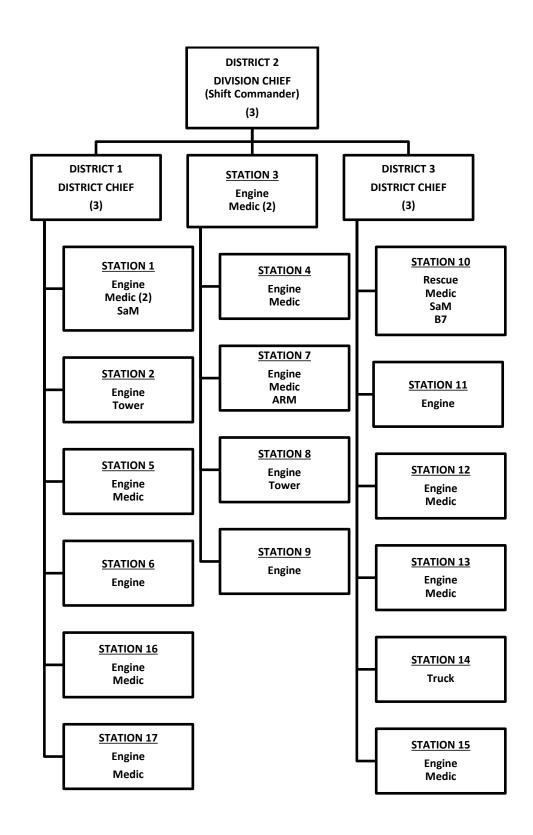
FINANCE DIVISION



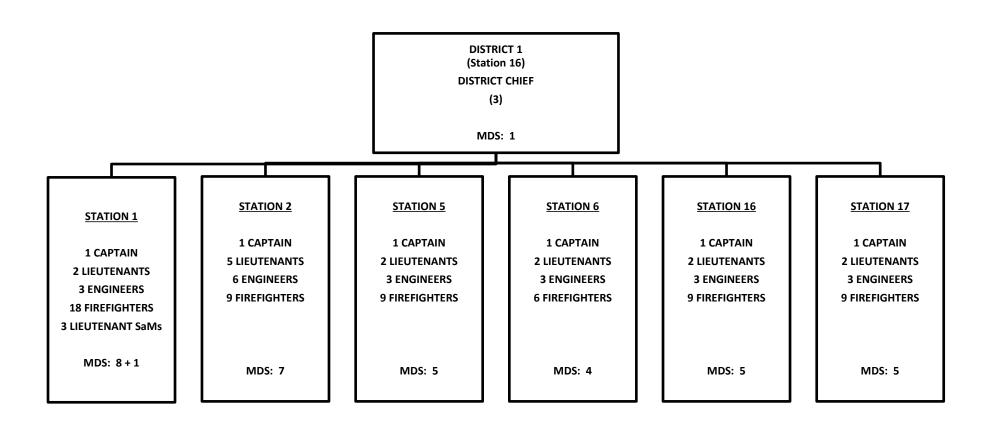
OPERATIONS



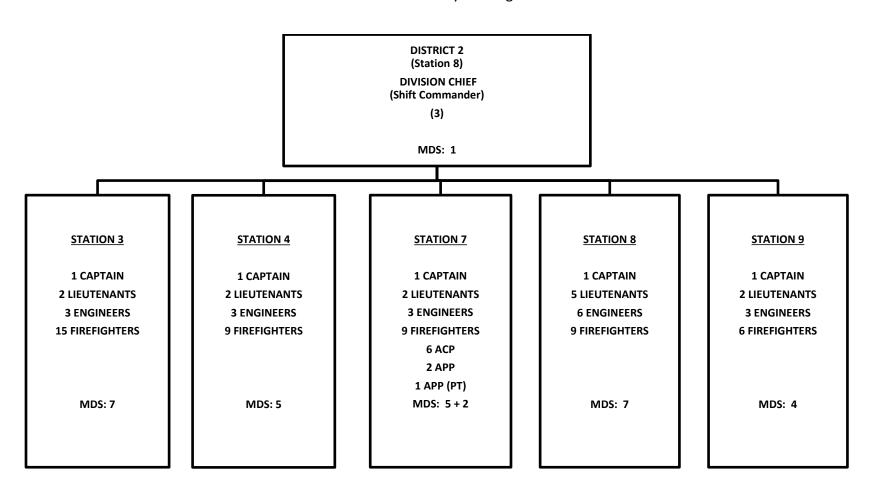
FIELD OPERATIONS DIVISION Minimum Daily Staffing



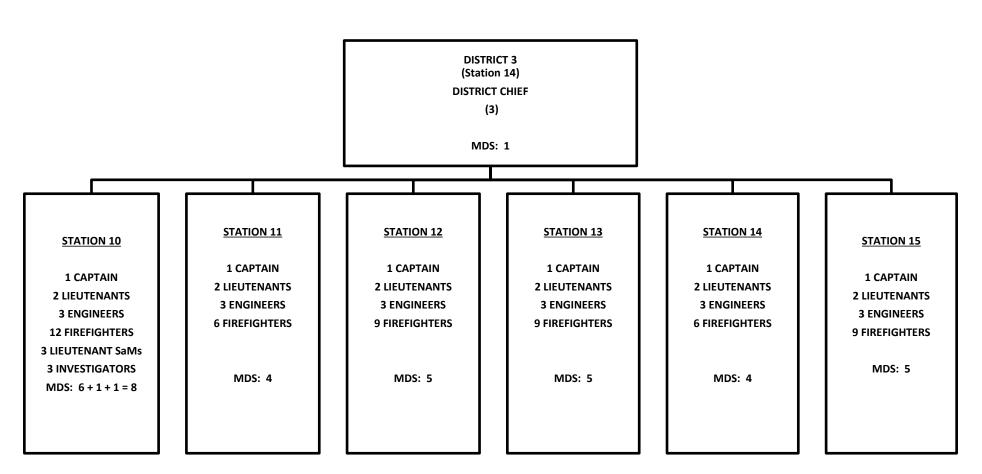
DISTRICT 1
Minimum Daily Staffing



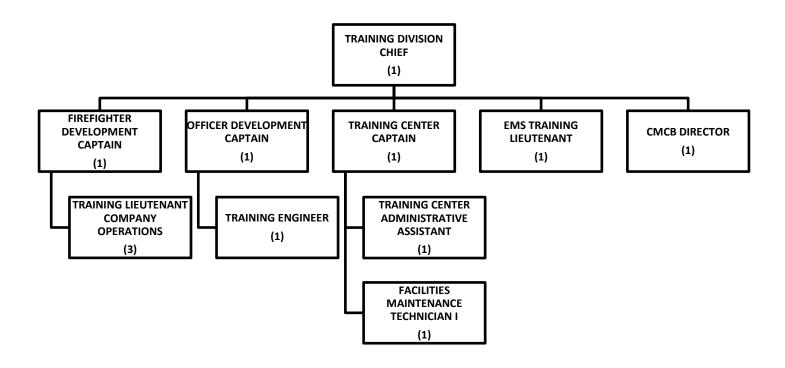
DISTRICT 2 Minimum Daily Staffing



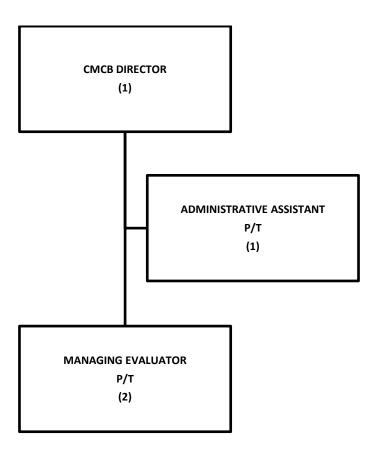
DISTRICT 3
Minimum Daily Staffing



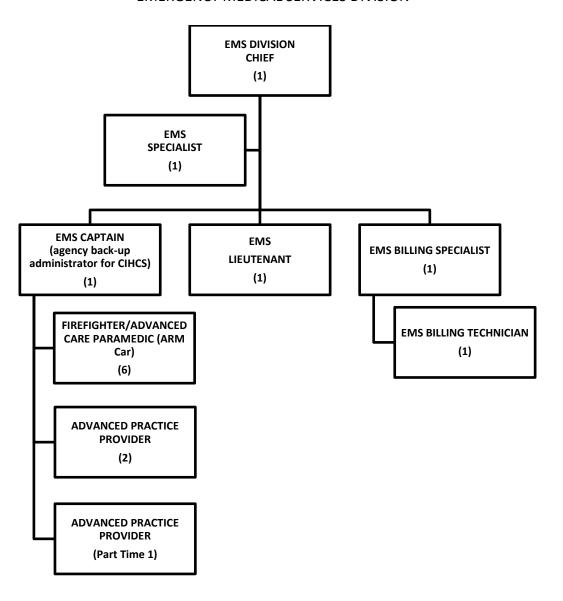
TRAINING DIVISION



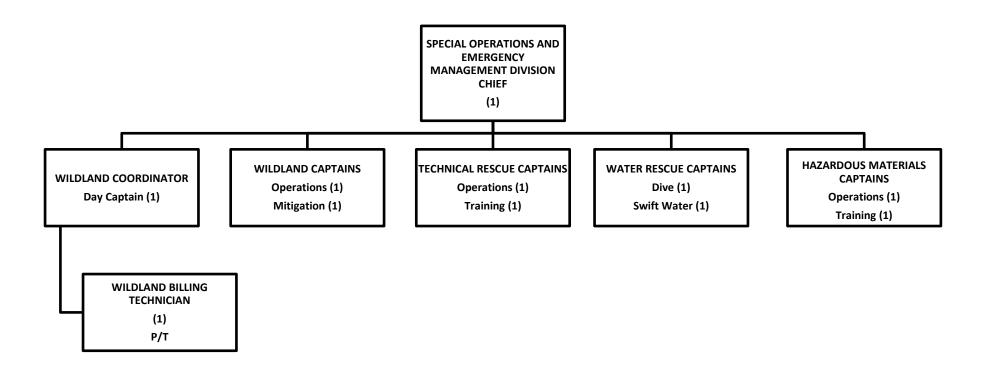
COLORADO METROPOLITAN CERTIFICATION BOARD (CMCB)



EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES DIVISION

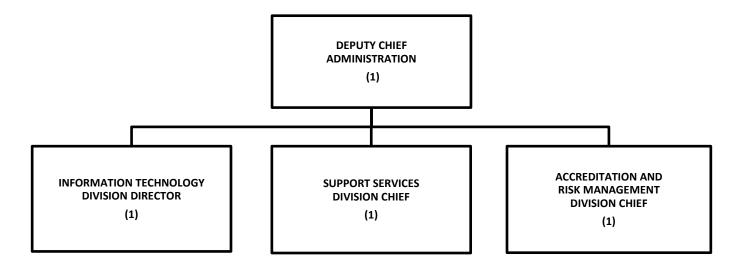


SPECIAL OPERATIONS

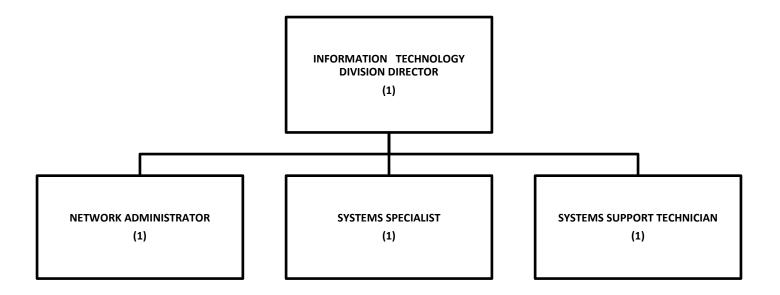


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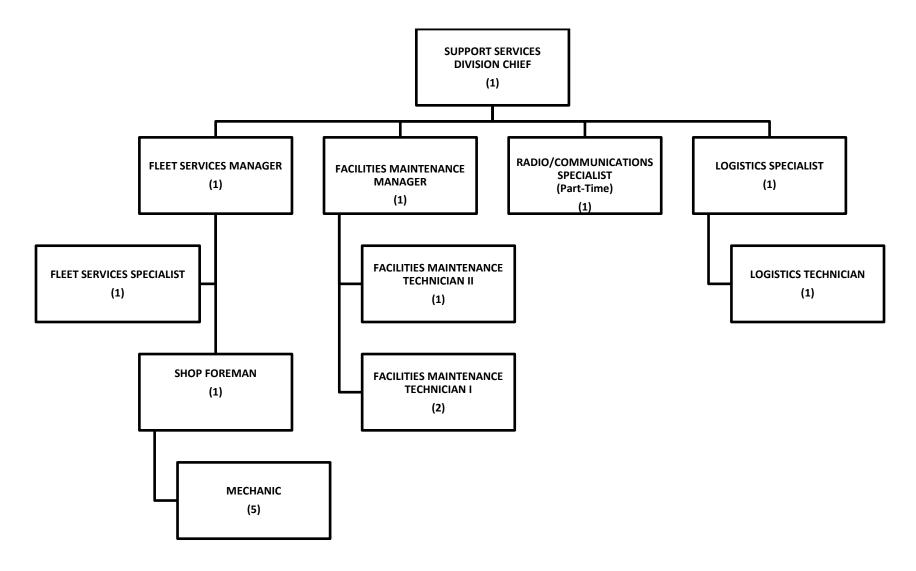
ADMINISTRATION



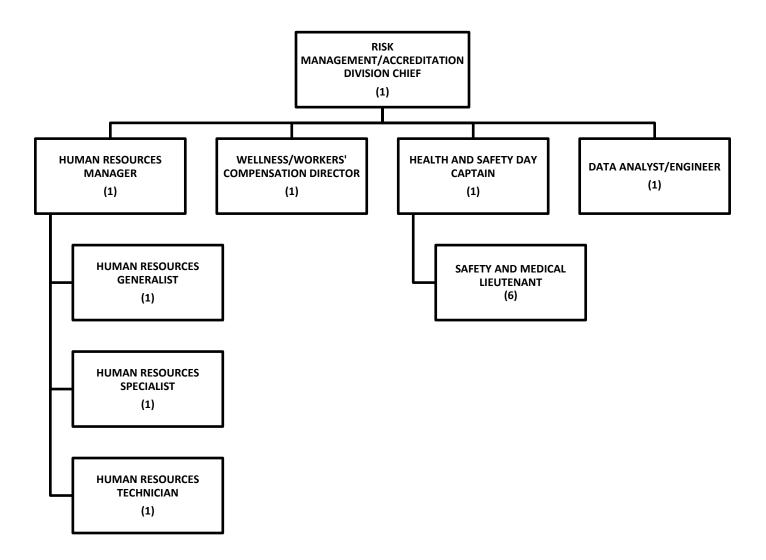
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DIVISION



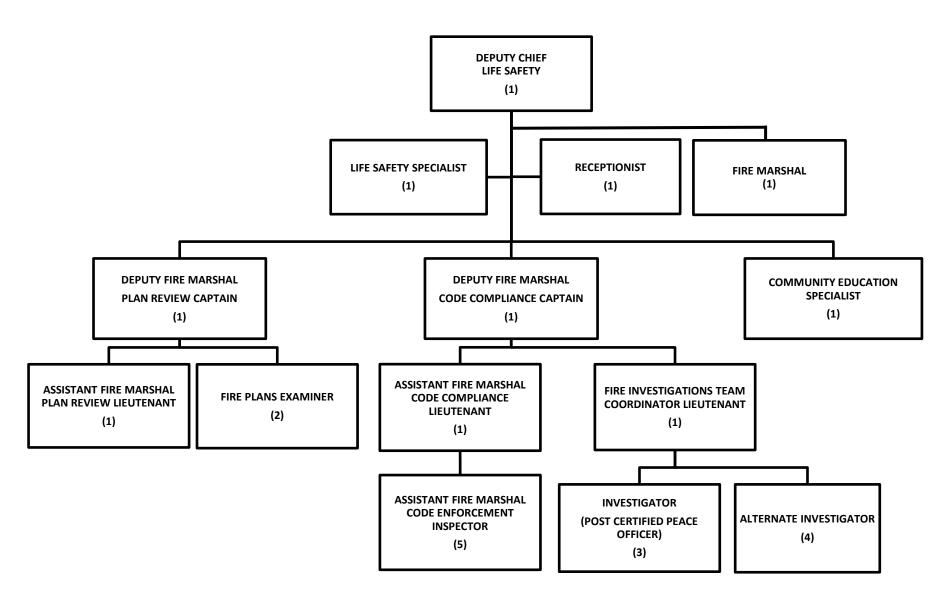
SUPPORT SERVICES DIVISION



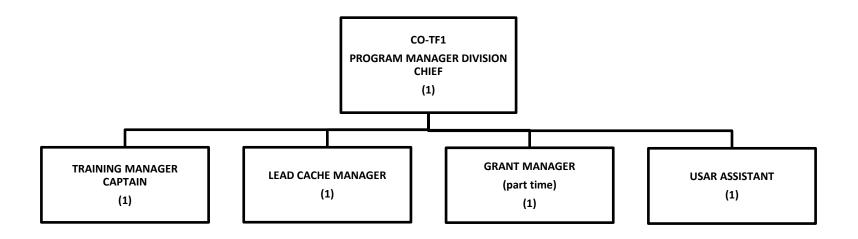
RISK MANAGEMENT/ACCREDITATION DIVISION



LIFE SAFETY



URBAN SEARCH & RESCUE



WEST METRO FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NAMES AND TITLES OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Elected Board of Directors:

President- District 2

Vice President- District 4

Secretary- District 1

Treasurer- District 5

Jerry Cassel

Marta Murray

Don Sherman

Carolyn Wolfrum

Director- District 3 Mike Feeley
Director - District 6 Mike Williams
Director- District 7 Bill Clayton

Appointed Officials:

Fire Chief Don Lombardi

Deputy Chief of Staff Scott Rogers (retired Mar 2023)

Deputy Chief of Operations

Dan Pfannenstiel

Deputy Chief of Administration

Jeremy Metz

Deputy Chief of Life Safety Michael Kirkpatrick

Division Chief of Emergency Medical Services

Todd Heinl
Division Chief of USAR CO-TF1

Bob Olme
Division Chief of Support Services

Jay Jackson

Division Chief of Training

Doug Hutchinson

Division Chief of Risk Management/Accreditation

Steve Aseltine

Division Chief of Special Ops/Emergency Management Clint Fey

Finance Director

Human Resources Specialist

Wellness/Workers' Compensation Manager

Information Technology Division Director

Bruk Mulaw

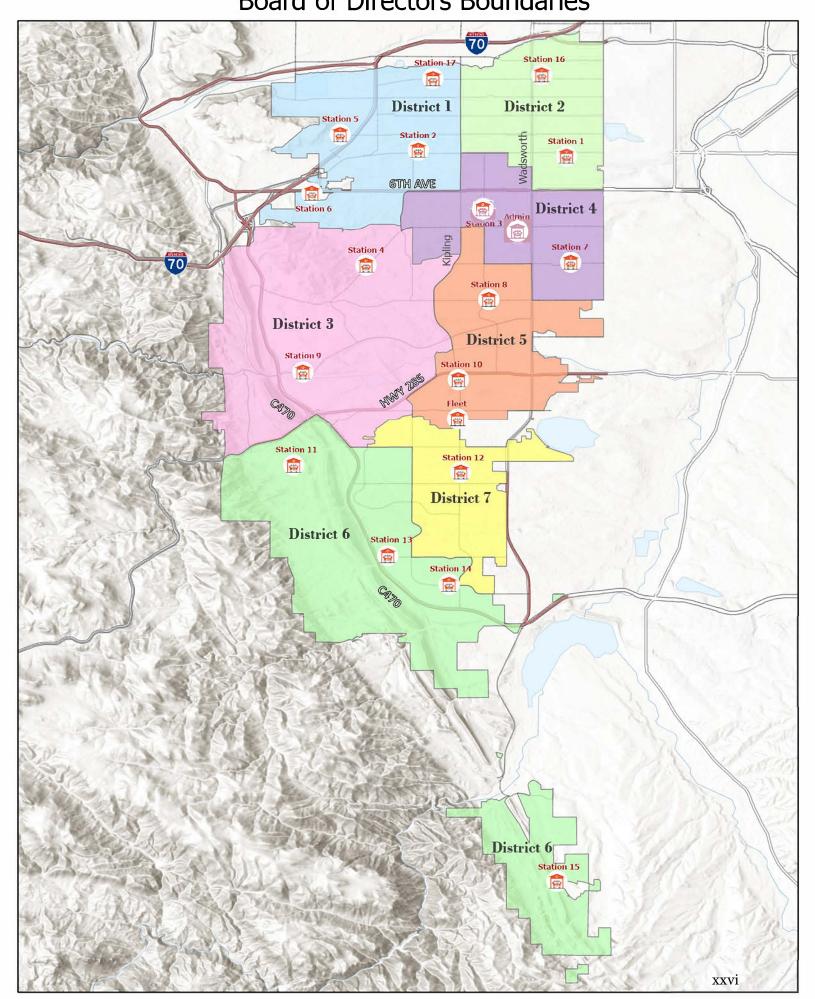
Shannon Rush

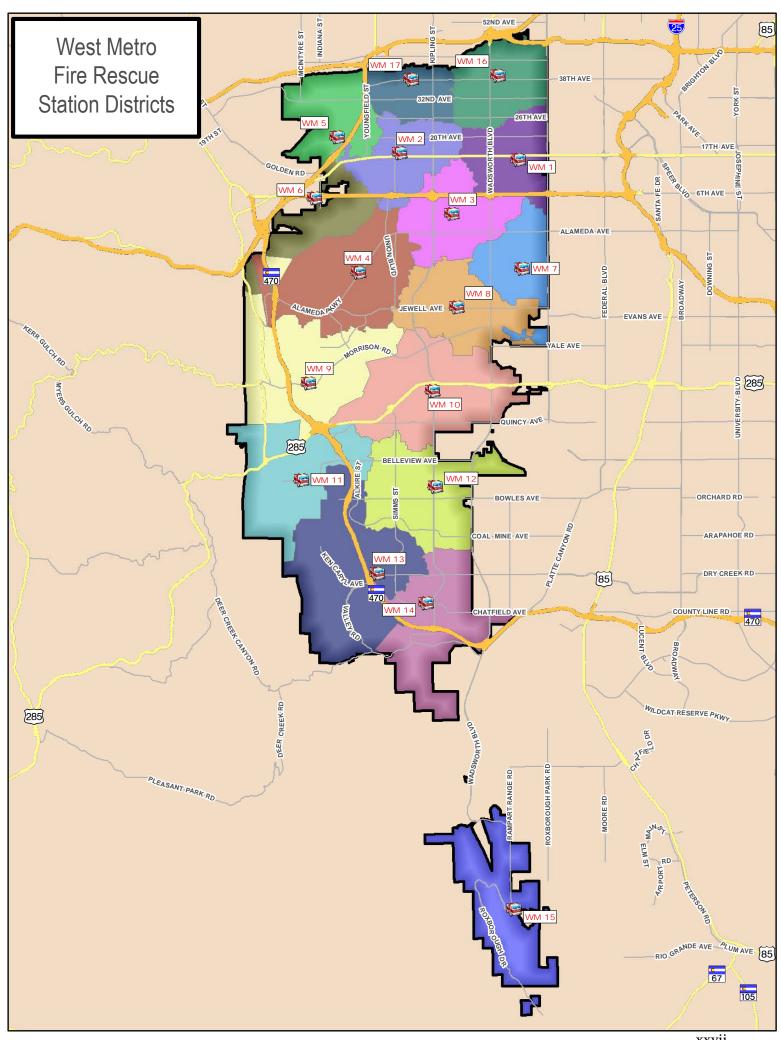
Bob Stratman

Eric Bates

Fleet Services Manager Glen Meader Facilities Maintenance Manager Chris Schleef

West Metro Fire Protection District Board of Directors Boundaries







1900 16th Street Suite 1700 Denver, CO 80202 T: 303.698.1883 E: info@rubinbrown.com www.RubinBrown.com

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors West Metro Fire Protection District Lakewood, Colorado

Report On Audit Of The Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of West Metro Fire Protection District (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis For Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities For The Audit Of The Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis Of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Number 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities Of Management For The Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities For The Audit Of The Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness
 of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the
 overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 6 through 17, the budgetary comparison schedule, pension schedules and notes to required supplementary information on pages 93 through 107 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, and although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required By Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

June 28, 2023

Rulin Brown LLP

West Metro Fire Protection District Management's Discussion and Analysis

As the West Metro Fire Protection District (District) financial stewards, we offer readers of the District the financial narrative overview and analysis of activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here, in conjunction with the transmittal letter, which can be found on pages i-vi of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the West Metro Fire Protection District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$104,721,768 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.
- Of this amount \$68,985,760 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to the citizens and creditors.
- The government's total change in net position increased by \$17,966,213.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the West Metro Fire Protection District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balances of \$55,366,050 an increase of \$8,362,688 from current year activities.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance for the general fund is \$48,173,170 or 54% of total general fund expenditures.
- The District paid \$2,495,000 of general obligation bonds debt on two bond issues, and \$273,522 in lease payments.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the West Metro Fire Protection District's basic financial statements. The West Metro Fire Protection District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

Government-Wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the West Metro Fire Protection District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the West Metro Fire Protection District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the West Metro Fire Protection District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the West Metro Fire Protection District that are principally supported by taxes and charges for services. The governmental activities of the West Metro Fire Protection District include operations, administration, fire prevention, community education and grants.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The West Metro Fire Protection District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the West Metro Fire Protection District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflow and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The West Metro Fire Protection District maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the general obligation debt service fund. Data from the other two governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The West Metro Fire Protection District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, general obligation debt service fund, capital projects fund, and the CO-TF1 special revenue fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund in the required supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with this

budget. Other funds' budgetary statements are located in the individual fund statements section.

<u>Proprietary Funds.</u> Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate cost internally among the West Metro Fire Protection District's various functions. The West Metro Fire Protection District maintains four internal service funds to account for (1) rental of apparatus and other vehicles, (2) maintenance of the fleet of West Metro Fire Protection District and revenue generated by servicing other fire department vehicles, (3) rental, use and maintenance of the Training Center to provide facilities for use by the District and outside agencies, and (4) facilitation of firefighter certification process to member agencies of the Colorado Metropolitan Certification Board (CMCB).

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning all of the West Metro Fire Protection District's funds.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

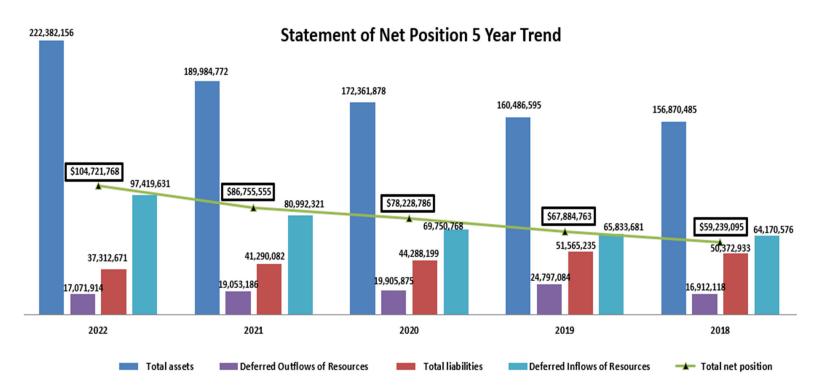
As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the West Metro Fire Protection District, assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$104,721,768 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the West Metro Fire Protection District's net position, \$32,542,844 (31%) reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, vehicles, and equipment). These assets are not available for future spending. Although the West Metro Fire Protection District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the West Metro Fire Protection District's net position \$3,193,164 (3%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used, to include amounts restricted for emergencies, debt service and for grant spending. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position \$68,985,760 (66%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

West Metro Fire Protection District's Net Position

Governmental	Governmental
	Activities 2021
<u>2022</u>	2021
\$ 175,201,744	\$ 146,169,886
47,180,412	43,814,886
222,382,156	189,984,772
17,071,914	19,053,186
32,847,819	35,790,474
4,464,852	5,499,608
37,312,671	41,290,082
97,419,631	80,992,321
32,542,844	26,793,554
3,193,164	3,108,712
68,985,760	56,853,289
\$ 104,721,768	\$ 86,755,555
	Activities 2022 \$ 175,201,744 47,180,412 222,382,156 17,071,914 32,847,819 4,464,852 37,312,671 97,419,631 32,542,844 3,193,164 68,985,760



Governmental Activities

At the end of the current fiscal year, the West Metro Fire Protection District is able to report a positive balance in both the restricted and unrestricted net position for government activities. Net invested in capital assets increased by \$5,749,290 to \$32,542,844. Most of the increase is due to purchase of apparatus and station renovations during 2022.

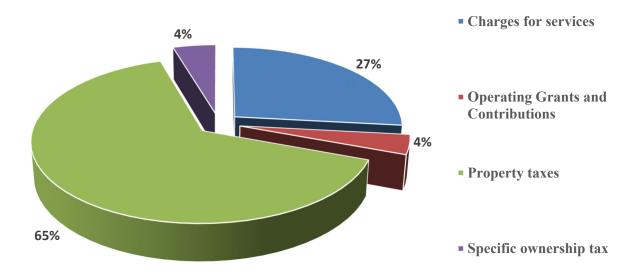
Restricted net position reported in governmental activities increased by \$84,452 to \$3,193,164. Of this total \$2,863,605 or 90% is for emergency reserves. Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR) contains the requirement of setting an emergency reserve and other reserves for multi-year obligations. Emergency reserves cannot be accessed except for an unexpected disaster. The emergency reserve balance is annually reviewed and maintained to be in compliance with TABOR. Other restriction in net position includes \$329,559 for debt service.

The remaining net position totaling \$68,985,760 represents the unrestricted portion available for the District's ongoing obligations to its citizens. This amount increased by \$12,132,471 mainly due to \$6,114,446 increase in property tax revenue and an increase in EMS and grants revenues with combined increase of \$3,889,597 in 2022. The overall positive change in total net position included the results of operations for the current year reflecting government wide net income of \$17,966,213. The key elements for change in net position are shown below:

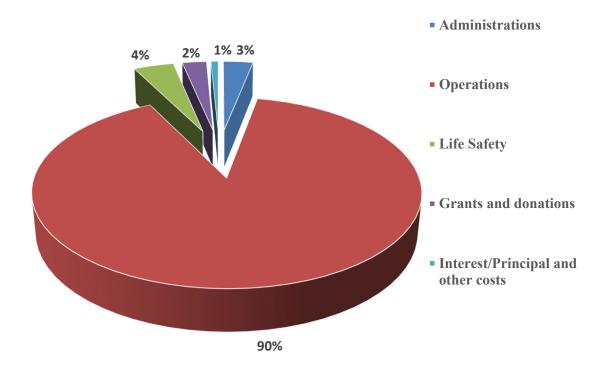
West Metro Fire Protection District's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 28,383,544	\$ 27,489,308
Operating Grants and Contributions	4,137,036	2,189,238
General revenues:		
Property taxes	68,843,556	62,729,110
Specific ownership tax	4,935,884	5,033,679
Investment earnings	(91,121)	(123,948)
Gain/loss on sale of Capital Assets	(29,526)	38,526
Other Income	56,984	110,451
Total revenues	106,236,357	97,466,364
Expenses:		
Administrations	2,318,461	5,502,825
Operations	79,406,435	76,561,593
Life Safety	3,658,748	3,822,152
Grants and donations	2,216,992	2,314,367
Interest/Principal and other costs	669,508	738,658
Total expenses	88,270,144	88,939,593
Change in net position	17,966,213	8,526,769
Net position-Beginning of Year	86,755,555	78,228,786
Net position-End of Year	\$ 104,721,768	\$ 86,755,555

Governmental Activities Revenue by Source



Governmental Activities Expense by Program



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the West Metro Fire Protection District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the West Metro Fire Protection District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the West Metro Fire Protection District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the West Metro Fire Protection District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$55,366,050 an increase of \$8,362,688 reflecting current year activity for 2022. Of the total reported fund balances \$1,322,322 is in a non-spendable form, \$3,193,164 is restricted for emergencies and debt service. The general fund balance of the governmental funds presents restricted funds of \$2,863,605 for TABOR emergency reserves. \$329,559 was restricted for debt service. Additionally, the board of directors has assigned \$2,694,236 to capital projects.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the West Metro Fire Protection District. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unrestricted fund balance for the general fund was \$48,173,170. The unrestricted fund balance includes an operating reserve for unforeseen increase in expenses or loss of revenue. The District sets aside 16% of total annual revenue of the general fund in the form of operating reserve. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned general fund balance represents 54% of total general fund expenditures, while total governmental fund balance of \$55,366,050 represents 57% of the total governmental fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the West Metro Fire Protection District's general fund increased by \$7,942,807 during the current fiscal year for a total of \$52,343,241. The key factors in this net increase are as follows:

General fund revenues totaling \$97,310,764, increased by \$8,744,683 compared to 2021. This is mostly due to \$6,101,322 increase in property tax revenue. A reappraisal of values for tax year 2021 collected in 2022 has shown a 10% increase in taxable properties. The tax collection rate by the counties also improved from 98% of the budget in 2021 to 100% in 2022. Other major factors for the increase in general fund revenues were the EMS revenue and intergovernmental grants which increased by a total of \$3,796,467. The increase in EMS revenue was mainly due to the \$1,345,000 increase in reimbursements from the Colorado EMS supplemental payment program. And the increase in intergovernmental grants mostly came from the \$1,773,827 HRSA provider relief fund that the District received in 2022.

General Fund expenditures totaling \$84,789,190 increased by \$3,782,112 compared to 2021. The main factors that drove up the operating expenses were the increase in salary and benefit due to COLA adjustments and new hires in 2022. Another factor for higher expenses in 2022 was rising commodity prices caused by supply chain disruptions and growing demands. Costs for maintenance and other contractual services also went up in 2022. The District budgeted and maintained strict expenditure control that contributed to the increase in the overall fund balance.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District uses budgetary control in its accounting system to ensure compliance with the annual appropriated amounts. The Board of Directors may revise the budget from time to time and the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents both the original and final budget for the year. The budget lapses at year-end. The general fund budget remained unchanged from the original appropriated general fund budget for 2022.

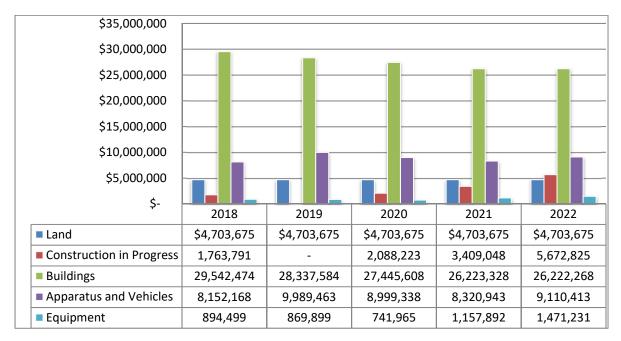
In 2022, the revenue budget for the District's general fund was \$89,121,605 and the expense budget was \$90,623,137. Compared to 2022 budget, actual general fund revenues were \$7,943,916 higher than the budget. This is mostly due to revenues from the EMS Medicaid supplemental payment program which exceeded expectation by \$2,341,385, and the non-budgeted \$1,773,827 from HRSA grant and \$1,804,529 reimbursements for the District's wildland deployments. Actual general expenses for 2022 were \$1,255,180 lower than the budget mostly due to salary and benefit savings from attrition and the District's conservative budgeting and cost control. Overall, the net change in fund balance for the general fund reported a positive budget variance of \$9,199,096.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The West Metro Fire Protection District's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of December 31, 2022 amounts to \$32,542,844 (net of accumulated depreciation and debt funding). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, apparatus, vehicles, equipment, and construction in progress. The net change in the West Metro Fire Protection District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year showed \$5,749,290 increase, mostly from advance orders of two fire apparatus and four ambulances as well as several construction and renovations projects at various facilities. The debt financing related to capital assets decreased by \$2,383,764. The district also implemented GASB 87 in the current reporting period which increased the leased right-to-use (RTU) assets by \$303,155.

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					
	2022		2021			
Land	\$ 4,703,675	\$	4,703,675			
Construction in Progress	5,672,825		3,409,048			
Buildings	26,222,268		26,223,328			
Apparatus and Vehicles	9,110,413		8,320,943			
Equipment	1,471,231		1,157,892			
Total	\$ 47,180,412	\$	43,814,886			



Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements section on pages 49 and 50 of this report.

General Obligation (GO) Debt Service Fund

The District maintains a fund to account for the repayment of general obligation debt. Tax revenue for debt service totaled \$3,130,427 in 2022. The beginning fund balance and revenue for the debt service were sufficient to pay principal of \$2,495,000, and interest and administrative costs of \$695,886. Property taxes are levied each year in sufficient amount to fund the current year debt service. The \$329,559 fund balance as of December 31, 2022 for the GO debt service represents restricted fund balance that will be available to pay part of the general obligation debt in 2023.

General Obligation Bonds. A Bond Ballot election was held in May 2006 authorizing the West Metro Fire Protection District to issue a total of \$43 million in general obligation bonds. Issuance of all bonds was completed in 2007. Repayment of the bonds is through

increased mill levy with taxes increased by up to \$ 3.16 million annually. Bond issuance was for the repair and replacement of facilities to include fire stations, the purchase of land and buildings, procurement of firefighting equipment and apparatus.

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016: On April 6, 2016, the District issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds of \$5,890,000 to refund the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2007. Bonds are in denominations of \$5,000 each and bear interest at a range from 2% to 4%. Interest is due semiannually on June 1 and December 1. Such bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity. Principal payments are due beginning December 1, 2016 and each year thereafter to 2027.

The refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the carrying amount of the old debt. This difference, reported in the statement of net position as a deferred outflow of resources, is amortized over the new debt's life or the refunded debt, whichever is shorter. The refunding was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments over the next 11 years and resulted in a net present value savings of \$822,636.

General Obligation Bond Refunding Series 2013: On April 2013, the District issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds of \$22,970,000 and refunded 21,885,000 of the 2006A and B Series bonds. \$20,125,000 of par was refunded on the 2006A Series and \$1,760,000 of par was refunded on the 2006B Series. Principal matures annually in varying amounts ranging \$1,320,000 to \$2,720,000. Bond debt service on this refunding matures in 2026 with interest varying from 2% to 4%. Total debt service of the Refunding Series 2013 is \$30,432,137 with 78.19% of the 2006A and B series refunded through this transaction.

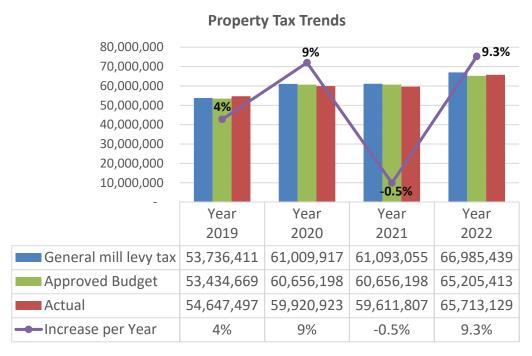
Additional information on the District's long-term obligations can be found in notes to the financial statements section on pages 51 to 53 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

Historically, property taxes, which are the District's major source of revenue, have been a relatively stable source of income generating approximately 70% of the total general fund revenue over the years. The District has managed revenues generated from property taxes with a prudent approach which aligns with its strategic plan and priorities. As part of its financial plan and budget process the District also continues to implement strict expenditure control while maintaining a high level of service and ensuring long-term financial sustainability. Property tax collections in 2022, which are based on 2020 assessments, showed an increase of \$6,101,322 mainly due to a 10% increase in property values from the 2020 revaluation. The tax collection rate in 2022 has also improved from the decline in 2021 caused by the economic hardship following the COVID pandemic. While the District anticipates no significant change in its property tax revenue in 2023 as it continues to collect taxes based on 2020 revaluation, the recently emerging changes in Colorado state legislations may potentially have a negative impact on future property tax revenues for the District. The most recently enacted Colorado senate bill SB23-303, if approved in the November 2023 election, may potentially reduce the property taxes for residential and nonresidential properties for the next 10 years starting budget year 2024.

The District will continue to monitor the trends in property taxes and other revenue sources and remain mindful of future implications in its short- and long-term financial plans. As part of its revenue diversification efforts, the District has taken measures including applying for Federal grants and other contractual services which generated an additional \$7.5 million revenue in 2022.

In November 2022, the District certified mill levies on valuations for the 2023 budget year. Certified assessed values for the 2023 budget year showed no significant change compared to 2022 due to a non-revaluation year. Real property value in Colorado is determined on a two-year cycle for tax purposes. The reappraisal done in 2020 covers tax years 2021 and 2022. Since property owners in Colorado pay tax in arrears, the property tax revenue the District anticipates to collect in 2023 will be for the tax year 2022.



The local economy continued to show positive signs of recovery in 2022 following the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. However, many challenges remain with supply chain disruptions, shortages in the labor market, inflation, and the rising demand for emergency services. Some key and recent economic indicators taken into consideration for the 2023 budget year and beyond include:

• **Population Growth:** The Denver Metro population growth has consistently outpaced the national rate. According to Metro Denver Economic Development Corporation, the metro area had a 1.3% annual population growth rate over the last decade. By 2030 the population in the metro area is anticipated to increase to more than 3.6 million from its current level of around 3 million. The rise in aging population and high density in the urban areas continues to put pressure on emergency services. The District responded to 41,234 incidents in 2022, majority of which were EMS calls.

- Housing Market: Even though the limited inventory in the housing market continues to keep prices up in the metro area, recent trends have shown some cooling off in the market mostly due to rising mortgage rates and inflation. In both Jefferson and Douglas Counties, where the District is located, home values in 2022 rose by around 8% compared to 2021, selling for an average price of \$661,473. According to the recent 2023 Zillow report the average home values in the Jefferson and Douglas counties have shown a decline of 4% compared to 2022. In addition to a slowdown in prices, listed homes are now staying longer on the market before going under contract. Despite the recent trends, the Denver area home values are projected to remain among the highest in the nation.
- **Labor Market:** The unemployment rate in the Denver metro area dropped to 3.4% in October 2022, down from 5.4% around the same time last year. While the job gains show positive signs of recovery, the tight labor market continues to be a challenge with many employers competing to hire and retain skilled workers.
- Inflation: Another major concern of the economy is inflation. According to the U.S Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), the Consumer Price Index for the Denver-Aurora-Lakewood area rose 6.9% between November 2021 and 2022, which is in pace with the U.S index that showed a 7.1% increase over that same period. Food and housing prices continue to be the major drivers of inflation in the Denver metro area.

The District has developed and implemented an innovative plan to ensure the District's long term financial sustainability through its comprehensive fund balance policy and its strategic approach to analyzing reserves based on risk factors that are specific to the District's economic and financial situation. The District also maintains a conservative approach in budgeting to minimize the possibility of economic fluctuations. Through its prudent fiscal management and planning, the District was able to establish an adequate and stable fund balance foundation for future obligations.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the West Metro Fire Protection District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to Bruk Mulaw, Finance Director at West Metro Fire Protection District, 433 South Allison Parkway, Lakewood, CO 80226.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,610,063
Investments	50,566,403
Property tax receivable	70,226,004
Other receivables (net of allowance)	4,189,071
Accrued interest receivable	110,796
Lease receivables	10,695,318
Prepaid expense	1,322,322
Inventories	722,008
Net pension asset	26,759,759
Capital assets, not depreciated	10,376,500
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	36,500,757
Leased RTU assets, net of accumulated amortization	303,155
Total Assets	222,382,156
Deferred Outflows Of Resources	
Deferred charge on refunding, net	1,404,678
Deferred outflow - pensions	15,667,236
Total Deferred Outflows Of Resources	17,071,914
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,475,349
Payroll liabilities	1,941,135
Accrued interest payable	48,368
Noncurrent liabilities:	•
Due within one year	4,573,681
Due in more than one year	25,733,040
Net pension liability, due in more than one year	2,541,098
Total Liabilities	37,312,671
Deferred Inflows Of Resources	
Deferred inflows - property taxes	70,226,004
Deferred inflows - leases	10,450,075
Deferred inflows - pensions	16,743,552
Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources	97,419,631
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	32,542,844
Restricted for:	,
Emergency	2,863,605
Debt service	329,559
Unrestricted	68,985,760
Total Net Position	\$ 104,721,768

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

			Program l	Revenues		(Ex	et Revenue pense) And hanges In et Position
			Charges For	Operati	ng Grants		
Function/Program	Expenses		Services	And Con	tributions		Total
Governmental Activities							
Administration	\$ 2,318,461	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(2,318,461)
Operations	79,406,435		27,439,867		_		(51,966,568)
Life safety	3,658,748		943,677		_		(2,715,071)
USAR and community outreach	2,216,992		_		4,137,036		1,920,044
Interest	669,508						(669,508)
Total	\$ 88,270,144	\$	28,383,544	\$	4,137,036		(55,749,564)
		General	Revenues				
		Propert	y and sales tax	es			68,843,556
		Specific	ownership tax	es			4,935,884
		Investm	nent loss				(91,121)
		Loss on	disposal of cap	ital assets			(29,526)
		Other is	ncome				56,984
		Total	General Revo	enues			73,715,777
		Change	In Net Positio	n			17,966,213
		Net Posi	tion, Beginniı	ng Of Year			86,755,555
		Net Posi	tion, End Of Y	Zear		\$	104,721,768

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2022

Assets

	 General Fund	GO Debt Service Fund	Other Govern- mental Funds	Total Govern- mental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,610,063	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 10,610,063
Investments	40,249,367	329,559	2,694,236	43,273,162
Receivables (net of allowance):				
Emergency medical	1,418,971		_	1,418,971
County treasurer	315,427		_	315,427
Property taxes	67,023,222	3,202,782	_	70,226,004
Accrued interest	110,796	_	_	110,796
Other receivables	1,014,393	_	1,300,515	2,314,908
Lease receivables	10,695,318	_	_	10,695,318
Prepaid items	1,306,466	_	15,856	1,322,322
Due from other funds	1,077,202			1,077,202
Total Assets	\$ 133,821,225	\$ 3,532,341	\$ 4,010,607	\$ 141,364,173

Liabilities, Deferred Inflows Of Resources And Fund Balances

Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	2,118,322	\$	_	\$	154,754	\$	2,273,076
Payroll liabilities	,	1,821,096	,	_	,	50,644	,	1,871,740
Due to other funds		65,269				1,111,959		1,177,228
Total Liabilities		4,004,687		_		1,317,357		5,322,044
Deferred Inflows Of Resources								
Property tax		67,023,222		3,202,782		_		70,226,004
Leases		10,450,075		_		_		10,450,075
Total Deferred Inflows								
Of Resources		77,473,297		3,202,782				80,676,079
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items		1,306,466		_		15,856		1,322,322
Restricted for:								
Emergencies		2,863,605						2,863,605
Debt service		_		329,559		_		329,559
Assigned:								
Capital projects		_		_		2,694,236		2,694,236
Unassigned		48,173,170		_		(16,842)		48,156,328
Total Fund Balances		52,343,241		329,559		2,693,250		55,366,050
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
Of Resources And Fund Balances	\$	133,821,225	\$	3,532,341	\$	4,010,607	\$	141,364,173

RECONCILIATION OF THE TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2022

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 55,366,050
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets and RTU assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements, but are reported in the governmental activities of the statement of net position. Governmental capital assets	\$ 44,442,367	
Governmental leased RTU assets Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	378,944 (23,595,240)	21,226,071
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of vehicle and apparatus rent to individual funds and functions. These assets of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. Internal service fund capital assets	54,150,695	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(28, 196, 354)	25,954,341
Some liabilities, such as compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statements but are in the governmental activities in the statement of net position. Compensated absences		(14,264,475)
Some assets and liabilities, such as pensions, are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statements but are in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.		
Net pension asset Net pension liability Deferred outflows - pensions		26,759,759 (2,541,098) 15,667,236
Deferred inflows - pensions		(16,743,552)
Some assets and liabilities such as bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statements but are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.		
Bonds payable Unamortized premiums		(14,195,000) (1,148,913)
Lease liability Equipment note Accrued interest payable		(296,433) (401,900) (48,368)
Deferred amount on refunding		1,404,678
The assets and liabilities, net of capital assets, of internal service funds		
are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.	-	7,983,372
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 104,721,768

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	General Fund	GO Debt Service Fund	Other Govern- mental Funds	Total Govern- mental Funds
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 65,713,129	\$ 3,130,427	\$ _	\$ 68,843,556
Specific ownership taxes	4,935,884	_	_	4,935,884
Permit fees	943,677	_	_	943,677
Intergovernmental grants	1,961,576	_	2,175,460	4,137,036
Emergency medical services	17,650,720	_	_	17,650,720
Contractual income	6,279,254	_	_	6,279,254
Investment income (loss)	(230,460)	_	35,739	(194,721)
Other	56,984	_	_	56,984
Total Revenues	97,310,764	3,130,427	2,211,199	102,652,390
Expenditures Current: General government:				
Administrations	8,467,533	45,886	_	8,513,419
Operations	72,341,015	10,000	_	72,341,015
Life safety	3,684,589	_	_	3,684,589
CO-TF1 urban search and rescue	0,001,000	_	2,107,357	2,107,357
Capital outlay		_	2,202,269	2,202,269
Debt service:			2,202,200	2,202,200
Principal	273,522	2,495,000	_	2,768,522
Interest	22,531	650,000	_	672,531
Total Expenditures	84,789,190	3,190,886	4,309,626	92,289,702
Excess (Deficiency) Of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	12,521,574	(60,459)	(2,098,427)	10,362,688
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	11,676		2,578,767	2,590,443
Transfers in Transfers out	(4,590,443)		2,515,101	(4,590,443)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,578,767)	<u>_</u> _	2,578,767	(2,000,000)
Net Change In Fund Balances	7,942,807	(60,459)	480,340	8,362,688
Fund Balances - Beginning	44,400,434	390,018	2,212,910	47,003,362
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 52,343,241	\$ 329,559	\$ 2,693,250	\$ 55,366,050

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net Change In Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 8,362,688

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay 2,052,912 Depreciation and amortization (1,388,656)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities internally to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the statement of activities when earned.

 Capital outlay
 4,490,312

 Depreciation
 (2,126,137)

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., dispositions, adjustments) is to increase net position.

(41,849)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:

Principal payment	2,495,000
Principal payment on equipment note	191,011
Principal payment on lease liabilities	82,511
Bond premium amortization	268,899
Deferred refunding amortization	(274,713)
Accrued interest	8 837

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Compensated absences (388,746)
Pension benefit 6,459,553

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities internally to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

(2,225,409)

Change In Net Position Of Governmental Activities

\$ 17,966,213

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Assets	
Current assets:	
Investments	\$ 7,293,241
Receivables	139,765
Inventory - parts	722,008
Due from other funds	100,026
Total Current Assets	8,255,040
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Construction in progress	3,967,996
Land	3,266,500
Buildings	9,819,060
Equipment	215,361
Apparatus and vehicles	8,685,424
Total Noncurrent Assets	25,954,341
Total Assets	34,209,381
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	202,273
Payroll liabilities	69,395
Total Liabilities	271,668
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	25,954,341
Unrestricted	7,983,372
Total Net Position	\$ 33,937,713

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues	
Charges of sales and services	\$ 3,335,465
Apparatus rental	174,428
Total Operating Revenues	3,509,893
Operating Expenses	
Depreciation	2,126,137
Cost of sales and services	3,360,913
Total Operating Expenses	5,487,050
Operating Loss	(1,977,157)
Nonoperating Revenues	
Interest	103,600
Loss on sale of capital assets	(29,526)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	74,074
Loss Before Transfers	(1,903,083)
Transfers	
Transfers in	2,000,000
Change In Net Position	96,917
Total Net Position - Beginning	33,840,796
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 33,937,713

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

		vernmental Activities Internal vice Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		vice i unus
Cash received from customers	\$	772,288
Cash received from interfund services provided	Ψ	2,822,932
Cash paid to suppliers		(1,751,303)
Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees		(2,098,301)
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities		(254,384)
Cash Flows Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities		
Transfers in		2,000,000
Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities		
Purchase of capital assets		(4,490,312)
Proceeds from sale of property		12,323
Net Cash Used By Financing Activities		(4,477,989)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Sales of investments		2,818,111
Purchases of investments		(189, 338)
Interest received		103,600
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities		2,732,373
Change In Cash And Cash Equivalents		_
Cash And Cash Equivalents - Beginning Of Year		
Cash And Cash Equivalents - End Of Year	\$	
Operating Loss	\$	(1,977,157)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to	·	, , , ,
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization		2,126,137
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Inventories		(191,223)
Accounts receivable		127,804
Accounts payable		(324,946)
Payroll liabilities		(14,999)
Total Adjustments		1,722,773
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	\$	(254, 384)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2022

	Pension Trust Fund
	Wheat Ridge Fire
	Protection District
	Pension Fund
Assets	
Investments:	
Common stocks	\$ 1,001,784
US instrumentalities	378,575
Corporate bonds	876,650
Alternative investments	261,146
Money market funds	233,416
Total Investments	2,751,571
Net Position	
Restricted for pensions	\$ 2,751,571

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Pension Tr	Pension Trust Fund	
	Wheat R	Wheat Ridge Fire Protection District	
	Protection		
	Pens	Pension Fund	
Additions			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$	25,000	
Nonemployer contributing entity		22,500	
Investment earnings:			
Interest and dividend income		63,731	
Total Additions		111,231	
Deductions			
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		251,100	
Administrative expenses		24,564	
Net realized and unrealized losses on investments		458,881	
Total Deductions		734,545	
Change In Fiduciary Net Position		(623,314)	
Total Net Position - Beginning		3,374,885	
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	2,751,571	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

1. Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The West Metro Fire Protection District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation, is governed, pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act, by a seven-member Board of Directors (the Board). The Board members are elected at large to represent specific districts within the District's boundaries. The District's service area is located in Jefferson and Douglas Counties, Colorado. The District was established to provide fire protection, paramedic and other rescue services.

The Board appoints the Fire Chief of the District. The activities under the purview of the Fire Chief are within the scope of the reporting entity, and the Fire Chief is accountable to the Board for the activities being managed.

For financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units in defining the District. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit is the District's ability to exercise significant operational control or financial accountability over the potential component unit. Financial relationship or operational control is determined on the basis of the District's obligation to fund deficits, responsibility for debt, budgetary authority, fiscal management, selection of governing authority and/or management and the ability to significantly influence operations.

The District is the primary special purpose government responsible for all fire protection within its service areas. As a result, all significant activities have been included in the basic financial statements. The District's financial statements represent those of a stand-alone government, as there are no component units.

The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units.

Government-Wide And Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on the activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, if applicable, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Indirect expenses are allocated to functional areas in the statement of activities based on the utilization of each program relative to the total expense. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting And Basis Of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the year in which the resources become measurable and available. Available means that the resources are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers most revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Emergency medical service fees are considered available if they are collected within 6 months of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, permit fees, emergency medical service fees, reimbursement for incidents and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service funds are charges to various General Fund functions for rental of vehicles and apparatus. Additionally, the District's internal service funds charge maintenance costs to various fund functions, and the training center charges the General Fund for facility and class rental for training purposes. Operating expenses for the internal service funds include the depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It represents all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds. Additionally, the *Mobile Integrated Health Services Fund* is a sub-fund included in the General Fund. The Mobile Integrated Health Services Fund is used to provide cost-effective, in-place treatment to patients that have activated 911, when it is determined that they require immediate medical attention.

The other major governmental fund is the *General Obligation Debt Service Fund* (the GO Debt Service Fund), which is used to account for the collection of taxes and payment of principal and interest for general obligation debt.

Nonmajor governmental funds include the *Capital Projects Fund* and the *Colorado Task Force One Special Revenue Fund* (the CO-TF1 Special Revenue Fund). The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment. The CO-TF1 Special Revenue Fund is used to account for grant activities of Colorado Task Force One.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District. The Apparatus and Vehicle Replacement Fund accounts for rental of apparatus and other vehicles and functions on a cost-reimbursement basis. The rental rates are set to accumulate resources adequate to replace fire apparatus and other vehicles at expected future replacement cost. The Fleet Maintenance Fund accounts for user charges for fleet maintenance that are charged to various divisions of the fire department and outside agencies. The Training Center Fund accounts for the rental of the training facility to both the District and outside users for training and meeting space on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Colorado Metropolitan Certification Board (CMCB) Licensing Fund is used to provide the member departments and their firefighters a professional, dependable and equitable certification process.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The Wheat Ridge Fire Protection District Pension Fund (WRFPDPF) is accounted for as a fiduciary fund in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities.

Assets, Deferred Outflows Of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows Of Resources And Net Position

Deposits And Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisitions.

Investments, excluding the local government investment pool, which is measured at amortized cost, are measured at fair value in accordance with the GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application.

Receivables And Payables

The activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either due to or due from other funds.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

All emergency medical receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The District's estimate is based on historical collection experience and review of the current composition of the emergency medical receivables, as well as the current economic climate.

Property taxes are levied on or before December 15th of each year and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st of the succeeding year. Taxes are payable either in full on April 30th or in two installments due on February 28th and June 15th. The counties bill and collect their own property taxes as well as property taxes of all other taxing authorities within the respective county. Distribution of taxes to the various taxing entities, including the District, is made by the 10th of every month following the month of collection.

Property taxes levied are recorded in governmental funds as taxes receivable and deferred inflow of resources as of December 31, 2022 since the amounts are levied and measurable but not available until 2023. Property tax abatements are recorded as an offset to property tax revenues when they are paid. An allowance for uncollectible property taxes is not provided as the amounts are determined to be negligible based on an analysis of historical trends.

Deferred Outflows And Inflows Of Resources

Deferred Outflows Of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheets will sometimes include a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflow of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period or periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until then.

A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Also, a deferred outflow related to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* (GASB 68), has been recorded which consists of three components: 1) contributions subsequent to measurement date, 2) change in investment earnings and 3) change in proportionate share of the net pension liability.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Deferred Inflows Of Resources - In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial net position and governmental funds balance sheets will sometimes include a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflow of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until then. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, the District has recorded certain receivables where the related revenue is unavailable.

Unavailable revenues have been reported as deferred inflows of resources on the governmental fund balance sheet. On the government-wide financial statements, the District has recorded certain receivables where the related revenue is deferred. Deferred revenues that have not met eligibility requirements related to timing have been reported as deferred inflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements. Deferred revenue for property taxes results from the accrual of property taxes levied for the following year. This revenue will be recognized in the year for which it is levied. Also, deferred inflows related to GASB 68 have been recorded, which consist of similar components as the deferred outflows and changes in experience.

Inventories And Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventory reported in the government-wide statements include the fleet parts inventory. Inventories not considered significant are recorded as expenditures in governmental funds when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses or items in the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements, respectively. Prepaid expenses/items of the District consist of expenditures related to equipment maintenance contracts. Prepaid expenses/items are valued at cost and will be appropriately recognized using the consumption method, in the benefiting period.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized at historical cost as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized for primary government capital assets. Depreciation of capital assets under construction is not recognized until construction is completed.

As used in this section, the term *depreciation* (and related forms of the term) includes amortization of intangible assets. Property, plant and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line half-year convention method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	30
Fire apparatus	15
Ambulances	7
Staff vehicles	7
Equipment	5

Compensated Absences

The District has a policy that allows some groups of employees to accumulate unused compensatory and/or sick leave benefits up to certain maximum hours. A liability has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The District's vacation policy requires vacation earned in the current year to be taken in the subsequent year. All vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements.

A liability for all compensated absences is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation and retirements, or are otherwise contractually required to be paid from available resources. Furthermore, the District shall pay directly into an employee's Retiree Health Savings Plan (the RHS Plan) or 457 retirement half of the accrued hours less than 864 hours of the employee's sick leave bank at the employee's then-current hourly rate, provided that: (1) the employee has served at least 5 years with the District and (2) the separation from employment with the District is not due to dismissal for cause or resignation in lieu of such dismissal for cause.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Leases

As of January 1, 2022, the beginning of the period of adoption, the District has implemented the provisions of GASB 87, Leases. For arrangements where the District is a lessee, a lease liability and a right-to-use (RTU) intangible asset are recognized at the commencement of the lease term. RTU assets represent the District's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the District's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. RTU assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the estimated present value of the lease payments over the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The RTU asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs, and is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. RTU assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

For arrangements in which the District is the lessor, a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources is recognized at the commencement of the lease term, on both the fund which is expected to receive the lease payments, and on the government-wide statement. The deferred inflows of resources are measured at the value of the lease receivable plus any payments received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relates to future periods.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term and (3) lease payments:

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses an estimated incremental borrowing rate, that represents the rate at which it could borrow funds for a term equivalent to the lease agreements, as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities and internal service fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premium and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as an other financing source while discounts on debt issuances are reported as an other financing use. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balance

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. For the classification of fund balance, the District considers amounts to have been spent when the expenditure is incurred for purposes for which fund balance is both available and can be used. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the fund balances of the District are classified into the following categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, including items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts where constraints have been placed on the use of resources which are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, (b) laws or regulations of other governments or (c) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Board through Board resolution. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board changes the specified use by taking the same type of formal action it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the funds have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent that they be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. The District's Comprehensive Fund Balance Policy has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes to the Fire Chief. Management plans, enacted at the command staff level, will be considered constraints for the purpose of determining assigned fund balance.

Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned. The District maintains a policy to use restricted amounts first, then committed, then assigned and finally unassigned as they are needed. For governmental funds, the General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive balance in unassigned fund balance. Therefore, this residual category includes resources whose use is limited, but not for a purpose narrower than the purpose of the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance should be utilized for one-time expenditures, and care should be taken in utilizing unassigned fund balance.

The Board reorganized its fund reserve policy in December of 2015 to reserve fund balances for multi-year obligations approved by the Board, annually. The District also recognizes that ending fund balance must be sufficient to cover the District's operating expenses until property taxes are received from each county treasurer. Spending from these categories is based on a comprehensive fund balance policy designating the authority whereby these funds may be accessed.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of net capital assets, less outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and any deferred outflows of resources related to those assets. Net position are reported restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District retirement plans and additions to/deductions from the District's retirement plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District's retirement plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The District contributes to the Statewide Death and Disability Plan (SWD&DP), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit death and disability plan administered by the Fire & Police Pension Association of Colorado (FPPA). The plan is funded by member contributions or contributions made on behalf of members. The District has no requirement to contribute to the plan and does not receive contributions from a nonemployer entity.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

2. Stewardship, Compliance And Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP for all governmental and internal service funds. Annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

On or before July 15, all department heads submit requests for appropriations to the Chief of the Department. Before October 15, the Chief presents the proposed balanced budget to the Board. A public hearing is held by the Board in November to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to December 15, the Board legally adopts the budget through passage of a resolution. The mill levy must be certified to the County Commissioners of each county by December 15.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level. Expenditures for each governmental fund may not legally exceed the budgeted expenditures at the individual fund level. The Board must approve any revisions that alter the total appropriation of any fund through a supplemental appropriation resolution. The government's transfers of appropriations within and between departments require approval of the Fire Chief.

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents And Investments

Cash, cash equivalents and investments included in governmental activities at December 31, 2022 consisted of the following:

Cash,	Cash	Equiva	lents A	\mathbf{And}	Invest	ments
-------	------	---------------	---------	----------------	--------	-------

Deposits	\$ 10,610,063
Investments	50,566,403
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents And Investments	\$ 61,176,466

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Cash, cash equivalents and investments at December 31, 2022 reported in government-wide and the fiduciary fund consisted of the following:

Cash, Cash Equivalents And Investments	
Governmental activities Pension trust fund	\$ 61,176,466 2,751,571
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents And Investments	\$ 63,928,037

Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of the required Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the FDIC) insurance level amount, as promulgated by the Colorado Division of Banking, must be collateralized. The District has adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that parallels Colorado statutes. The eligible collateral is specified by PDPA.

PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The fair value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. The State Regulatory Commissions for banks and savings and loan associations are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools. As of December 31, 2022, \$12,426,889 is collateralized in accordance with PDPA.

On-demand deposits include an account that has sweep provisions operating nightly. Balances in excess of \$170,000 are swept overnight into money market investments and swept back again at the beginning of the day. As these are investments with a period of less than 24 hours, they have been included in cash and demand deposits. The amount in excess of balances swept nightly as of December 31, 2022 is \$3,230,585 and is included in the amounts collateralized.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2022, the District's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk, as all deposits were insured by the FDIC or collateralized in accordance with PDPA.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Investments

Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.) and the District's deposit and investment policy permit District funds to be invested in the following types of securities and transactions:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- Bankers' acceptance of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market mutual funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

Interest Rate Risk - As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from prevailing market interest rates, the District's investment policy states that the final maturity of securities shall not exceed five years from the date of purchase. The performance of the portfolio is compared to the average yield on the U.S. Treasury security that most closely corresponds to the portfolio's weighted average effective maturity.

Credit Risk - The District's investment policy is to apply the prudent person rule where investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act. The District's investment policy limits investments in fixed income securities to U.S. Treasury obligations, federal agency securities, federal instrumentality securities, commercial paper, money market funds and Colorado public investment pools. The investment policy limits investments in commercial paper to be rated AI/PI by at least one nationally recognized rating agency at the time of purchase. Money market funds must be registered as an investment company.

Concentration Of Credit Risk - The District's investment policy does not limit investments in any one issuer nor does it limit the concentration. Certain investments at December 31, 2022 are held in six different types of government agency debentures with 1.82% in a New York State Dormitory Authority, 7.38% held in Federal Farm Credit Bank, 4.72% held in Freddie Mac, 2.28% held in Fannie Mae Discount Notes, 7.07% held in Federal Home Loan Bank and 4.70% held in Gwinnett County Georgia Development Authority Discount Notes. Additionally, the District has 0.68% in a money market fund and 4.85% in corporate bonds. The remainder of the District's investments are held by the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund (CSAFE).

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

At December 31, 2022, the District had an investment held by CSAFE. CSAFE is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. CSAFE operates similarly to a money market fund, and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. CSAFE is valued at amortized cost. The designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to CSAFE in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions of CSAFE. All securities owned by CSAFE are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by CSAFE.

CSAFE maintains a Standard & Poor's principal stability fund rating of AAAm. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing CSAFE. CSAFE financial statements may be obtained at www.csafe.org.

The District's investments as of December 31, 2022, were as follows:

			Maturities			
	S&P/Moody	Fair		Less Than		1 To 5
Investment Type	Ratings	Value		1 Year		Years
						·
US instrumentalities	Aaa	\$ 10,848,482	\$	3,079,307	\$	7,769,175
Municipal bond	Aaa	3,295,452		_		3,295,452
Corporate bonds	Aa3	2,453,382		492,792		1,960,590
Wells Fargo money market	AAAm	344,956		344,956		_
Local governmental investment pools	AAAm/Aaa	33,624,131		33,624,131		
Investments		\$ 50,566,403	\$	37,541,186	\$	13,025,217

The District has the following fair value measurements as of December 31, 2022:

	Fair Value	Allocation
US instrumentalities	\$ 10,848,482	21.45%
Municipal bond	3,295,452	6.52%
Corporate bonds	2,453,382	4.85%
Money market funds	344,956	0.68%
Local governmental investment pools	33,624,131	66.50%
Total Investments	\$ 50,566,403	100%

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

The District utilizes an established framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the plan has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets
 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. All Level 2 investments held by the District are valued using the matrix pricing model.

	De	cember 31,					
		2022	Level 1	Level 2	Lev	el 3	Total
Total Investments By Fair Value Level							
US instrumentalities	\$	10,848,482	\$ _	\$ 10,848,482	\$	_	\$ 10,848,482
Municipal bonds		3,295,452	_	3,295,452		_	3,295,452
Corporate bonds		2,453,382	_	2,453,382		_	2,453,382
Money market funds		344,956	344,956	_		_	344,956
Total Investments By Fair Value Level		16,942,272	\$ 344,956	\$ 16,597,316	\$	_	\$ 16,942,272
Investments Not Fair Value Level Local governmental investment pool -							
CSAFE - amortized cost		33,624,131					
ODAT E - amortized cost		00,024,101					
Total Investments	\$	50,566,403					

WRFPDPF - Investments

C.R.S. and WRFPDPF's deposit and investment policy permit WRFPDPF's funds to be invested in the following types of securities and transactions:

- Common stocks and equity
- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- Bankers' acceptance of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market mutual funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools
- Commodities and alternative investments

Interest Rate Risk - As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from prevailing market interest rates, WRFPDPF's investment policy states that the final maturity of securities shall not exceed five years from the date of purchase. The performance of the portfolio is compared to the average yield on the U.S. Treasury security that most closely corresponds to the portfolio's weighted average effective maturity.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Credit Risk - WRFPDPF's investment policy is to apply the prudent person rule where investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act. WRFPDPF's investment policy limits investments in fixed income securities to U.S. Treasury obligations, federal agency securities, federal instrumentality securities, commercial paper, money market funds, Colorado public investment pools and certain other alternative investments. The investment policy limits investments in commercial paper to be rated AI/PI by at least one nationally recognized rating agency at the time of purchase. Money market funds must be registered as an investment company.

Concentration Of Credit Risk - WRFPDPF's investment policy does not limit investments in any one issuer nor does it limit the concentration. See fair value measurement table for allocation and concentration of WRFPDPF's investment portfolio.

WRFPDPF's investments as of December 31, 2022 were as follows:

			Maturities			
	S&P/Moody	Fair -	Le	ss Than		1 To 5
Investment Type	Ratings	Value		1 Year		Years
Common stocks	N/A	\$ 1,001,784		N/A		N/A
US instrumentalities	Aaa	378,575	\$	_	\$	378,575
Corporate bonds	Aa3	876,650		98,988		777,662
Money market fund	AAAm/Aaa	233,416		233,416		_
Alternative investments	N/A	261,146				261,146
Investments		\$ 2,751,571	\$	332,404	\$	1,417,383

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

WRFPDPF uses the same framework for measuring fair value as the District, which is the established by GAAP as noted previously. The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. All Level 2 investments held by WRFPDPF are valued using the matrix pricing model.

	Dec	eember 31, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Leve	el 3	Total
Total Investments By Fair Value Level							
Common stocks	\$	1,001,784	\$ 1,001,784	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 1,001,784
US instrumentalities		378,575	_	378,575		_	378,575
Corporate bonds		876,650	_	876,650		_	876,650
Money market fund		233,416	233,416	_		_	233,416
Alternative investments		261,146	_	261,146		_	261,146
Total Investments By Fair Value Level	\$	2,751,571	\$ 1,235,200	\$ 1,516,371	\$	_	\$ 2,751,571

4. Receivables

Receivables as of the year end for the government's major funds and nonmajor CO-TF1 Special Revenue Fund and internal service funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows at December 31, 2022:

						CO-TF1	-			
		C 1		CO D 14		Special		nternal		
		General		GO Debt		Revenue	,	Service		
Receivables		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Total
	Φ.	0.000.110	Φ.		Φ.				Φ.	0.000.110
Emergency medical	\$	6,386,118	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	6,386,118
Taxes		67,023,222		3,202,782		_				70,226,004
County treasurer		315,427		_		_		_		315,427
Leases		10,695,318		_				_		10,695,318
Intergovernmental grants		_		_		1,300,515		_		1,300,515
Contractual		1,014,393		_		_		139,765		1,154,158
Interest receivable		110,796		_		_		_		110,796
Gross receivables		85,545,274		3,202,782		1,300,515		139,765		90,188,336
Less: Allowance for										
uncollectible		4,967,147		_		_		_		4,967,147
								•		
Net Total Receivables	\$	80,578,127	\$	3,202,782	\$	1,300,515	\$	139,765	\$	85,221,189

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period as a deferred inflow of resources. At the end of the current fiscal year, \$67,023,222 of unavailable property taxes receivable and \$10,450,075 of unavailable lease receivables are reported in the governmental funds.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Lease Receivables

The District has entered into various cell phone tower leases with Verizon, T-Mobile, AT&T and Year Site Tower Holdings, LLC, whereby the District rents out spaces on its property to accommodate broadcast communication towers. These leases at inception have five-year initial terms, with four five-year additional option periods. The leases expire through June 2048, which includes all expected consecutive renewal periods expected to be exercised by the lessees.

On September 21, 2017, the District entered into an office space lease with the Jefferson County Communications Center Authority. The initial term of the lease is for 10 years, with an additional option period of 5 years. It is less then probable that the option period will be exercised, and was therefore excluded from the lease term.

On October 4, 2021, the District entered into a commerceal space lease with Fire-Dex GW, LLC. The term of the lease is for five years, with no additional option years.

Lease principal and interest received during the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$401,477 and \$150,059, respectively. Inflows from these leases that were not included in the original measurement of the receivables, such as variable operating and common area maintenance charges were \$130,376.

Principal and interest expected to maurity of these lease receivables are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 417,573	\$ 160,321	\$ 577,894
2024	451,712	155,060	606,772
2025	472,948	149,434	622,382
2026	479,585	143,516	623,101
2027	404,386	137,684	542,070
2028 - 2032	1,568,742	616,369	2,185,111
2033 - 2037	2,094,417	472,058	2,566,475
2038 - 2042	2,734,203	281,628	3,015,831
2043 - 2046	2,024,775	65,591	2,090,366
2047 - 2048	46,977	229	47,206
	\$ 10,695,318	\$ 2,181,890	\$ 12,877,208

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Do	Balance cember 31,					Do	Balance cember 31,
	De	2021	1	Additions	D	eductions	Dе	2022
Nondepreciable Capital Assets								
Land	\$	4,703,675	\$		\$		\$	4,703,675
Construction in progress		3,409,048		4,536,471		2,272,694		5,672,825
Total Nondepreciable								
Capital Assets		8,112,723		4,536,471		2,272,694		10,376,500
Depreciable Capital Assets								
Buildings		50,435,693		1,540,696				51,976,389
Apparatus and vehicles		25,175,095		2,338,468		873,616		26,639,947
Equipment		9,199,943		400,283		· —		9,600,226
Total Depreciable Capital								
Assets		84,810,731		4,279,447		873,616		88,216,562
								_
Leased RTU Assets								
Equipment		378,944						378,944
Less: Accumulated depreciation and								
amortization:								
Buildings		24,212,365		1,541,756				25,754,121
Apparatus and vehicles		16,854,152		1,507,149		831,767		17,529,534
Equipment		8,042,051		390,099		_		8,432,150
Leased RTU assets		-		75,789		_		75,789
Total Accumulated								
Depreciation And Amortization		49,108,568		3,514,793		831,767		51,791,594
Total Capital And RTU Assets, Net		36,081,107		764,654		41,849		36,803,912
Total Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	44,193,830	\$	5,301,125	\$	2,314,543	\$	47,180,412

As a result of GASB 87 implementation, \$378,944 in equipment leased RTU assets has been added to the beginning balance presented above. As these lease assets are offset by an equal amount of lease liabilities, the District does not report a restatement of beginning net position for the implementation of GASB 87.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows during the year ended December 31, 2022:

Governmental Activities	
Administration	\$ 262,358
Operations	3,139,155
Life safety	248
USAR	113,032
	\$ 3,514,793

6. Interfund Receivables, Payables And Transfers

The following table reflects the District's interfund balances as of December 31, 2022:

Interfund Balances

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Governmental Activities
General Fund	CO-TF1 Special Revenue Fund	\$ 1,011,933
Internal Service Funds	CO-TF1 Special Revenue Fund	100,026
Total		\$ 1,111,959

The General Fund disburses monies and deposits receipts on behalf of all funds of the District. During the year, transfers are used for varying reasons including but not limited to moving revenues to finance various programs that the District must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, transfers for internal services rendered and capital projects.

Interfund Activities

Transfer Out Fund	Transfer In Fund	 Activities
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$ 2,578,767
General Fund	Mobile Integrated Health Services Sub-Fund	11,676
General Fund	Internal Services Funds	2,000,000
Total		\$ 4,590,443

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

7. Lease Liabilities

On December 7, 2005, the District has entered into a lease to place broadcast transmission equipment on an existing broadcast transmission tower. Lease payments are calculated with a base rent of \$723 per frequency pair per month, plus \$792 per month for the microwave dish. Lease term is for a period of 20 years maturing in 2026 with annual adjustments based on a 5% increase or adjusted for the Consumer Price Index, whichever is greater. Lease principal and interest of \$82,511 and \$2,197, respectively, was included in debt service for the General Fund for the year ended December 31, 2022.

The future minimum lease payments and the net present value of these minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		In	terest	Amount	
2023 2024 2025	\$	90,091 98,570 107,772	\$	1,813 1,150 422	\$ 91,904 99,720 108,194	
	\$	296,433	\$	3,385	\$ 299,818	

8. Long-Term Liabilities

Citizens of the District approved a bond ballot issue in May of 2006 to authorize the issuance of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$43 million. Repayment of the bonds is through increased mill levy, with taxes increased by up to \$3.65 million annually. The general obligation bonds were issued for the repair, replacement and equipping of fire stations; the purchase of leased land and buildings; the construction of a training center and the purchase of firefighting equipment. General obligation bonds are the direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2013

In April 2013, the District issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds of \$22,970,000 to refund the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2006A and 2006B. Bonds are in denominations of \$5,000 each and bear interest at a range from 2.0% to 4.0%. Interest is due semiannually on June 1 and December 1. Such bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity. Principal payments were due beginning December 1, 2016 and each year thereafter to 2026. The outstanding balance of the bonds as of December 31, 2022 is \$9,800,000.

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016

On April 6, 2016, the District issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds of \$5,890,000 to refund the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2007. Bonds are in denominations of \$5,000 each and bear interest at a range from 2.0% to 4.0%. Interest is due semiannually on June 1 and December 1. Such bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity. Principal payments were due beginning December 1, 2016 and each year thereafter to 2027. The outstanding balance of the bonds as of December 31, 2022 is \$4,395,000.

Changes In Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

Governmental	De	Balance cember 31,				De	Balance cember 31,	D	Amounts ue Within
Activities		2021	Additions	R	eductions		2022		One Year
General obligation bonds	\$	16,690,000	\$ _	\$	(2,495,000)	\$	14,195,000	\$	2,595,000
Add: Bond premium		1,417,812	_		(268,899)		1,148,913		268,899
Total General Obligation									
Bonds		18,107,812	_		(2,763,899)		15,343,913		2,863,899
Lease liabilities		378,944	_		(82,511)		296,433		90,091
Equipment note		592,911	_		(191,011)		401,900		197,562
Accrued compensated									
absences		13,875,729	1,795,252		(1,406,506)		14,264,475		1,422,129
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Obligations	\$	32,955,396	\$ 1,795,252	\$	(4,443,927)	\$	30,306,721	\$	4,573,681

As a result of implementation of GASB 87, \$378,944 in lease liabilities has been added to the beginning balance presented above. As these lease liabilities are offset by an equal amount of lease assets, the District does not report a restatement of beginning net position for the implementation of GASB 87.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

The District uses the General Fund to pay compensated absences. Additionally, the District uses the General Fund to liquidate pension or OPEB.

General Obligation Bonds

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for all bond issues, including interest of \$2,495,000 are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 2,595,000	\$ 555,700	\$ 3,150,700
2024	2,700,000	454,750	3,154,750
2025	2,800,000	349,750	3,149,750
2026	2,915,000	240,800	3,155,800
2027	3,185,000	127,400	3,312,400
Total	\$ 14,195,000	\$ 1,728,400	\$ 15,923,400

Equipment Note

In 2015, the District entered into an equipment note for two vehicles. The arrangement has yearly debt service payments of \$211,346 beginning in 2015 and continuing until 2024. The following schedule reflects debt service requirements for the equipment note as of December 31, 2022:

Date	P	rincipal	pal Interest			Total
2023 2024	\$	197,562 204,338	\$	13,784 7,008	\$	211,346 211,346
Total	\$	401,900	\$	20,792	\$	422,692

9. Line Of Credit

The District opened a \$2,000,000 line of credit in August of 2009 with FirstBank of Lakewood. This line is maintained for operational needs and matured December 31, 2022. This line was renewed with a current maturity date of December 31, 2023. The line of credit bears interest at the *Wall Street Journal* Prime Rate minus 0.5% (7% at December 31, 2022). To date, this line has never been used and does not hold a balance at December 31, 2022.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

10. The RHS Plan

The District maintains the RHS Plan, a defined contribution health care plan administered by the International City/County Management Association. This plan is similar to other retirement savings plans (401(k) and 457). During 2022, the District contributed \$275 monthly to the plan for each employee, with no matching requirement. Earnings are tax-deferred, and withdrawals are tax-free when used for qualified health expenses. The Board may elect at their discretion to change contribution amounts by the employer. In 2022, employees contributed 1% of their gross wages. Contributions for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 were \$6,027,196.

11. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The District maintains the following plans for defined pension benefits:

- Lakewood Fire Protection District Old Hire Plan (LFPD)
- Bancroft Fire Protection District Old Hire Plan (BFPD)
- West Metro Volunteer Firefighters Pension Plan (the Volunteer Plan)
- WRFPDPF
- FPPA Statewide Defined Benefit Plan (SWDBP)
- FPPA Statewide Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan (SWHDBP)

A summary of pension related items as of December 31, 2022 is presented below.

	N	Net Pension (Asset) Liability	Of	Deferred Outflows Resources	Of	Deferred Inflows Resources	Pension Expense (Benefit)
LFPD	\$	1,065,533	\$	199,140	\$	681,824	\$ 74,403
BFPD		766,513		798,159		_	(164, 336)
The Volunteer Plan		(458,613)		21,604		93,777	(68, 101)
WRFPDPF		709,052		274,603			41,158
SWDPB		(18,625,547)		11,529,389		13,673,200	(2,181,730)
SWHDBP		(7,675,599)		2,844,341		2,294,751	(38,498)
Total	\$	(24,218,661)	\$	15,667,236	\$	16,743,552	\$ (2,337,104)

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

LFPD Old Hire Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Hired Prior To April 8, 1978)

Plan Description

The District's defined benefit pension plan covers firefighters hired prior to April 8, 1978 through LFPD. This affiliated FPPA agent employer plan is closed to new employees. Any changes to the plan's provisions are referred to the membership by the pension's Trustee Board and voted upon. The District's Board ratifies any changes. The District has historically used the General Fund to liquidate any net pension obligation.

Additionally, the firefighters in LFPD are provided with death and disability coverage by a statewide plan administered by FPPA.

Benefits Provided

A firefighter's normal retirement date shall be the date on which he has attained 50 years of age and completed 20 years of service. Any firefighter who elects to retire on or after his normal retirement date shall be eligible for a monthly pension equal to one-half of his final monthly salary at the date of his retirement. For each year of service over 20 years and before reaching age 50, the firefighter shall receive an additional 1% benefit for a maximum additional benefit of 10%. For each full year a member continues working past eligibility for normal retirement, a member's benefit will increase by 4% of his final monthly salary to a total maximum benefit of 74%. This benefit is effective only for additional service after January 1, 1992. In lieu of a monthly pension, members may elect to receive retirement benefits as an actuarially equivalent lump sum benefit. This lump sum benefit will include the value of the postretirement surviving spouse's benefit.

Members Covered By Benefit Terms

Membership of LFPD consists of the following as of January 1, 2022:

	LFPD
Retirees and beneficiaries	
receiving benefits	28

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Contributions

The District is required by statute to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to pay benefits when due using the actuarial basis specified by statute. In 2009, legislation was adopted to defer the State of Colorado contributions for LFPD for 2009 through 2011, and resuming in 2012 through 2015. In 2011, legislation was adopted to change payment dates to 2012 through 2019. In 2013, the state paid in full the suspended assistance contributions and all future contribution for the plan, which amounted to \$5,299,452. The District made \$199,140 of employer contributions during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022.

Net Pension Liability

The District's LFPD net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022. This measurement date is within one year of the plan sponsor's fiscal year end of December 31, 2022 and may be used for December 31, 2022 reporting purposes.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Actuarial Methods And Assumptions

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied in all periods included in the measurement:

	Total Pension Liability
Valuation date	January 1, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	N/A
Remaining amortization period	N/A
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed fair value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return*	6.5%
Projected salary increases	N/A
* Includes inflation at:	2.5%
Retirement age	Any remaining actives are assumed to be
	retired immediately.
Mortality	Post-retirement: 2006 central rates
	from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality
	Tables for males and females projected
	to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection
	scales, and then projected prospectively
	using the ultimate rates of the scale for
	all years.
	Disabled (pre-1980): Post-retirement
	rates set forward three years.

Assumption Changes

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1 of even numbered years. The contribution rates have a one-year lag, so the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022 determined the contribution amounts for 2023 and 2024.

Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

For the purpose of this valuation, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.50%; the municipal bond rate is 1.84% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "state and local bonds" rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)) and the resulting single discount rate is 6.50%.

Long-Term Expected Return On Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate Of Return
Global public equity	17.00%	7.80%
Equity long/short	6.00%	6.90%
Private capital	28.00%	10.50%
Fixed income - rates	32.00%	2.30%
Fixed income - credit	6.00%	3.50%
Absolute return	6.00%	5.60%
Cash	5.00%	0.10%
	_	
Total	100.00%	

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Sensitivity Of The District's Net Pension Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is one percent lower (5.50%) or one percent higher (7.50%):

	$\mathbf{Current}$	
	Discount	1%
1% Decrease	Rate	Increase
(5.5%)	(6.5%)	(7.5%)
Ф 1 000 EE9	Ф 1 00° E22	Ф 900 000

Net pension liability

\$ 1,860,553 \$ 1,065,533 \$ 362,283

Changes In Net Pension Liability

	 Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances At December 31, 2021	\$ 12,305,306	\$ 10,871,110	\$ 1,434,196
Changes For The Year			
Interest	753,754	_	753,754
Differences between expected and actual experience	257,202	_	257,202
Contributions - employer	_	199,140	(199,140)
Net investment income	_	1,188,030	(1,188,030)
Benefit payments	(1,440,877)	(1,440,877)	_
Administrative expense		(7,551)	7,551
Net Changes	(429,921)	(61,258)	(368,663)
Balances At December 31, 2022	\$ 11,875,385	\$ 10,809,852	\$ 1,065,533

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows Of Resources And Deferred Inflows Of Resources Related To Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$74,403. At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to LFPD from the following sources:

	 nmental ctivities_
Deferred Outflows Of Resources	
Contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 199,140
Deferred Inflows Of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual	
earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 681,824

The amount of \$199,140 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to LFPD, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023.

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For The Year		
Ended December 31,		
2023	\$	(113,589)
2024		(286,923)
2025		(177,036)
2026		(104,276)
Total	e	(681,824)
10141	φ	(001,024)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about LFPD's fiduciary net position is available in FPPA's annual comprehensive financial report, which can be obtained on FPPA's website at http://www.fppaco.org.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

BFPD Old Hire Pension Plan - Bancroft (Hired Prior To April 8, 1978) Plan Description

The District's defined benefit pension plan covers firefighters hired prior to April 8, 1978 through BFPD. This affiliated FPPA agent employer plan is closed to new employees. Any changes to the plan's provisions are referred to the membership by the pension's Trustee Board and voted upon. The Board ratifies any changes. The District has historically used the General Fund to liquidate any net pension obligation.

Additionally, the firefighters in BFPD are provided with death and disability coverage by a statewide plan administered by FPPA.

Benefits Provided

A firefighter's normal retirement date shall be the date on which he has attained 50 years of age and completed 20 years of service. Any firefighter who elects to retire on or after his normal retirement date shall be eligible for a monthly pension equal to one-half of his final monthly salary at the date of his retirement. For any firefighter who retires after January 1, 1990, each year of service beyond 20 years shall increase his pension by 1% of salary up to a maximum additional benefit of 10%. For each year a member continues working past eligibility for normal retirement, a member's benefit will increase by 4% of his final monthly salary to a total maximum benefit of 74%. This benefit only applies for service earned after January 1, 1992. Effective January 1, 1997, in lieu of a monthly pension, members may elect to receive retirement benefits as an actuarially equivalent lump sum benefit. The lump sum benefit will include the value of the postretirement surviving spouse's benefit.

Members Covered By Benefit Terms

Membership of BFPD consists of the following as of January 1, 2022:

	BFPD
Retirees and beneficiaries	
receiving benefits	10

Contributions

The District is required by statute to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to pay benefits when due using the actuarial basis specified by statute. In 2009, legislation was adopted to defer the State of Colorado contributions for BFPD for 2009 through 2011, and resuming in 2012 through 2015. In 2011, legislation was adopted to change payment dates to 2012 through 2019. Total contributions for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$734,844.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The District's BFPD net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022. This measurement date is within one year of the plan sponsors fiscal year end of December 31, 2022 and may be used for December 31, 2022 reporting purposes.

Actuarial Methods And Assumptions

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied in all periods included in the measurement:

	Total Pension Liability
Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Actuarial assumptions:	January 1, 2022 Entry age normal N/A
Investment rate of return*	4.5%
Projected salary increases	N/A
* Includes inflation at:	2.5%
Retirement age	Any remaining actives are assumed to be retired immediately.
Mortality	Post-retirement: 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and then projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years. Disabled (pre-1980): Post-retirement rates set forward three years.

Assumption Changes

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1 of even numbered years. The contribution rates have a one-year lag, so the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022 determined the contribution amounts for 2023 and 2024.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 4.50%; the municipal bond rate is 1.84% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "state and local bonds" rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)) and the resulting single discount rate is 4.50%.

Long-Term Expected Return On Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate Of Return
Global public equity	10.00%	7.80%
Fixed income - rates	70.00%	2.30%
Fixed income - credit	10.00%	3.50%
Cash	10.00%	0.10%
Total	100.00%	

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Sensitivity Of The District's Net Pension Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 4.50%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is one percent lower (3.50%) or one percent higher (5.50%):

			Current	
			Discount	1%
	1% I	Decrease	Rate	Increase
		(3.5%)	(4.5%)	(5.5%)
Net pension liability	\$	928,644	\$ 766,513	\$ 618,733

Change In Net Pension Liability

		Total Plan Pension Fiduciary Liability Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
		(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balances At December 31, 2021	\$	3,766,568	\$ 2,179,763	\$ 1,586,805	
Changes For The Year					
Interest		158,196	_	158,196	
Changes of assumptions		(238, 144)	_	(238, 144)	
Contributions - employer		_	734,844	(734,844)	
Net investment income		_	9,058	(9,058)	
Benefit payments		(507,777)	(507,777)	_	
Administrative expense			(3,558)	3,558	
Net Changes		(587,725)	232,567	(820,292)	
Balances At December 31, 2022	\$	3,178,843	\$ 2,412,330	\$ 766,513	

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows Of Resources And Deferred Inflows Of Resources Related To Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the District recognized pension benefit of \$164,336. At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to BFPD from the following sources:

Correnmental

	 ctivities
Deferred Outflows Of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual	
earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 63,315
Contributions subsequent to measurement date	 734,844
Total Deferred Outflows Of Resources	\$ 798,159

The amount of \$734,844 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to BFPD, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension benefit as follows:

For The Year		
Ended December	31,	
2023	\$	26,925
2024		5,463
2025		12,126
2026		18,801
	·	·
Total	\$	63,315

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about BFPD's fiduciary net position is available in FPPA's annual comprehensive financial report, which can be obtained on FPPA's website at http://www.fppaco.org.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

The Volunteer Firefighters Defined Benefit Pension Plan Plan Description

The Volunteer Plan covers the District's volunteer firefighters. The plan is an affiliated FPPA agent employer plan administered by FPPA and is closed to new employees. Contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the Board.

Benefits Provided

The benefit provisions and the Volunteer Plan requirements were established according to C.R.S. The Board has adopted the following schedule of monthly benefits that was in effect at December 31, 2022:

Normal Retirement Benefit Age 50 With 20 Years Of Service	
Regular, monthly benefit	\$ 250
Survivor Benefits	
After age and service retirement	125
Following death before retirement eligible; due to	
death in line of duty as a volunteer firefighter	185
Following death after vested retirement with	
10 to 20 years of service amount per	
year of service per minimum vesting years	6.25
Disability Retirement Benefit	
Short-term disability for line of duty injury	150
Long-term disability for line of duty injury	185
Vested Retirement Benefit	
With 10 to 20 years of service amount per	
year of service per minimum 10 vesting years	12.50
Funeral Benefits	
Lump-sum benefit, one time	100

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Members Covered By Benefit Terms

Membership of the Volunteer Plan consists of the following as of January 1, 2021:

	The Volunteer Plan
Retirees and beneficiaries	
receiving benefits	26
Inactive, nonretired members	1
Total	27

Contributions

There are no paid employees within the Volunteer Plan, and employees do not contribute to their pension plan. The District is required by statute to contribute the amounts remaining necessary to pay benefits when due using the actuarial basis specified by statute. Total contributions for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$21,604.

Net Pension Asset

The Volunteer Plan net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021 and rolled forward from the total pension asset that was determined by the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021. This measurement date is within one year of the plan sponsor's fiscal year end of December 31, 2022 and may be used for December 31, 2022 reporting purposes.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Actuarial Methods And Assumptions

The total pension asset in the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied in all periods included in the measurement:

Total Pension	Ĺ
Liability	

Valuation date
Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Remaining amortization period
Asset valuation method
Actuarial assumptions:
Investment rate of return*
Projected salary increases

January 1, 2021 Entry age normal Level dollar, open 20 years 5-year smoothed fair value

> 7.0% N/A

* Includes inflation at:

2.5%

Retirement age

50% per year of eligibility until 100% at age 65.

Mortality

Pre-retirement: 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and then projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years, 50% multiplier for off-duty mortality.

Post-retirement: 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and then projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years.

Disabled: 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables for males and females projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and then projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%; the municipal bond rate is 1.84% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "state and local bonds" rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)) and the resulting single discount rate is 7.00%.

Long-Term Expected Return On Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate Of Return
Global equity	39.00%	8.23%
Equity long/short	8.00%	6.87%
Private markets	26.00%	10.63%
Fixed income - rates	10.00%	4.00%
Fixed income - credit	5.00%	5.25%
Absolute return	10.00%	5.60%
Cash	2.00%	2.32%
Total	100.00%	

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Sensitivity Of The District's Net Pension (Asset) Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension asset to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension asset, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the plan's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is one percent lower (6.00%) or one percent higher (8.00%):

			$\mathbf{Current}$		
			Discount		1%
	1% I	Decrease	Rate]	Increase
		(6.00%)	(7.00%)		(8.00%)
Net pension asset	\$	(412,885)	\$ (458,613)	\$	(498, 362)

Change In Net Pension (Asset) Liability

		Total		Plan		\mathbf{Net}
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension
	(Asset)	Liability	Ne	et Position	(Asset)	Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balances At December 31, 2021	\$	592,446	\$	905,738	\$	(313,292)
Changes For The Year						
Interest		39,530		_		39,530
Contributions - employer		_		41,048		(41,048)
Net investment income				131,857		(131,857)
Benefit payments		(56,425)		(56,425)		_
Administrative expense				(7,498)		7,498
Other changes				19,444		(19,444)
Net Changes		(16,895)		128,426		(145,321)
Balances At December 31, 2022	\$	575,551	\$	1,034,164	\$	(458,613)

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Pension Expense (Income), Deferred Outflows Of Resources And Deferred Inflows Of Resources Related To Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the District recognized a pension benefit of \$68,101. At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources related to the Volunteer Plan from the following sources:

	0.0.0.	mental ctivities
Deferred Outflows Of Resources		•
Contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	21,604
Deferred Inflows Of Resources		
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	93,777

The amount of \$21,604 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Volunteer Plan, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended December 31, 2023.

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension benefit as follows:

For The Year	0.1	
Ended December	31,	
2023	\$	(22,529)
2024		(34,232)
2025		(23,301)
2026		(13,715)
		_
Total	\$	(93,777)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Volunteer Plan's fiduciary net position is available in FPPA's annual comprehensive financial report, which can be obtained on FPPA's website at http://www.fppaco.org.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

WRFPDPF

Plan Description

WRFPDPF covers the District's volunteer firefighters that were previously with Wheat Ridge Fire Protection District. The plan is a single employer plan, closed to new employees. Contribution requirements of the District are established and may be amended by the Board.

Benefits Provided

The benefit provisions and the WRFPDPF requirements were established according to C.R.S. The Board has adopted the following schedule of monthly benefits that was in effect at December 31, 2022:

Normal Retirement Benefit Age 50 With 20 Years Of Service	
Regular, monthly benefit	\$ 600
Death Benefits	
Monthly benefit	300
Funeral expenses	Two times the
	accrued benefit
Disability Benefits	
Monthly benefit	450
Termination Benefits	
Monthly benefit, 20 or more years of	600
services at age 50	
Monthly benefit, Less than 20 years of	\$30 per month times
services at age 50	years of service (no
	greater than \$600)

Members Covered By Benefit Terms

Membership of WRFPDPF consists of the following as of December 31, 2022:

	WRFPDPF
Inactive plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	49
Inactive plan members and beneficiaries entitled to but not receiving benefits	8
Total Members	57

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Contributions

There are no paid employees within WRFPDPF, and employees do not contribute to their pension plan. The District makes contributions using an actuarially determined contribution. Total contributions for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$47,500.

Net Pension Liability

The WRFPDPF net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, which is the same as the reporting date of the District, and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021.

Actuarial Methods And Assumptions

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, and rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022:

,	Total Pension Liability
Valuation date	January 1, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	N/A
Remaining amortization period	N/A
Asset valuation method	Fair value of assets as of the valuation date
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return*	5.5%
Projected salary increases	N/A
* Includes inflation at:	2.25%
Retirement age	100% of members are assumed to retire upon the earlier of attainment of age 50 with 20 years of service or upon the attainment of age 60 with 10 years of service
Mortality	Healthy: PubS - 2010 Blue Collar with generational projection using SOA Scale MP-2021 Disabled: PubS - 2010 Disabled with generational projection using SOA Scale MP-2021

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan contributions will be made at the current contribution rate. Professional judgment on future contributions has been applied in those cases where contribution patterns deviate from the actuarially determined rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Long-Term Expected Return On Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These expected future real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate Of Return
<u> </u>	40.000/	F F0/
Common stocks	40.00%	5.5%
Fixed income	45.00%	1.5%
Alternatives	10.00%	5.0%
Cash and equivalents	5.00%	0.5%
Total	100.00%	

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Sensitivity Of The District's Net Pension (Asset) Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension asset to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension asset, calculated using a single discount rate of 5.50%, as well as what the plan's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is one percent lower (4.50%) or one percent higher (6.50%):

			,	Current		
			\mathbf{D}	iscount		1%
	1%	Decrease (4.5%)		Rate (5.5%)	Ι	ncrease (6.5%)
Net pension liability	\$	1,095,722	\$	709,052	\$	387,041

Change In Net Pension Liability

	Total		Plan		Net	
		Pension		Fiduciary	Pension	
		Liability	Ne	et Position	Liability	
		(a)		(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balances At December 31, 2021	\$	3,567,906	\$	3,374,885	\$ 193,021	
Changes For The Year						
Interest		189,330		_	189,330	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(50,928)		_	(50,928)	
Changes of assumptions		5,415		_	5,415	
Contributions - employer		_		25,000	(25,000)	
Contributions - employee		_		22,500	(22,500)	
Net investment income (loss)		_		(395, 150)	395,150	
Benefit payments		(251,100)		(251,100)	_	
Administrative expense				(24,564)	24,564	
Net Changes		(107,283)		(623,314)	516,031	
Balances At December 31, 2022	\$	3,460,623	\$	2,751,571	\$ 709,052	

The percentage of WRFPDPF's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability is 79.51%.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows Of Resources And Deferred Inflows Of Resources Related To Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the District recognized a pension expense of \$41,158. At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources related to the WRFPDPF from the following sources:

	Go	ver	nmentai
		\mathbf{A}	ctivities
Deferred Outflows Of Resources			
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		\$	274,603

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension benefit as follows:

For The Year		
Ended Decemb	er 31,	
2023	\$	6,461
2024		63,740
2025		89,505
2026		114,897
Total	\$	274,603

SWDBP FPPA Statewide Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan Plan Description

Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through SWDBP, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by FPPA. FPPA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that can be obtained on FPPA's website at http://www.fppaco.org.

Benefits Provided

SWDBP provides retirement and disability, annual increases and death benefits or members or their beneficiaries. A member is eligible for a normal retirement pension once the member has completed 25 years of credited service and has attained the age of 55. Effective January 1, 2021, a member may also qualify for a normal retirement pension if the member's combined years of service and age equals at least 80, with a minimum age of 50 (rule of 80).

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

The annual normal retirement benefit is 2% of the average of the member's highest 3 years' base salary for each year of credited service up to 10 years, plus 2.5% for each year of service thereafter. The benefit earned prior to January 1, 2007 for members of affiliated Social Security employers will be reduced by the amount of Social Security income payable to the member annually. Effective January 1, 2007, members currently covered under Social Security will receive half the benefit when compared to SWDBP. Benefits paid to retired members are evaluated and may be redetermined every October 1. The amount of any increase is at the Board's discretion and can range from 0% to the higher of 3% or the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers.

A member is eligible for an early retirement at age 50 with at least 5 years of service or after 30 years of service. The early retirement benefit equals the normal retirement benefit reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis. Upon termination, an employee may elect to have member contributions, along with 5% as interest, returned as a lump sum distribution. Alternatively, a member with at least 5 years of accredited service may leave contributions with SWDBP and remain eligible for a retirement pension at age 55 equal to 2% of the member's average highest 3 years' base salary for each year of credited service up to 10 years, plus 2.5% for each year of service thereafter.

Contributions

Contribution rates for employers and members may be increased equally by the FPPA Board of Directors upon approval through an election by both the employers and members.

Members of SWDBP and their employers are contributing at the rate of 11.5% and 8.5%, respectively, of base salary for a total contribution rate of 20% in 2021. In 2014, the members elected to increase the member contribution rate to SWDBP beginning in 2015. Member contribution rates will increase 0.5% annually through 2022 to a total of 12% of pensionable earnings. Employer contributions remained at 8.0% through 2020, but will increase 0.5% annually beginning in 2021 through 2030 to a total of 13% of pensionable earnings.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Contributions from members and employers of departments reentering the system are established by resolution and approved by the FPPA Board of Directors. The member and employer contribution rates will increase through 2030 as described above for the non-reentering departments. Effective January 1, 2021, reentry departments may submit a resolution to the FPPA Board of Directors to reflect the actual cost of reentry by department. Each reentry department is responsible to remit contributions to the plan in accordance with their most recent FPPA Board of Directors approved resolution.

The contribution rate for members and employers of affiliated social security employers is 5.75% and 4.25%, respectively, of pensionable earnings for a total contribution rate of 10.0% in 2021. Per the 2014 member election, members of the affiliate Social Security group had their required contribution rate increase 0.25% annually beginning in 2015 through 2022 to a total of 6% of pensionable earnings. Employer contributions will increase 0.25% annually beginning in 2021 through 2030 to a total of 6.5% of pensionable earnings.

Employer contributions are recognized by SWDBP in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to SWDBP. Employer contributions recognized by SWDBP from the District were \$2,864,760 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Pension Asset, Pension Expense (Income), Deferred Outflows Of Resources And Deferred Inflows Of Resources Related To Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the District reported a net pension asset of \$18,625,547 for its proportionate share of the plan's net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on District contributions to SWDBP for the calendar year 2021, relative to the total contributions of participating employers.

At the measurement date of December 31, 2021, the District's portion was 3.44%, which was an increase of 0.02% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the District recognized a pension benefit of \$2,181,730. At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to SWDBP from the following sources:

	Gov	ernmental
		Activities
Deferred Outflows Of Resources		
Changes of assumptions	\$	2,656,136
Differences between expected and actual experience		5,333,477
Changes in proportion and differences between		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		675,016
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		2,864,760
Total Deferred Outflows Of Resources		11,529,389
Deferred Inflows Of Resources		
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	12,465,265
Changes in proportion and differences between		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		773,505
Changes of assumptions		21,336
Differences between expected and actual experience		413,094
	•	
Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources	\$	13,673,200

The amount of \$2,864,760 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to SWDBP, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to SWDBP will be recognized in pension expense (benefit) as follows:

For The Year		
Ended December 3	1,	
2023	((1,768,933)
2024	((3,058,312)
2025	((1,759,934)
2026		(483, 285)
2027		1,203,161
Thereafter		858,732
Total	\$ ((5,008,571)

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuations for SWDBP were used to determine the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022. The valuations used the following actuarial assumption and other inputs:

_	Total Pension Liability	Actuarially Determined Contributions
Valuation date	January 1, 2022	January 1, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Amortization method	N/A	Level % payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	N/A	30 years
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return*	7.0%	7.0%
Projected salary increases*	4.25 - 11.25%	4.0% - 11.25%
Cost of living adjustments	0.0%	0.0%
* Includes inflation at:	2.5%	2.5%

For determining the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions, the post-retirement mortality tables for nondisabled retirees uses the 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and the projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years. The pre-retirement off-duty mortality tables are adjusted to 50% of the RP-2014 mortality tables for active employees. The on-duty mortality rate is 0.00015.

At least every five years, FPPA's Board of Directors, in accordance with best practices, reviews its economic and demographic actuarial assumptions. At its July 2018 meeting, the Board of Directors reviewed and approved recommended changes to the actuarial assumptions. The recommendations were made by FPPA's actuaries based on their analysis of past experience and expectations for the future. The assumption changes were effective for actuarial valuations beginning January 1, 2019. The actuarial assumptions impact actuarial factors for benefit purposes such as purchases of service credits and other benefits where actuarial factors are used.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (assumed at 2.5%). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate Of Return
Global equity	39.00%	8.23%
Equity long/short	8.00%	6.87%
Private markets	26.00%	10.63%
Fixed income - rates	10.00%	4.01%
Fixed income - credit	5.00%	5.25%
Absolute return	10.00%	5.60%
Cash	2.00%	2.32%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Colorado statutes. Based on those assumptions, the SWDBP fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

For the purpose of the valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%, the municipal bond rate is 1.84% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the state and local bonds rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)) and the resulting single discount rate is 7.0%, based upon the plan's fiduciary net position projected to be sufficient to pay benefits.

Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net Pension Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability (asset), calculated using a single discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is one percent lower (6.00%) or one percent higher (8.00%):

	Current	
	Discount	1%
1% Decrease	Rate	Increase
(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)

Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) \$ (2,568,578) \$ (18,625,547) \$ (31,927,850)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about SWDBP's fiduciary net position is available in FPPA's annual comprehensive financial report, which can be obtained on FPPA's website at http://www.fppaco.org.

SWHDBP

Plan Description

Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through SWHDBP, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by FPPA. FPPA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that can be obtained on FPPA's website at http://www.fppaco.org.

Benefits Provided

SWHDBP is comprised of a defined benefit component which pays a monthly benefit upon retirement. A member is eligible for a normal retirement pension once the member has completed 25 years of credited service and has attained the age of 55.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

The annual normal retirement benefit is 1.5% of the average of the member's highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service. Benefits paid to retired members are evaluated and may be redetermined every October 1. The amount of any increase is at the Board's discretion and can range from 0 to 3%.

A member is eligible for an early retirement at age 50 with at least 5 years of credited service or after 30 years of service. The early retirement benefit equals the normal retirement benefit reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis. Upon termination, an employee may elect to have member contributions, along with 5% as interest, returned as a lump sum distribution from the defined benefit component. Alternatively, a member with at least 5 years of accredited service may leave contributions with SWHDBP and remain eligible for a retirement pension at age 55 equal to 1.5% of the member's average highest 3 years' base salary for each year of credited service.

Contributions

The plan sets contribution rates at a level that enables all benefits to be fully funded at the retirement date of all members. The members of the SWHDBP plan and their employers are currently each contributing at the rate determined by the individual employer; however, the rate for both employer and members must be at least 8% of the member's base salary. The amount allocated to the Defined Benefit Component is set annually by the FPPA Board of Directors. Excess contributions fund the Money Purchase Component of the Plan. The Defined Benefit Component contribution rate from July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 was 13.80%. Effective July 1, 2021, the Defined Benefit Component contribution rate is set at 14.10%.

Within the Money Purchase Component, members are always fully vested in their own contributions, as well as the earnings on those contributions. Vesting in the employer's contributions within the Money Purchase Component, and earnings on those contributions occurs according to the vesting schedule set by the plan document at 20% per year after the first year of service to be 100% vested after five years of service. Employer and member contributions are invested in funds at the discretion of members.

Employer contributions are recognized by SWHDBP in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member, and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to SWHDBP. Employer contributions recognized by SWHDBP from the District were \$351,423 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Pension Assets, Pension Expense (Income), Deferred Outflows Of Resources And Deferred Inflows Of Resources Related To Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the District reported a net pension asset of \$7,675,599 for its proportionate share of the plan's net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on District contributions to SWHDBP for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to SWHDBP based upon the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation.

At the measurement date of December 31, 2021, the District's portion was 20.24%, which was a decrease of 0.11% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the District recognized pension benefit of \$38,498. At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to SWHDBP from the following sources:

	Gove	ernmental
		Activities
Deferred Outflows Of Resources		
Changes of assumptions	\$	188,831
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,532,950
Changes in proportion and differences between		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		771,137
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		351,423
		_
Total Deferred Outflows Of Resources	\$	2,844,341
Deferred Inflows Of Resources		
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	2,174,402
Changes in proportion and differences between	Ψ	2,174,402
contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions and proportionate share of		190 940
contributions		120,349
Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources	\$	2,294,751
-		

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

The amount of \$351,423 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to SWHDBP, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to SWHDBP will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For The Year	
Ended December 31,	
2023	\$ 332,888
2024	52,750
2025	(107,460)
2026	(137,757)
2027	54,213
Thereafter	3,533
Total	\$ 198,167

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was used to determine the total pension liability for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022. The valuation used the following actuarial assumption and other inputs:

_	Total Pension Liability	Actuarially Determined Contributions
Valuation date	January 1, 2022	January 1, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Amortization method	N/A	Level % payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	N/A	30 years
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return*	7.0%	7.0%
Projected salary increases*	4.25 - 11.25%	4.25% - 11.25%
Cost of living adjustments	0.0%	0.0%
* Includes inflation at:	2.5%	2.5%

For determining the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions, the post-retirement mortality tables for nondisabled retirees uses the 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and the projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years. The pre-retirement off-duty mortality tables are adjusted to 50% of the RP-2014 mortality tables for active employees. The on-duty mortality rate is 0.00015.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

At least every five years, the FPPA's Board of Directors, in accordance with best practices, reviews its economic and demographic actuarial assumptions. At its July 2018 meeting, the Board of Directors reviewed and approved recommended changes to the actuarial assumptions. The recommendations were made by the FPPA's actuaries, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co., based upon their analysis of past experience and expectations of the future. The assumption changes were effective for actuarial valuations beginning January 1, 2019. The actuarial assumptions impact actuarial factors for benefit purposes such as purchases of service credit and other benefits where actuarial factors are used.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (assumed at 2.5%). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate Of Return
Global equity	39.00%	8.23%
Equity long/short	8.00%	6.87%
Private markets	26.00%	10.63%
Fixed income - rates	10.00%	4.01%
Fixed income - credit	5.00%	5.25%
Absolute return	10.00%	5.60%
Cash	2.00%	2.32%
Total	100.00%	

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Colorado statutes. Based on those assumptions, the SWH - Defined Benefit Component plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%; the municipal bond rate is 1.84% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "state and local bonds" rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)) and the resulting single discount rate is 7.00%.

Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net Pension (Asset) Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension asset to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension asset, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the plan's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is one percent lower (6.00%) or one percent higher (8.00%):

	Current	
	Discount	1%
1% Decrease	Rate	Increase
(6.0%)	(7.0%)	(8.0%)
	_	

Proportionate share of the net pension asset \$ (5,856,816) \$ (7,675,599) \$ (9,194,197)

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about SWHDBP's fiduciary net position is available in FPPA's annual comprehensive financial report, which can be obtained at http://www.fppaco.org.

Other Information

During 2022, House Bill 22-1034 was signed into law. This legislation combines the assets and liabilities of SWDBP and the SWHDBP to form the Statewide Retirement Plan effective January 1, 2023. The merger will result in increased longer-term stability for both plans in addition to simplification of administration, operation and communication of benefits. The financial impact of the merger of plans is being determined. During 2022, FPPA engaged Gabriel, Roeder Smith & Co. to complete an actuarial experience study. The FPPA Board of Directors accepted the findings of the study at its July 28, 2022 meeting. These assumptions will be included in the Statewide Retirement Plan valuation as of January 1, 2023.

On-Behalf Payments

The state contributions for the District's volunteer uniform employees to FPPA during 2022 totaled \$41,944. The amount of the on-behalf of payments has been recognized as revenues and expenditures in the District's financial statements. In 2013, the state enacted legislation to pay the state-matching funds from 2009 to current in addition to paying all future matching funds to all old hire plans under their funding arrangements. The District will be responsible for future funding of the annual required contributions until the actuarial unfunded accrued liability has been paid.

12. Statewide Defined Death And Disability Plan (SWD&DP)

The District contributes to SWD&DP, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit death and disability plan administered by FPPA. All full-time uniformed employees are eligible to be members of the plan. Contributions to the plan are used solely for the payment of death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by state statute and generally allow for benefits upon the death or disability of a plan member prior to retirement. FPPA issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SWD&DP. That report may be obtained at www.fppaco.org.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

The plan provides pre-retirement death benefits, as follows:

- Off-duty: 40% of the base salary paid to the member prior to death, with an additional 10% of base salary if a surviving spouse has two or more dependent children
- On-duty: 70% of the base salary paid to the member prior to death

Disability benefits are as follows:

- Total disability: 70% of the base salary preceding disability
- Permanent occupational disability: 50% of the base salary preceding disability
- Temporary occupational disability: 40% of the base salary preceding disability for up to five years

Benefit adjustments are granted periodically at the discretion of the FPPA Board of Directors. Total disability retirees receive an automatic increase of 3%. For other annuitants, the increase may reflect the Consumer Price Index, but in no case may be higher than 3%.

Once a member is eligible to retire, contributions to the plan and plan benefit obligations cease.

Contributions

The contribution requirements are established by state statutes. However, in accordance with C.R.S. 31-31-811(4), the FPPA Board of Directors, based on an annual actuarial valuation, may adjust the contribution rate every two years, but in no event may the adjustment for any two-year period exceed one-tenth of one percent of the member's salary.

Any decision regarding whether the employer or member contributes to the plan, or whether the contribution is paid jointly by the employer and the member, is determined by the District.

No contributions are required for members hired prior to January 1, 1997. For members hired on or after January 1, 1997, the District contributed 2.8% of base salaries on behalf of the members during the year ended December 31, 2022. Contributions to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$1,171,324, equal to the required contributions.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense And Deferred Outflows Of Resources And Deferred Inflows Of Resources Related To Pensions

The District has no requirement to contribute to the plan and does not receive contributions from a nonemployer entity. Therefore, the District does not report a net OPEB liability, or deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in FPPA's separately issued financial report, which may be obtained at www.fppaco.org.

13. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The District is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the government's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

14. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District utilizes commercial insurance to meet its insurance needs, including workers' compensation. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

15. Tax Spending And Debt Limitations

On November 3, 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, otherwise known as the Taxpayers' Bill of Rights (TABOR), which limits the revenue-raising and spending abilities of state and local governments. The limits on property taxes, revenue and fiscal year spending include allowable annual increases tied to inflation and local growth in construction valuation. Fiscal year spending, as defined by the amendment, excludes spending from certain revenue and financing sources such as federal funds, gifts, property sales, fund transfers, damage awards and fund reserves (balances).

TABOR requires voter approval for any increase in mill levies or tax rates, new taxes or creation of multi-year debt. Revenue earned in excess of the spending limit must be refunded or approved to be retained by the District under specified voting requirements by the entire electorate. The amendment also requires that reserves of 1% of 1993 fiscal year spending, excluding bonded debt service, be established for declared emergencies, with 2% of fiscal year spending required in 1994 and 3% thereafter.

As of December 31, 2022, the District reported \$2,863,605 as restricted net position and restricted fund balance in the governmental activities and General Fund, respectively, to comply with the reserve for emergencies.

In 2002, the voters of the District approved a ballot issue to authorize the District to collect, retain and spend all revenue generated by its existing mill levy, which cannot be increased without voter approval, and from all other sources of revenue in excess of the limitations provided in TABOR for the general operations and capital construction. The District's management believes that it has legally removed itself from TABOR's revenue and spending limitations. However, TABOR is complex and subject to future judicial interpretation.

16. Risks And Uncertainties

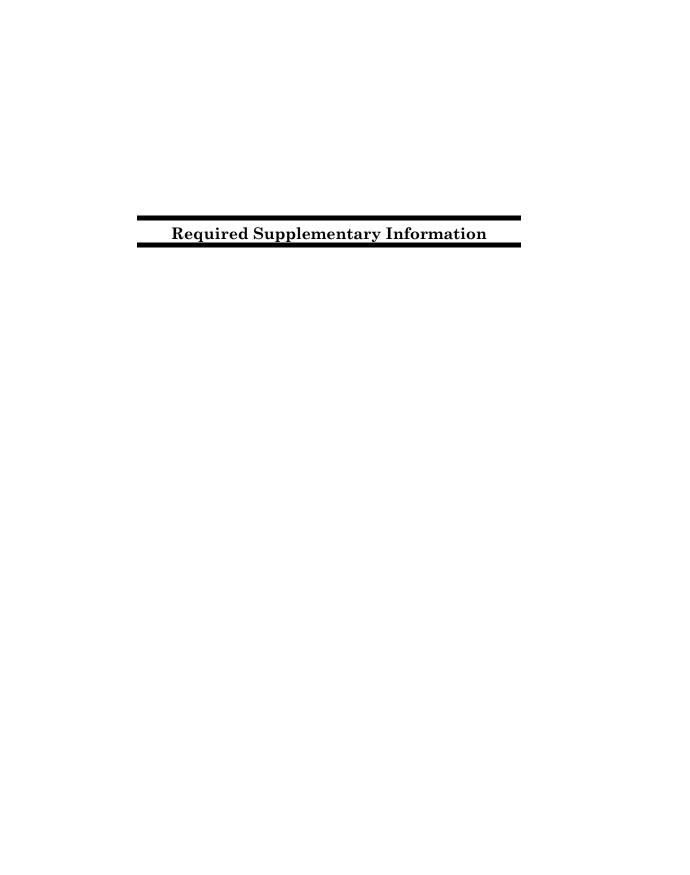
The District has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designees. These audits could result in a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for costs disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the District believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

As of December 31, 2022, there were a number of pending claims and lawsuits involving the District. The outcome of these matters is currently unknown; however, the District's legal counsel has reviewed all such litigation and claims and is of the opinion that any outstanding claims not covered by insurance would not materially affect the District's financial position.

17. Subsequent Events

Management evaluates subsequent events through the date the financial statements are available to be issued, which is the date of the Independent Auditors' Report.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Gei	neral Fund		Mobile Integra	ated Health	n Services			
			Variances With			Variances With	-		
	Budgeted Amounts		Final Budget -	Budgeted Amounts		Final Budget -		Total	
	Original And		Positive	Original And		Positive	Original And		Variance To Budget
	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues									-
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$ 65,205,413 \$	65,713,129	\$ 507,716	\$ — \$	_	\$ —	\$ 65,205,413 \$	65,713,129	\$ 507,716
Specific ownership taxes	4,798,875	4,935,884	137,009	_		_	4,798,875	4,935,884	137,009
Permit fees	559,000	943,677	384,677	_	_	_	559,000	943,677	384,677
Intergovernmental grants	59,000	1,961,576	1,902,576	_	_	_	59,000	1,961,576	1,902,576
Emergency medical services	14,200,000	17,650,720	3,450,720	_	_	_	14,200,000	17,650,720	3,450,720
Contractual income	4,113,167	6,279,254	2,166,087	_	_	_	4,113,167	6,279,254	2,166,087
Investment income (loss)	125,000	(230,460)	(355,460)	_	_	_	125,000	(230,460)	(355,460)
Other	61,150	56,984	(4, 166)	_	_	_	61,150	56,984	(4,166)
Total Revenues	89,121,605	97,310,764	8,189,159	_	_	_	89,121,605	97,310,764	8,189,159
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government:									
Administration	8,917,161	8,467,533	449,628	_	_	_	8,917,161	8,467,533	449,628
Operations	72,936,536	72,341,015	595,521	_	_	_	72,936,536	72,341,015	595,521
Life safety	3,979,328	3,684,589	294,739	_		_	3,979,328	3,684,589	294,739
Debt service:									
Principal	191,011	273,522	(82,511)	_	_	_	191,011	273,522	(82,511)
Interest and other charges	20,334	22,531	(2,197)	<u> </u>	_	_	20,334	22,531	(2,197)
Total Expenditures	86,044,370	84,789,190	1,255,180		_		86,044,370	84,789,190	1,255,180
Excess Of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	3,077,235	12,521,574	9,444,339	_	_	_	3,077,235	12,521,574	9,444,339
Other Financing Uses									
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	11,676	11,676	_	11,676	11,676
Transfers out	(4,578,767)	(4,590,443)	(11,676)	_	_	_	(4,578,767)	(4,590,443)	(11,676)
Total Other Financing									<u> </u>
Uses	(4,578,767)	(4,590,443)	(11,676)		11,676	11,676	(4,578,767)	(4,578,767)	
Net Change In Fund Balance	(1,501,532)	7,931,131	9,432,663	_	11,676	11,676	(1,501,532)	7,942,807	9,444,339
Fund Balances - Beginning	44,412,110	44,412,110		(11,676)	(11,676)	_	44,400,434	44,400,434	<u> </u>
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 42,910,578 \$	52,343,241	\$ 9,432,663	\$ (11,676) \$	_	\$ 11,676	\$ 42,898,902 \$	52,343,241	\$ 9,444,339

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - LFPD Last Eight Measurement Periods¹

Measurement Period Ending December 31,		2021	2020		2019	2018	2017		2016		2015	2014
Total Pension Liability												
Interest	\$	753,754	\$ 796,020	\$	937,521	\$ 979,912	\$ 1,018,595	\$	1,058,911	\$	985,751	\$ 1,028,388
Differences between expected and actual experience		257,202	_		(307,439)	_	40,462		_		419,697	_
Changes of assumptions		_	_		604,460	_	_		_		1,172,122	_
Benefit payments, including lump sums		(1,440,877)	(1,451,493)		(1,520,586)	(1,568,805)	(1,580,628)		(1,611,741)		(1,592,813)	(1,600,792)
Net Change In Total Pension Liability		(429,921)	(655,473)		(286,044)	(588,893)	(521,571)		(552,830)		984,757	(572,404)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		12,305,306	12,960,779		13,246,823	13,835,716	14,357,287		14,910,117		13,925,360	14,497,764
Total Pension Liability - Ending {a}	\$	11,875,385	\$ 12,305,306	\$	12,960,779	\$ 13,246,823	\$ 13,835,716	\$	14,357,287	\$	14,910,117	\$ 13,925,360
Plan Fiduciary Net Position												
Contributions - employer	\$	199,140	\$ 176,257	\$	176,257	\$ 142,931	\$ 142,931	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _
Net investment income	·	1,188,030	1,044,917	·	1,334,311	21,293	1,688,685	Ċ	654,416	·	264,696	989,825
Benefit payments, including lump sums		(1,440,877)	(1,451,493)		(1,520,586)	(1,568,805)	(1,580,628)		(1,611,741)		(1,592,813)	(1,600,792)
Administrative expenses		(7,551)	(9,361)		(8,490)	(10,971)	(7,641)		(22,300)		(20,177)	(27,475)
Net Change In Fiduciary Net Position		(61,258)	(239,680)		(18,508)	(1,415,552)	243,347		(979,625)		(1,348,294)	(638,442)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		10,871,110	11,110,790		11,129,298	12,544,850	12,301,503		13,281,128		14,629,422	15,267,864
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending {b}	\$	10,809,852	\$ 10,871,110	\$	11,110,790	\$ 11,129,298	\$ 12,544,850	\$	12,301,503	\$	13,281,128	\$ 14,629,422
Plan Fiduciary Net Pension Liability - Ending {a} - {b}	\$	1,065,533	\$ 1,434,196	\$	1,849,989	\$ 2,117,525	\$ 1,290,866	\$	2,055,784	\$	1,628,989	\$ (704,062)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position As A Percentage Of The Total Pension Liability {b} / {a}		91.03%	88.34%		85.73%	84.01%	90.67%		85.68%		89.07%	105.06%
Covered Payroll		N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A
Plan's Net Pension Liability As A Percentage Of Covered Payroll		N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS - LFPD Last Eight Fiscal Years¹

Fiscal Year Ending	arially mined ution*	Contril	Actual		oution ciency xcess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution As A % Of Covered Payroll
(a)	(b)		(c)	(d) = (b)	o) - (c)	(e)	(f)
2015	\$ _	\$	_	\$		N/A	N/A
2016	_		_		_	N/A	N/A
2017	142,931		142,931			N/A	N/A
2018	142,931		142,931			N/A	N/A
2019	142,931		176,257		33,326	N/A	N/A
2020	176,257		176,257		_	N/A	N/A
2021	199,140		199,140			N/A	N/A
2022	199,140		199,140		_	N/A	N/A

^{*} Actuarially determined contribution is net of employee contributions, if any. Actual contribution is from the employer only and does not include employee amounts.

N/A = Information not applicable.

(1) This schedule will be completed prospectively until a full 10-year trend is compiled. The District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

Actuarial Assumptions:

Valuation date	January 1, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	N/A
Remaining amortization period	N/A
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed fair value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return*	6.5%
Projected salary increases	N/A
* Includes inflation at:	2.5%
Retirement age	Any remaining actives are assumed to be retired immediately.
Mortality	Post-retirement: 2006 central rates from the
	RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables for males
	and females projected to 2018 using the MP-
	2017 projection scales, and then projected
	prospectively using the ultimate rates of the
	scale for all years.
	Disabled (pre-1980): Post-retirement rates set

forward three years.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - BFPD Last Eight Measurement Periods¹

Measurement Period Ending December 31,	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability								
Interest	\$ 158,196	\$ 173,882	\$ 393,482	\$ 416,406	\$ 382,290	\$ 409,886	\$ 387,295	\$ 412,689
Differences between expected and actual experience	(238, 144)		(1,702,336)	_	886,454	_	131,779	_
Changes of assumptions	_	_	501,976	_	_	_	540,851	_
Benefit payments, including lump sums	(507,777)	(536,796)	(609, 129)	(830,959)	(797,391)	(758,968)	(758,476)	(744,331)
Net Change In Total Pension Liability	(587,725)	(362,914)	(1,416,007)	(414,553)	471,353	(349,082)	301,449	(331,642)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	3,766,568	4,129,482	5,545,489	5,960,042	5,488,689	5,837,771	5,536,322	5,867,964
Total Pension Liability - Ending {a}	\$ 3,178,843	\$ 3,766,568	\$ 4,129,482	\$ 5,545,489	\$ 5,960,042	\$ 5,488,689	\$ 5,837,771	\$ 5,536,322
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - employer	\$ 734,844	\$ 816,493	\$ 816,493	\$ 706,794	\$ 706,794	\$ 728,738	\$ 728,738	\$ 842,927
Net investment income	9,058	119,819	148,305	4,787	166,979	55,542	24,899	83,579
Benefit payments, including lump sums	(507,777)	(536, 796)	(609, 129)	(830,959)	(797, 391)	(758,968)	(758,476)	(744,331)
Administrative expenses	(3,558)	(4,881)	(3,670)	(6,017)	(3,132)	(3,889)	(1,979)	(6,265)
Net Change In Fiduciary Net Position	232,567	394,635	351,999	(125, 395)	73,250	21,423	(6,818)	175,910
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	2,179,763	1,785,128	1,433,129	1,558,524	1,485,274	1,463,851	1,470,669	1,294,759
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending {b}	\$ 2,412,330	\$ 2,179,763	\$ 1,785,128	\$ 1,433,129	\$ 1,558,524	\$ 1,485,274	\$ 1,463,851	\$ 1,470,669
Plan Fiduciary Net Pension Liability - Ending {a} - {b}	\$ 766,513	\$ 1,586,805	\$ 2,344,354	\$ 4,112,360	\$ 4,401,518	\$ 4,003,415	\$ 4,065,653	\$ 4,065,654
Plan Fiduciary Net Position As A Percentage Of The Total Pension Liability {b} / {a}	75.89%	57.87%	43.23%	25.84%	26.15%	27.06%	25.08%	26.56%
Covered Payroll	N/A							
Plan's Net Pension Liability As A Percentage Of Covered Payroll	N/A							

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS - BFPD Last Seven Fiscal Years¹

Fiscal Year Ending	Det	tuarially ermined ibution*	Contr	Actual	(E :	ciency xcess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution As A % Of Covered Payroll
(a)		(b)		(c)	$(\mathbf{d}) = (\mathbf{l}$	o) - (c)	(e)	(f)
2015	\$	728,738	\$	728,738	\$	_	N/A	N/A
2016		728,738	·	728,738			N/A	N/A
2017		706,794		706,797			N/A	N/A
2018		706,794		706,794		_	N/A	N/A
2019		706,794		816,493	1	09,699	N/A	N/A
2020		816,493		816,493		_	N/A	N/A
2021		734,844		734,844		_	N/A	N/A
2022		734,844		734,844			N/A	N/A

^{*} Actuarially determined contribution is net of employee contributions, if any. Actual contribution is from the employer only and does not include employee amounts.

N/A = Information not applicable.

(1) This schedule will be completed prospectively until a full 10-year trend is compiled. The District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

Actuarial Assumptions:

Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method	January 1, 2022 Entry age normal N/A
Remaining amortization period	N/A
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed fair value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return*	4.5%
Projected salary increases	N/A
* Includes inflation at:	2.5%
Retirement age	Any remaining actives are assumed to be retired immediately.
Mortality	Post-retirement: 2006 central rates from the
•	RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables for males
	and females projected to 2018 using the MP-
	2017 projection scales, and then projected
	prospectively using the ultimate rates of the
	scale for all years.
	Disabled (pre-1980): Post-retirement rates set
	forward three years.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - VOLUNTEER PLAN Last Eight Measurement Periods¹

Measurement Period Ending December 31,		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total Pension Liability																
Interest	\$	39,530	\$	41,132	\$	42,609	\$	46,160	\$	47,501	\$	49,184	\$	50,775	\$	51,568
Changes to benefit terms		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		13,349
Differences between expected and actual experience		_		(4,710)		_		(9,126)		_		(31,040)		_		_
Changes of assumptions		_		_		_		20,698		_		27,660		_		_
Benefit payments, including lump sums		(56,425)		(62,113)		(65,235)		(63,725)		(66,975)		(69,463)		(74,425)		(76,525)
Net Change In Total Pension Liability		(16,895)		(25,691)		(22,626)		(5,993)		(19,474)		(23,659)		(23,650)		(11,608)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		592,446		618,137		640,763		646,756		666,230		689,889		713,539		725,147
m . 1 P	Φ.		Φ.	2 00 440	Φ	010.10	Φ.	0.40 = 00	Φ.	0.40 ==0	Φ.	000 000	Φ.	200 000	Φ.	5 10 5 00
Total Pension Liability - Ending {a}	\$	575,551	\$	592,446	\$	618,137	\$	640,763	\$	646,756	\$	666,230	\$	689,889	\$	713,539
Plan Fiduciary Net Position																
Contributions - employer	\$	41,048	\$	21,604	\$	21,604	\$	21,604	\$	21,604	\$	21,604	\$	21,604	\$	21,604
Contributions - state	4		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	19,444	Ψ	19,444	Ψ	19,444	Ψ	19,444	Ψ	19,444
Net investment income		131,857		104,974		106,968		498		103,012		36,908		13,369		48,172
Benefit payments, including lump sums		(56,425)		(62,113)		(65,235)		(63,725)		(66,975)		(69,463)		(74,425)		(76,525)
Administrative expenses		(7,498)		(6,509)		(7,325)		(7,099)		(6,927)		(1,380)		(2,260)		(1,489)
State of Colorado supplemental discretionary payment		19,444		19,444		(1,020)		(1,000)		(0,021)		(1,500)		(2,200)		(1,100)
Net Change In Fiduciary Net Position		128,426		77,400		56,012		(29,278)		70,158		7,113		(22,268)		11,206
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		905,738		828,338		772,326		801,604		731,446		724,333		746,601		735,395
Than Thatelary New Tosition Deginning		300,100		020,000		112,020		001,004		751,440		124,000		740,001		100,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending {b}	\$	1,034,164	\$	905,738	\$	828,338	\$	772,326	\$	801,604	\$	731,446	\$	724,333	\$	746,601
Plan Fiduciary Net Pension Asset - Ending {a} - {b}	\$	(458,613)	\$	(313,292)	\$	(210,201)	\$	(131,563)	\$	(154,848)	\$	(65,216)	\$	(34,444)	\$	(33,062)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position As A Percentage Of the Total Pension Liability {b} / {a}		179.68%		152.88%		134.01%		120.53%		123.94%		109.79%		104.99%		104.63%
Covered Payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
Plan's Net Pension Asset As A Percentage Of Covered Payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS - VOLUNTEER PLAN Last Eight Fiscal Years¹

Fiscal Year		uarially rmined		Actual	Contribution Deficiency		Actual Contribution As A % Of
Ending	Contri	bution*	Contril	bution*	(Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
(a)		(b)		(c)	(d) = (b) - (c)	(e)	(f)
2015	\$	41,048	\$	41,048	\$ —	- N/A	N/A
2016		41,048		41,048	_	- N/A	N/A
2017		41,048		41,048	_	- N/A	N/A
2018		41,048		41,048	_	- N/A	N/A
2019		41,048		41,048	_	- N/A	N/A
2020		_		41,048	(41,048	8) N/A	N/A
2021		_		60,492	(60,492)	2) N/A	N/A
2022		_		21,604	(21,604	N/A	N/A

^{*} Actuarially determined contribution is net of employee contributions, if any. Actual contribution is from the employer only and does not include employee amounts. Actual amounts do include both employer and State of Colorado Supplemental Discretionary Payment.

N/A = Information not applicable.

(1) This schedule will be completed prospectively until a full 10-year trend is compiled. The District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

Actuarial Assumptions:

Valuation date	January 1, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level dollar, open
Remaining amortization period	20 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed fair value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return*	7.0%
Projected salary increases	N/A
* Includes inflation at:	2.5%

Retirement age Mortality 50% per year of eligibility until 100% at age 65.

Pre-retirement: 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and then projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years, 50% multiplier for off-duty mortality.

Post-retirement: 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and then projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years.

Disabled: 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables for males and females projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and then projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - WRFPDPF Last Eight Measurement Periods¹

Measurement Period Ending December 31,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability								
Service cost	\$ _	\$ 8,328						
Interest	189,330	192,711	196,760	200,321	206,597	208,667	222,332	205,481
Changes to benefit terms	_	_	(98,311)	_	_	_	_	265,600
Differences between expected and actual experience	(50,928)	_	89,607	_	4,922	_	(62,749)	_
Changes of assumptions	5,415	_	_	_	(59,549)	_	457,840	_
Benefit payments, including lump sums	(251, 100)	(257,280)	(266,069)	(264,048)	(257,220)	(246, 281)	(241,680)	(195, 192)
Net Change In Total Pension Liability	(107,283)	(64,569)	(78,013)	(63,727)	(105, 250)	(37,614)	375,743	284,217
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	3,567,906	3,632,475	3,710,488	3,774,215	3,879,465	3,917,079	3,541,336	3,257,119
Total Pension Liability - Ending {a}	\$ 3,460,623	\$ 3,567,906	\$ 3,632,475	\$ 3,710,488	\$ 3,774,215	\$ 3,879,465	\$ 3,917,079	\$ 3,541,336
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - employer	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 72,500	\$ _	\$ 28,019	\$ 25,000
Contributions - member	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Contributions - nonemployer contributing member	22,500	45,000	_	22,500	22,500	_	22,500	22,500
Net investment income (loss)	(395, 150)	301,970	300,622	447,670	(52, 135)	288,884	104,495	(11,936)
Benefit payments, including lump sums	(251,100)	(257,280)	(266,069)	(264,048)	(257, 220)	(246, 281)	(241,680)	(195, 192)
Administrative expenses	(24,564)	(30,665)	(25,419)	(29,740)	(29,004)	(26,272)	 (22,321)	(19,120)
Net Change In Fiduciary Net Position	(623, 314)	84,025	34,134	201,382	(243, 359)	16,331	(108,987)	(178,748)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	3,374,885	3,290,860	3,256,726	3,055,344	3,298,703	3,282,372	3,391,359	3,570,107
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending {b}	\$ 2,751,571	\$ 3,374,885	\$ 3,290,860	\$ 3,256,726	\$ 3,055,344	\$ 3,298,703	\$ 3,282,372	\$ 3,391,359
Plan Fiduciary Net Pension Liability - Ending {a} - {b}	\$ 709,052	\$ 193,021	\$ 341,615	\$ 453,762	\$ 718,871	\$ 580,762	\$ 634,707	\$ 149,977
Plan Fiduciary Net Position As A Percentage Of the Total Pension Liability {b} / {a}	79.51%	94.59%	90.60%	87.77%	80.95%	85.03%	83.80%	95.76%
Covered Payroll	N/A							
Plan's Net Pension Asset As A Percentage Of Covered Payroll	N/A							

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS - WRFPDPF Last Eight Fiscal Years 1

Fiscal	Act	uarially			Contr	ibution		Actual Contribution
Year	\mathbf{Dete}	ermined		Actual	Def	iciency	Covered	As A % Of
Ending	Contri	bution*	Contri	bution*	(1	Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
(a)		(b)		(c)	(d) =	(b) - (c)	(e)	(f)
2015	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	_	N/A	N/A
2016		47,481		50,519		(3,038)	N/A	N/A
2017		53,112		_		53,112	N/A	N/A
2018		53,112		95,000		(41,888)	N/A	N/A
2019		60,155		47,500		12,655	N/A	N/A
2020		60,155		25,000		35,155	N/A	N/A
2021		30,376				30,376	N/A	N/A
2022		30,376		25,000		5,376	N/A	N/A

^{*} Actuarially determined contribution is net of employee contributions, if any. Actual contribution is from the employer only and does not include employee amounts. Actual amounts do include both employer and State of Colorado Supplemental Discretionary Payment.

N/A = Information not applicable.

(1) This schedule will be completed prospectively until a full 10-year trend is compiled. The District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

Actuarial Assumptions:

January 1, 2021
Entry age normal
N/A
N/A
Fair value of assets as of the valuation date
5.5%
N/A
2.25%
100% of members are assumed to retire upon the earlier of attainment of age 50 with 20 years of service or upon the attainment of age 60 with 10 years of service
Healthy: PubS-2010 Blue Collar with generational projection using SOA Scale MP-2021
Disabled: PubS-2010 Disabled with generational projection using SOA Scale MP-2021

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS - WRFPDPF Last Eight Measurement Periods¹

Measurement Period Ending December 31,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Annual rate of return, net of investment expense	-13.70%	8.14%	9.70%	15.40%	-2.55%	7.98%	2.46%	-0.89%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION (ASSET) LIABILITY - SWDBP Employee Pension Plan Last Eight Measurement Periods¹

Measurement Period Ending December 31,	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017		2016	2015	2014
District's portion of the net pension (asset) liability	3.44%	3.42%	3.53%	3.56%	3.73%		3.99%	2.93%	2.40%
District's proportionate share of the net pension (asset) liability	\$ (18,625,547)	(7,424,164)	. , , ,	4,499,552		*	1,440,599	. , ,	\$ (2,708,796)
District's covered payroll District's proportionate share of the net pension	\$ 27,422,222	\$ 22,793,344	\$ 23,135,744	\$ 21,228,700	\$ 19,428,533	\$	17,765,744	\$ 12,867,278	\$ 9,475,595
(asset) liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	-67.92%	-32.57%	-8.63%	21.20%	-27.64%		8.11%	-0.40%	-28.59%
total pension (asset) liability	116.16%	106.70%	101.90%	95.23%	106.30%		98.21%	100.10%	106.80%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE PENSION PLAN - SWDBP Employee Pension Plan Last Eight Fiscal Years¹

_	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 2,969,917	\$ 2,468,000	\$ 2,051,401	\$ 2,082,217	\$ 1,910,583	\$ 1,748,568	\$ 1,598,917	\$ 1,158,055
contractually required	2,969,917	2,468,000	2,051,401	2,082,217	1,910,583	1,748,568	1,598,917	1,158,055
Contribution Deficiency	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$
Contribution Deficiency District's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ — \$ 32,999,078	\$ <u>—</u> \$ 27,422,222	\$ — \$ 22,793,344	\$ <u>-</u> \$ 23,135,744	\$ — \$ 21,228,700	\$ — \$ 19,428,533	\$ — \$ 17,765,744	\$ — \$ 12,867,278

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION (ASSET) LIABILITY - SWHDBP

Employee Pension Plan Last Eight Measurement Periods¹

Measurement Period Ending December 31,	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's portion of the net pension (asset) liability	20.24%	20.35%	21.07%	20.52%	24.09%	27.33%	26.35%	28.28%
District's proportionate share of the net								
pension (asset) liability	\$ (7,675,599)	\$ (5,597,843)	\$ (4,103,286) \$	(2,832,350) \$	(4,710,497) \$	(2,975,024) \$	(2,776,506) \$	(3,353,511)
District's covered payroll	\$ 745,007	\$ 679,152	\$ 730,978 \$	710,935 \$	800,787 \$	768,350 \$	756,585 \$	718,857
District's proportionate share of the net pension								
(asset) liability as a percentage of its covered								
payroll	-1030.27%	-824.24%	-561.34%	-398.40%	-588.23%	-387.20%	-366.98%	-466.51%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the								
total pension asset	149.01%	137.99%	130.06%	123.46%	138.86%	127.50%	129.40%	106.80%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE PENSION PLAN - SWHDBP Employee Pension Plan Last Eight Fiscal Years¹

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 351,423	\$ 342,703	\$ 312,410	\$ 336,250	\$ 327,030	\$ 368,362	\$ 353,441	\$ 348,029
contractually required contribution	351,423	342,703	312,410	336,250	327,030	368,362	353,441	348,029
Contribution Deficiency	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 763,963	\$ 745,007	\$ 679,152	\$ 730,978	\$ 710,935	\$ 800,787	\$ 768,350	\$ 756,585
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	46.00%	46.00%	46.00%	46.00%	46.00%	46.00%	46.00%	46.00%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2022

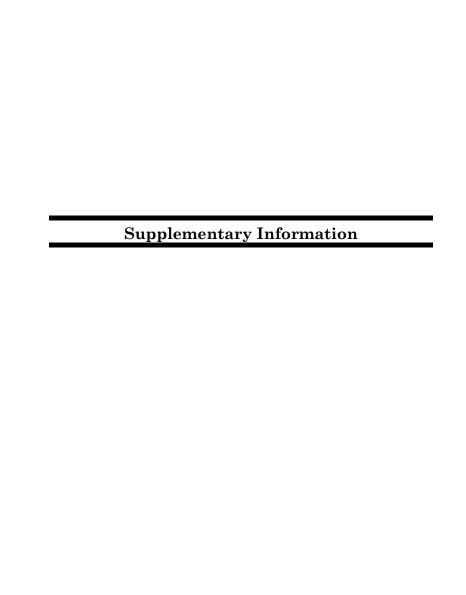
1. Budgetary Information

Budgets for major governmental funds are adopted on the modified accrual basis where capital outlays are treated as expenditures and depreciation is not budgeted. Proceeds from debt financing and the sale of general fixed assets are accounted for as other financing sources. In addition, debt service principal payments are included as expenditures in the budget. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The West Metro Fire Protection District's Board of Directors must approve transfers between funds or increases to a fund's budget.

2. Expenditures/Expenses In Excess Of Appropriation

Colorado's budget law requires that expenditures and transfers for a department or fund cannot exceed the appropriations for that department or fund. Appropriations for a department or fund may be increased, provided unanticipated resources offset them.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Fleet Maintenance fund expenditures exceeded their budgeted appropriation by \$19,609.



Combining And Individual Fund Statement Section

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2022

Assets

		CO-TF1 Special Revenue Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Gov	Total Nonmajor ernmental Funds					
Investments	\$	_	\$	2,694,236	\$	2,694,236					
Grants receivable	Ψ	1,300,515	Ψ	2,034,200	Ψ	1,300,515					
Prepaid items		15,856				15,856					
Tropata tromo		10,000				10,000					
Total Assets	\$	1,316,371	\$	2,694,236	\$	4,010,607					
Liabilities And Fund Balances											
Liabilities											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	154,754	\$		\$	154,754					
Payroll liabilities	·	50,644				50,644					
Due to other funds		1,111,959				1,111,959					
Total Liabilities		1,317,357		_		1,317,357					
Fund Balances											
Nonspendable		15,856				15,856					
Assigned		_		2,694,236		2,694,236					
Unassigned		(16,842)				(16,842)					
Total Fund Balances		(986)		2,694,236		2,693,250					
Total Liabilities And Fund Balances	\$	1,316,371	\$	2,694,236	\$	4,010,607					

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	CO-TF1 Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor ernmental Funds
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,175,460	\$ 	\$ 2,175,460
Investment earnings		35,739	35,739
Total Revenues	2,175,460	35,739	2,211,199
Expenditures			
Grants	2,107,357		2,107,357
Capital outlay	67,210	2,135,059	2,202,269
Total Expenditures	2,174,567	2,135,059	4,309,626
Deficiency Of Revenues Under Expenditures	893	(2,099,320)	(2,098,427)
Other Financing Source		0 450 505	0 550 505
Transfers in		2,578,767	2,578,767
Net Change In Fund Balances	893	479,447	480,340
Fund Balances - Beginning	(1,879)	2,214,789	2,212,910
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ (986)	\$ 2,694,236	\$ 2,693,250

GO Debt Service Fund

The GO Debt Service Fund is used to account for both monies received from property taxes and payment of principal and interest on the District's General Obligation bonded debt.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GO DEBT SERVICE FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

						riances th Final	
	Budgete	d Amounts			Budget -		
		iginal And	•	Actual	Positive		
		Final		Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	3,193,643	\$	3,130,427	\$	(63,216)	
Expenditures							
Administrative		48,643		45,886		2,757	
Debt service:							
Interest		650,000		650,000			
Principal		2,495,000		2,495,000			
Total Expenditures		3,193,643		3,190,886		2,757	
Excess Of Revenues Over							
Expenditures				(60, 459)		(60,459)	
Net Change In Fund Balance		_		(60,459)		(60,459)	
Fund Balances - Beginning		390,018		390,018			
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	390,018	\$	329,559	\$	(60,459)	

CO-TF1 Special Revenue Fund

The CO-TF1 Special Revenue Fund accounts for all transactions associated with the Colorado Task Force and the Federal Emergency Management Agency grants associated with training and deployment of the Task Force. The Special Revenue Fund also accounts for expenditures in relation to those grants and expenditures of the Task Force.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for resources and capital outlays expended for equipment and various capital project approved by the District's electors that is not associated with construction and equipment purchased in connection with the General Obligation Bond.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -CO-TF1 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

						ariances ith Final
	Budgete	ed Amounts				Budget -
	Or	iginal And	,	Actual		Positive
		Final		Amounts	(N	(egative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental - grants	\$	2,271,045	\$	2,175,460	\$	(95,585)
Expenditures						
Colorado Deployment Task Force 1		2,151,045		2,107,357		43,688
Capital outlay		120,000		67,210		52,790
Total Expenditures		2,271,045		2,174,567		96,478
Net Change In Fund Balance		_		893		893
Fund Balances - Beginning		(1,879)		(1,879)		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	(1,879)	\$	(986)	\$	893

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

						riances th Final			
	Budgete	d Amounts			Budget -				
		ginal And		Actual	Positive				
		Amounts	(N	egative)					
Revenues									
Investment earnings	\$		\$	35,739	\$	35,739			
Expenditures									
Capital outlay		2,578,767		2,135,059		443,708			
Deficiency Of Revenues									
Under Expenditures		(2,578,767)		(2,099,320)		479,447			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in		2,578,767		0 570 767					
Transfers in		2,970,707		2,578,767					
Net Change In Fund Balance		_		479,447		479,447			
Fund Balances - Beginning		2,214,789		2,214,789					
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	2,214,789	\$	2,694,236	\$	479,447			

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments for agencies of the government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Apparatus Replacement Fund

The Apparatus Replacement Fund is used to account for the rental of apparatus to the District and the accumulation of resources for replacement of apparatus as needed.

Fleet Maintenance Fund

This fund is used to operate the fleet maintenance shop of the District. The maintenance shop charges the District and other governments for the repair of fire apparatus.

Training Center Fund

This fund is used to operate the training center of the District. The training center charges the District and other governments for the use of structure and class space to conduct fire training academies and for other conferences and classes.

CMCB Licensing Fund

The CMCB Licensing Fund is used to provide the member departments and their firefighters a professional, dependable and equitable certification process. The CMCB Licensing Fund is financially supported through the CMCB agreement with all agencies paying fair shares of hard costs and receiving some financial stipend for the soft costs (rent space, IT assistance, etc.).

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS December 31, 2022

	Re	Apparatus eplacement Internal	M	Fleet Iaintenance Internal		Training Center Internal			CMCB censing nternal		Total Internal
	Se	rvice Fund	Se	ervice Fund	Se	rvice Fund	Ser	vic	e Fund	Sei	vice Funds
Assets											
Current assets:											
Investments	\$	2,719,473	\$	992,610	\$	3,579,892		\$	1,266	\$	7,293,241
Receivables		_		57,480		1,334			80,951		139,765
Inventory - parts		_		722,008		_			_		722,008
Due from other funds		_		3,676		96,350			_		100,026
Total Current Assets		2,719,473		1,775,774		3,677,576			82,217		8,255,040
Noncurrent assets:											
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:											
Construction in progress		3,967,996		_		_			_		3,967,996
Land		_		206,500		3,060,000			_		3,266,500
Buildings		_		675,326		9,143,734			_		9,819,060
Equipment		_		95,745		119,616			_		215,361
Apparatus and vehicles		8,685,424		_					_		8,685,424
Total Noncurrent Assets		12,653,420		977,571		12,323,350					25,954,341
Total Assets		15,372,893		2,753,345		16,000,926			82,217		34,209,381
Liabilities											
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		18.653		104,655		72,107			6,858		202,273
Payroll liabilities		10,000		43.878		23.514			2.003		69,395
Total Liabilities		18,653		148,533		95,621			8,861		271,668
Net Position											
		10.050.400		055 551		10 000 050					05 05 4 0 41
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		12,653,420		977,571		12,323,350			72.250		25,954,341
Unrestricted		2,700,820		1,627,241		3,581,955			73,356		7,983,372
Total Net Position	\$	15,354,240	\$	2,604,812	\$	15,905,305		\$	73,356	\$	33,937,713

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Re	Internal		Fleet Iaintenance Internal ervice Fund	Sei	Training Center Internal rvice Fund	CMCB icensing Internal ice Fund	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues								
Charges of sales and other services	\$	174,428	\$	1,981,711	\$	1,111,210	\$ 242,544	\$ 3,509,893
Operating Expenses								
Depreciation		1,436,098		113,839		576,200	_	2,126,137
Cost of sales and services		86,887		1,990,676		1,045,954	237,396	3,360,913
Total Operating Expenses		1,522,985		2,104,515		1,622,154	237,396	5,487,050
Operating Income (Loss)		(1,348,557)		(122,804))	(510,944)	5,148	(1,977,157)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)								
Interest		38,061		14,335		51,204	_	103,600
Loss on sale of capital assets		(29,526)	1				_	(29,526)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses))	8,535		14,335		51,204	_	74,074
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		(1,340,022)		(108,469))	(459,740)	5,148	(1,903,083)
Transfers								
Transfers in		2,000,000		_		_	_	2,000,000
Change In Net Position		659,978		(108, 469)	,	(459,740)	5,148	96,917
Total Net Position - Beginning		14,694,262		2,713,281		16,365,045	68,208	33,840,796
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	15,354,240	\$	3 2,604,812	\$	15,905,305	\$ 73,356	\$ 33,937,713

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Re	Apparatus placement Internal rvice Fund	Internal	Ser	Training Center Internal vice Fund	CMCB Licensing Internal vice Fund	Serv	Total Internal vice Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities								_
Cash received from customers	\$	174,428	\$ 39,076	\$	371,593	\$ 187,191	\$	772,288
Cash received from interfund services provided		· —	1,924,575		868,350	30,007		2,822,932
Cash received paid to suppliers		(558, 784)	(859,854)		(271,111)	(61,554)		(1,751,303)
Cash paid to employees			(1,212,413)		(716,023)	(169, 865)		(2,098,301)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities		(384, 356)	(108,616)		252,809	(14,221)		(254,384)
Cash Flows Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers in		2,000,000						2,000,000
Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities								
Purchase of capital assets		(4,361,836)	(13,801)		(114,675)	_		(4,490,312)
Proceeds from sale of property		12,323				_		12,323
Net Cash Used In Capital And Related Financing Activities		(4,349,513)	(13,801)		(114,675)	_		(4,477,989)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities								
Sales of investments		2,695,808	108,082			14,221		2,818,111
Purchases of investments		_	_		(189, 338)	_		(189, 338)
Interest received		38,061	14,335		51,204			103,600
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Investing Activities		2,733,869	122,417		(138, 134)	14,221		2,732,373
Change In Cash And Cash Equivalents		_	_		_	_		_
Cash And Cash Equivalents - Beginning Of Year		_	_		_			
Cash And Cash Equivalents - End Of Year	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$ _	\$	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(1,348,557)	\$ (122,804)	\$	(510,944)	\$ 5,148	\$	(1,977,157)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to								
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		1,436,098	113,839		576,200			2,126,137
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
Inventories		_	(191,223)			_		(191,223)
Accounts receivable		_	5,495		147,656	(25,347)		127,804
Accounts payable		(471,897)	90,188		51,468	5,295		(324,946)
Payroll liabilities			(4,111)		(11,571)	683		(14,999)
Total Adjustments		964,201	14,188		763,753	(19,369)		1,722,773
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities	\$	(384,356)	\$ (108,616)	\$	252,809	\$ (14,221)	\$	(254,384)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - APPARATUS REPLACEMENT INTERNAL SERVICE FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original And Actual Final Amounts				Variances With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues						_	
Rental of apparatus	\$	125,000	\$	174,428	\$	49,428	
Interest				38,061		38,061	
Total Revenues		125,000		212,489		87,489	
Expenses		1 000 000		1 400 000		100.000	
Depreciation		1,620,000		1,436,098		183,902	
Cost of sales		4,487,601		86,887		4,400,714	
Total Expenses		6,107,601		1,522,985		4,584,616	
Loss Before Other Financing Source		(5,982,601)		(1,310,496)		4,672,105	
Other Financing Source (Uses)							
Transfers in		2,020,626		2,000,000		(20,626)	
Loss on disposal of capital assets		_		(29,526)		(29,526)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,020,626		1,970,474		(50,152)	
Change In Net Position		(3,961,975)		659,978		4,621,953	
Net Position - Beginning		14,694,346		14,694,262			
Net Position - Ending	\$	10,732,371	\$	15,354,240	\$	4,621,953	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - FLEET MAINTENANCE INTERNAL SERVICE FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

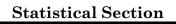
						ariances ith Final	
	Budgete	d Amounts			Budget -		
	Ori	Original And				Positive	
		Final		Amounts	(N	(egative)	
Revenues						_	
Charges of sales and services	\$	1,708,500	\$	1,981,711	\$	273,211	
Interest				14,335		14,335	
Total Revenues		1,708,500		1,996,046		287,546	
Expenses							
Depreciation		100,000		113,839		(13,839)	
Cost of sales and services		1,984,906		1,990,676		(5,770)	
Total Expenses		2,084,906		2,104,515		(19,609)	
Change In Net Position		(376,406)		(108,469)		267,937	
Net Position - Beginning		2,713,281		2,713,281			
Net Position - Ending	\$	2,336,875	\$	2,604,812	\$	267,937	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - TRAINING CENTER INTERNAL SERVICE FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

						ariances ith Final	
	Budgete	d Amounts				Budget -	
	Or	Original And Actual			Positive		
		Final A			(N	Vegative)	
Revenues							
Interest	\$		\$	51,204	\$	51,204	
Charges of sales and services		1,406,258		1,111,210		(295,048)	
Total Revenues		1,406,258		1,162,414		(243,844)	
Expenses							
Depreciation		635,000		576,200		58,800	
Cost of sales and services		1,682,221		1,045,954		636,267	
Total Expenses		2,317,221		1,622,154		695,067	
Change In Net Position		(910,963)		(459,740)		451,223	
Net Position - Beginning		16,365,045		16,365,045			
Net Position - Ending	\$	15,454,082	\$	15,905,305	\$	451,223	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CMCB LICENSING INTERNAL SERVICE FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted . Origi	Amounts nal And Final	•	Actual Amounts	Wi	ariances th Final Budget - Positive egative)
Revenues		rinai	1	inounts	(11	csauve)
Charges of sales and services	\$	264,900	\$	242,544	\$	(22,356)
Expenses Cost of sales and services		275,113		237,396		37,717
Change In Net Position		(10,213)		5,148		15,361
Net Position - Beginning		68,208		68,208		
Net Position - Ending	\$	57,995	\$	73,356	\$	15,361



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the West Metro Fire Protection District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosure and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being has changed over time	121-126
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the District's ability to generate its property taxes.	127-132
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	133-136
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	137-139
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the District's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the District's financial information relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	140-147

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

WEST METRO FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 1

Schedule	•
(Unaudite	d

		2013	_	2014	 2015	 2016	 2017		2018		2019		2020	 2021	_	2022
Governmental activities																
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	13,143,461	\$	12,855,013	\$ 12,643,534	\$ 17,942,943	\$ 17,651,338	\$	20,390,284	\$	21,727,650	\$	24,336,339	\$ 26,793,554	\$	32,542,844
Restricted		1,920,071		1,880,675	1,821,937	2,291,243	2,355,033		2,454,663		2,788,921		2,953,346	3,108,712		3,193,164
Unrestricted		14,617,067		18,411,349	21,177,859	23,715,779	26,878,130		36,394,148		43,368,192		50,939,101	56,853,289		68,985,760
Total governmental activities, net position	\$	29,680,599	\$	33,147,038	\$ 35,643,330	\$ 43,949,965	\$ 46,884,501	\$	59,239,095	\$	67,884,763	\$	78,228,786	\$ 86,755,555	\$	104,721,768
					 	 	 							 	-	
Primary government																
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	13,143,461	\$	12,855,013	\$ 12,643,534	\$ 17,942,943	\$ 17,651,338	\$	20,390,284	\$	21,727,650	\$	24,336,339	\$ 26,793,554	\$	32,542,844
Restricted		1,920,071		1,880,675	1,821,937	2,291,243	2,355,033		2,454,663		2,788,921		2,953,346	3,108,712		3,193,164
Unrestricted		14,617,067		18,411,349	21,177,859	23,715,779	26,878,130		36,394,148		43,368,192		50,939,101	56,853,289		68,985,760
Total primary government net position	\$	29,680,599	\$	33,147,038	\$ 35,643,330	\$ 43,949,965	\$ 46,884,501	\$	59,239,095	\$	67,884,763	\$	78,228,786	\$ 86,755,555	\$	104,721,768
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WEST METRO FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Change in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 2 (Unaudited)

				Fiscal Year			
		2013	2014	2015	2016		2017
Expenses							
Governmental activities:							
Administration	\$	4,359,282	\$ (210,501)	\$ 5,349,826	\$ 7,395,601	\$	5,833,561
Operations		45,981,278	49,613,936	46,264,950	54,416,492		59,243,575
Life Safety		2,006,813	2,199,867	2,478,119	2,592,503		3,389,241
Community Outreach							63,885
COTF 1 Search and Rescue		1,968,334	1,148,653	1,327,132	1,301,995		2,938,385
Interest on long-term debt		1,572,028	1,092,194	1,019,825	838,363		948,489
Total governmental activities expense	\$	55,887,735	\$ 53,844,150	\$ 56,439,853	\$ 66,544,954	\$	72,417,136
Program Revenues							
Charges for services:							
Administration	\$	48,780	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Operations		11,298,551	12,778,262	14,244,872	20,783,838		16,317,526
Life Safety		399,282	548,479	530,512	665,556		709,701
Community Outreach							
Operating grants and contributions:							
Administration		19,444					
Community Outreach							
Intergovernmental Grants		2,377,647	1,281,779	1,294,456	2,087,932		4,914,204
Capital grants and contributions:							
Operations					2,857,739		
Total governmental activities revenue	\$	14,143,704	\$ 14,608,520	\$ 16,069,840	\$ 26,395,065	\$	21,941,431
Net Revenue (Expense)							
Total primary government net expense	\$	(41,744,031)	\$ (39,235,630)	\$ (40,370,013)	\$ (40,149,889)	\$	(50,475,705)
General Revenues							
Property tax	\$	38,552,066	\$ 38,630,681	\$ 38,587,344	\$ 44,499,491	\$	49,417,373
Specific ownership tax		2,965,330	3,130,799	3,313,697	3,674,040		4,865,714
Investment earnings		28,736	143,008	101,078	11,916		290,136
Gain on sale of capital assets					75,990		24,835
Other Income		21,733	797,581	115,873	195,087		269,246
Total governmental activities	\$	41,567,865	\$ 42,702,069	\$ 42,117,992	\$ 48,456,524	\$	54,867,304
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses -							
total primary government	\$	(176,166)	\$ 3,466,439	\$ 1,747,979	\$ 8,306,635	\$	4,391,599
Change in Net Position							
Total primary government	\$	(176,166)	\$ 3,466,439	\$ 1,747,979	\$ 8,306,635	\$	4,391,599
	_					_	_

WEST METRO FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Change in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 2 (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year			
		2018		2019		2020	2021	2022
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
Administration	\$	579,380	\$	6,072,784	\$	5,829,568	\$ 5,502,825	\$ 2,318,461
Operations		64,635,164		66,551,838		72,205,492	76,561,593	79,406,435
Life Safety		3,210,290		3,468,549		3,497,649	3,822,152	3,658,748
Community Outreach		23,609						
COTF 1 Search and Rescue		2,274,692		1,991,727		2,140,783	2,314,367	2,216,992
Interest on long-term debt		902,075		869,252		821,030	738,658	669,508
Total governmental activities expense	\$	71,625,210	\$	78,954,150	\$	84,494,522	\$ 88,939,595	\$ 88,270,144
Program Revenues								
Charges for services:								
Administration	\$:	\$		\$		\$	\$
Operations		18,871,115		20,461,388		22,052,404	26,671,489	27,439,867
Life Safety		681,707		945,573		910,678	817,819	943,677
Community Outreach								
Operating grants and contributions:								
Administration								
Community Outreach								
Intergovernmental Grants		2,881,447		2,025,134		3,091,362	2,189,238	4,137,036
Capital grants and contributions:								
Operations								
Total governmental activities revenue	\$	22,434,269	\$	23,432,095	\$	26,054,444	\$ 29,678,546	\$ 32,520,580
Net Revenue (Expense)								
Total primary government net expense	\$	(49,190,941)	\$	(55,522,055)	\$	(58,440,078)	\$ (59,261,049)	\$ (55,749,564)
General Revenues								
Property tax	\$	55,378,650	\$	57,804,981	\$	63,052,710	\$ 62,729,110	\$ 68,843,556
Specific ownership tax		5,264,332		5,109,184		4,892,706	5,033,679	4,935,884
Investment earnings		755,558		1,094,251		534,519	(123,948)	(91,121)
Gain on sale of capital assets				67,480		70,776	38,526	(29,526)
Other Income		146,995		91,827		233,390	110,451	56,984
Total governmental activities	\$	61,545,535	\$	64,167,723	\$	68,784,101	\$ 67,787,818	\$ 73,715,777
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses -								
total primary government	\$	12,354,594	\$	8,645,668	\$	10,344,023	\$ 8,526,769	\$ 17,966,213
Change in Net Position								
Total primary government	\$	12,354,594	\$	8,645,668	\$	10,344,023	\$ 8,526,769	\$ 17,966,213
	_		_					

WEST METRO FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 3 (Unaudited)

		2013		2014		2015]	Fiscal Year 2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
General Fund																				
Reserved	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Unreserved																				
Nonspendable		205,999		98,880		44,292		1,292,606		1,110,043		1,180,521		810,285		817,178		852,536		1,306,466
Restricted		1,477,863		1,469,615		1,441,089		1,832,335		1,881,235		2,110,735		2,479,735		2,479,735		2,718,694		2,863,605
Committed		4,401,181		5,010,000		5,195,700														
Assigned				7,417,229								79,834				32,414		-		-
Unassigned		7,193,717		-		10,359,594		17,650,465		22,104,158		25,686,540		31,693,799		36,313,904		40,829,204		48,173,170
Total General Fund	\$	13,278,760	\$	13,995,725	\$	17,040,675	\$	20,775,406	\$	25,095,436	\$	29,057,630	\$	34,983,819	\$	39,643,231	\$	44,400,434	\$	52,343,241
All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable, reported in: GO Construction Fund	s	86,080,00	s	65,421.00	s	44.762.00	\$		\$		\$		s		\$		\$		s	
Special Revenue Fund	Э	80,080.00	э	65,421.00	3	44,762.00	э	31,528	Ф	31,532	Э	30,659	3	12,292	э	12,116	Э	17,715	3	15,856
Restricted, reported in:								31,328		31,332		30,639		12,292		12,116		17,713		13,830
GO Debt Service Fund		418,300		395,152		358,467		404,061		405,511		343,928		304,228		473,611		390,018		329,559
Special Revenue Fund		15,908		15,908		22,381		54,847		68,287				4,958						
Assigned, reported in:																				
GO Construction Fund		370,452		285,494		168,964														
Capital Projects Fund		94,584		94,584		44,140		310,714		689,132		730,609		910,499		2,484,800		2,214,789		2,694,236
Unassigned - Special Revenue Fund	d											(27,934)				(7,828)		(19,594)		(16,842)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	985,324	S	856,559	\$	638,714	\$	801,150	S	1.194.462	\$	1.077,262	\$	1,231,977	\$	2,962,699	S	2,602,928	\$	3,022,809

Change in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 4 (Unaudited)

]	Fiscal Year				
	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
REVENUES									
Taxes:									
Property Tax	\$ 38,552,066		38,630,681	\$	38,587,344	\$	44,499,491	\$	49,417,373
Specific Ownership Taxes	2,965,330		3,130,799		3,313,697		3,674,040		4,865,714
Permit Fees	396,968		548,479		530,512		665,556		709,701
Intergovernmental - Grants	2,225,175		1,116,037		1,294,456		3,398,012		4,914,204
On-Behalf Payment of Benefits	19,444		6 400 654		6.730.046		6 071 627		7.212.207
Emergency Medical Services Contractual Income	6,075,772		6,490,654		6,730,846		6,971,637		7,313,287
	4,463,597		3,514,537		5,042,788		9,661,373		5,695,260
Investment Income Donations and contributions	26,017		143,008		36,362		11,916		183,695
Other	22,858		797,581		76,934		1,525 175,384		234,111
Total Revenues	54,747,227	_	54,371,776	_	55,612,939	_	69,058,934	_	73,333,345
Total Revenues	34,747,227	_	34,371,770	_	33,012,939	_	02,030,234	_	73,333,343
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Administration	4,408,836		5,110,797		4,394,492		5,069,529		5,317,729
Operations	40,593,757		40,255,326		41,241,978		51,254,800		52,468,222
Life Safety	1,974,416		1,909,154		2,388,801		2,624,194		3,038,855
Community Outreach	, , ,		,, .		, ,		,,,,,		63,885
Capital Projects									
COTF1-Urban Search and Rescue	1,972,135		1,116,648		1,321,364		1,291,879		2,813,595
Capital Outlay:									
Administration	6,850								
Operations	4,372,860		1,831,497		129,422		732,830		191,184
Life Safety	1,173								
Capital Projects									304,229
COTF1-Urban Search and Rescue									48,896
Debt Service:									
Principal	1,755,000		1,910,000		2,000,000		2,240,000		2,371,376
Issuance Costs/ Other Fees	170,749		30,459		45,600		149,593		
Interest	1,640,534	_	1,319,700		1,232,475	_	992,874		1,002,032
Total Expenditures	56,896,310		53,483,580		52,754,132		64,355,696		67,620,003
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	(2,149,083)) _	888,196		2,858,807		4,703,239	_	5,713,342
OTHER FRI LYCHIC COURCES (MORS)									
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							1 022 640		675 100
Transfers In	(92.610)		(200,000)		(21 (07)		1,923,649		675,123
Transfers Out Refunding Bonds Issued	(82,619)		(300,000)		(31,697)		(2,824,424)		(1,675,123)
Bond Proceeds	22,970,000						5,890,000		
Bond Premiums	2 672 066						957 101		
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	2,672,966						857,191 (6,652,490)		
Sales of Capital Assets	(25,467,584)	,					(0,032,490)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	02.762	_	(200,000)	_	(21 607)	_	(906 074)	_	(1,000,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)	92,763	_	(300,000)	_	(31,697)	_	(806,074)	_	(1,000,000)
Net change in fund balance	(2,056,320	`	588,196		2,827,110		3,897,165		1 712 212
Net change in fund balance	(2,030,320	,	366,190		2,027,110		3,077,103		4,713,342
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	16,320,404		14,264,084		14,852,281		17,679,391		21,576,556
	10,020,104	_	1 1,20 1,007	_	1.,002,201	_	1,,0,,,5,1		21,0,0,000
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 14,264,084	\$	14,852,281	\$	17,679,391	\$	21,576,556	\$	26,289,898
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	6.79%		6.31%		6.23%		5.08%		5.03%

WEST METRO FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Change in Fund Balances

Change in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 4 (Unaudited)

	2018			2019	1	Fiscal Year 2020		2021		2022
REVENUES		2010		-017		-0-0				
Taxes:										
Property Tax	\$	55,378,650	\$	57,804,981	\$	63,052,710	\$	62,729,110	\$	68,843,556
Specific Ownership Taxes		5,264,332		5,109,184		4,892,706		5,033,679		4,935,884
Permit Fees		681,707		945,573		910,678		817,819		943,677
Intergovernmental - Grants		2,881,447		2,101,903		3,091,362		2,189,238		4,137,036
On-Behalf Payment of Benefits										
Emergency Medical Services		7,987,006		10,984,043		11,872,753		15,708,921		17,650,720
Contractual Income		6,910,036		5,697,843		6,966,075		7,270,444		6,279,254
Investment Income		621,741		937,673		464,701		(123,948)		(194,721)
Donations and contributions										
Other		96,109		74,553		233,390		110,451		56,984
Total Revenues	_	79,821,028	_	83,655,753		91,484,375	_	93,735,714	_	102,652,390
EXPENDITURES Current:										
Administration		6,771,913		6,968,375		7,086,878		7,620,403		8,513,419
Operations		58,141,291		59,693,907		64,209,700		68,070,533		70,489,447
Life Safety		3,133,314		3,458,647		3,410,261		3,938,015		3,684,589
Community Outreach		23,609								
Capital Projects		324,875		361,125		1,797,991		1,352,773		2,135,059
COTF1-Urban Search and Rescue		2,313,338		1,955,079		1,760,904		1,892,232		2,015,074
Capital Outlay:										
Administration		12,170								
Operations		61,718		110,436		69,793		1,212,427		1,851,572
Life Safety										
Capital Projects		393,916		318,910		1,858,643		389,038		-
COTF1-Urban Search and Rescue		183,744		55,530		290,274		196,269		159,491
Debt Service:										
Principal		2,441,910		2,477,634		2,518,554		2,619,678		2,768,522
Issuance Costs/ Other Fees										
Interest		924,236	_	883,062	_	841,241		746,918		672,531
Total Expenditures		74,726,034		76,282,705		83,844,239		88,038,286		92,289,702
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		5,094,994		7,373,048		7,640,136		5,697,428		10,362,688
OTHER EINANGING COURGE (USES)										
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In		1,044,896		1,088,618		5,506,762		2,664,670		2,590,443
Transfers Out						(6,756,762)		, ,		
Refunding Bonds Issued		(2,294,896)		(2,380,762)		(0,/30,/02)		(3,964,670)		(4,590,443)
Bond Proceeds										
Bond Proceeds Bond Premiums										
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent										
Sales of Capital Assets	_	(1.050.00=	_	(1.000.11.	_	(1.050.000	_	(1.200.005)	_	(2.000.000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,250,000)	_	(1,292,144)	_	(1,250,000)	_	(1,300,000)	_	(2,000,000)
Net change in fund balance		3,844,994		6,080,904		6,390,136		4,397,430		8,362,688
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		26,289,898	_	30,134,892	_	36,215,796	_	42,605,932	_	47,003,362
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	30,134,892	\$	36,215,796	\$	42,605,932	\$	47,003,362	\$	55,366,050
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		4.54%		4.43%		4.12%		3.90%		3.81%

Government-Wide Revenues Last Nine Fiscal Years Schedule 5 (Unaudited)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	 PROGRA	AM REVE	NUES	 GENI	ERAL I	REVEN	UES		
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	charges for ervices	Gran and <u>Contrib</u>	d	<u>Taxes</u>		stment nings		Other ne (Loss)	<u>Total</u>
2013	\$ 11,747	\$	2,397	\$ 41,517	\$	29	\$	22	\$ 55,712
2014	13,327		1,282	41,761		143		798	57,311
2015	14,775		1,294	41,901		101		116	58,188
2016	21,449		4,946	48,174		12		271	74,852
2017	17,027		4,914	54,283		290		294	76,809
2018	19,553		2,881	60,643		756		147	83,980
2019	21,407		2,025	62,914		1,094		159	87,600
2020	22,963		3,091	67,945		535		304	94,839
2021	27,489		2,189	67,763		(124)		149	97,466
2022	\$ 28,384	\$	4,137	\$ 73,779	\$	(91)	\$	27	\$ 106,236

Source: West Metro Fire Protection District Finance Division

General Governmental Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 6 (Unaudited)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Property <u>Tax</u>	Specifi Ownersh <u>Tax</u>		Inter- governmental <u>Grants</u>	<u>Oı</u>	n-Behalf (1)	vestment ncome	<u>Pe</u>	ermits	I	mergency Medical Services	Con	tractual (2)	<u>C</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>
2013	\$ 38,552	\$ 2,9	55 \$	2,225	\$	19	\$ 26	\$	397	\$	6,076	\$	4,464	\$	23	\$ 54,747
2014	38,631	3,1	31	1,116			143		548		6,491		3,515		798	54,372
2015	38,587	3,3	14	1,294			36		531		6,731		5,043		77	55,613
2016	44,499	3,6	74	3,398			12		666		6,972		9,661		177	69,059
2017	49,417	4,8	56	4,914			184		710		7,313		5,695		234	73,333
2018	55,379	5,2	54	2,881			622		682		7,987		6,910		96	79,821
2019	57,805	5,1)9	2,102			938		946		10,984		5,698		75	83,656
2020	63,053	4,8	93	3,091			465		911		11,873		6,966		233	91,484
2021	62,729	5,0	34	2,189			(124)		818		15,709		7,270		110	93,736
2022	\$ 68,844	\$ 4,9	36 \$	4,137			\$ (195)	\$	944	\$	17,651	\$	6,279	\$	57	\$ 102,652

Source: West Metro Fire Protection District Finance Division

Includes all governmental fund types.

⁽¹⁾ On-Behalf Payment of Benefits not recorded after 2014. State match for volunteer pension was directly paid to the Plan

⁽²⁾ Contractual revenue went up in 2016 due to Wheat Ridge IGA service agreement

WEST METRO FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 7 (Unaudited)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Real Property

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Assesse <u>Value</u>		Total Direct <u>Tax Rate</u>
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	\$ 2,827, 2,854, 2,866, 3,295, 3,718, 4,251, 4,315, 4,865,	697 26,182,345 088 26,328,874 834 31,373,110 098 37,821,999 409 43,647,913 710 44,196,568 619 50,943,307	13.59 13.52 13.52 13.40 13.36 13.22 13.21
2021 2022	4,893, \$ 5,345,	. , ,	13.20 13.43

Source: Jefferson County and Douglas County Assessors

For fiscal years 2013, the residential rate was 7.96% and the actual value referred to November 2010 For fiscal years 2014-2015, the residential rate was 7.96% and the actual value referred to November 2012 For fiscal years 2016-2017, the residential rate was 7.96% and the actual value referred to November 2014 For fiscal years 2018-2019, the residential rate was 7.20% and the actual value referred to November 2016 For fiscal years 2020-2021, the residential rate was 7.15% and the actual value refers to November 2018 For fiscal year 2022, the residential rate is 6.95% and the actual value refers to November 2020 The non-residential property assessment rate is 29% for all years presented.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 8 (Unaudited)

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	Dis	strict Direct Rat	es			Overlapping Ra	ates*
		General			Jefferson		Other
		Obligation			and		Cities, Towns
Fiscal	Basic	Debt	Total		Douglas	R-1 School	and Special
Year	Rate	<u>Service</u>	<u>Direct</u>		<u>County</u>	<u>District</u>	Districts (1)
2013	12.382	1.212	13.59	Jefferson	25.846	50.369	32.294
2013	12.382	1.212	13.59	Douglas	19.774	48.727	64.984
2014	12.382	1.142	13.52	Jefferson	25.846	50.165	35.180
2014	12.382	1.142	13.52	Douglas	19.774	48.277	64.946
2015	12.382	1.142	13.52	Jefferson	24.212	47.487	34.677
2015	12.382	1.142	13.52	Douglas	19.774	42.439	60.012
2016	12.382	1.015	13.40	Jefferson	24.709	45.941	36.093
2016	12.382	1.015	13.40	Douglas	19.274	41.064	57.424
2017	12.382	0.973	13.36	Jefferson	22.420	42.878	29.532
2017	12.382	0.973	13.36	Douglas	19.774	38.996	57.483
2018	12.382	0.837	13.22	Jefferson	23.739	49.416	31.322
2018	12.382	0.837	13.22	Douglas	19.774	44.950	56.795
2019	12.382	0.827	13.21	Jefferson	23.332	47.075	32.316
2019	12.382	0.827	13.21	Douglas	19.274	43.839	31.864
2020	12.499	0.728	13.23	Jefferson	24.578	47.038	29.641
2020	12.499	0.728	13.23	Douglas	19.274	43.504	30.395
2021	12.530	0.666	13.20	Jefferson	26.241	45.808	35.566
2021	12.530	0.666	13.20	Douglas	18.524	43.797	21.213
2022	12.753	0.678	13.43	Jefferson	26.978	46.133	38.066
2022	12.753	0.678	13.43	Douglas	18.524	42.836	20.313

Source: Jefferson and Douglas County Abstracts of Assessment

Note: The District's basic property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the District's residents.

Rates for debt service are set each year based on General Obligation Debt principal and interest.

⁽¹⁾ Tax rates of cities and other Special Districts are composite average rates.

^{*} Overlapping rates are those of local and special district governments that apply to property owners. Not all overlapping rates apply to all property owners as multiple special districts are included in the calculation, however, a property owner may only be assessed to two or three special districts.

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago Schedule 9 (Unaudited)

			2022			2	.013	
				Percent				Percent
				Of Total				Of Total
<u>Taxpayers</u>	As	ssessed Value	Rank	Assessed Value *	As	sessed Value	Rank	Assessed Value
	•	04 550 050		4.510/	•	42.020.000		
Public Service Co Of Colorado	\$	91,573,058	1	1.71%	\$	43,929,988	1	1.55%
Colorado Mills		36,623,784	2	0.69%		31,320,000	2	1.11%
Belmar Commercial Owner LP		31,584,833	3	0.59%				
LMC Properties Inc		14,887,440	4	0.28%		10,788,000	6	0.38%
Lakewood MOB LLC		13,858,727	5	0.26%				
Terumo BCT (formerly CaridianBCT, Gambro)		14,198,481	6	0.27%		6,311,555	5	0.22%
Sunrise Equities		10,411,116	7	0.19%		6,755,550	9	0.24%
Lakewood City Commons, LP		10,173,693	8	0.19%		8,843,318	7	0.31%
US Retail Partners LLC		10,156,206	9	0.19%				
Southwest Denver Land LLC		9,860,000	10	0.18%		15,564,880	4	0.55%
Qwest Corporation		15,109,420				22,436,000	3	0.79%
Gov Lakewood Properties Trust						7,607,860	8	0.27%
Denver West Village LP						5,982,990	10	0.21%
Total	\$	258,436,758	-	4.18%	\$	159,540,141	-	5.64%

Source: Jefferson County Assessor

^{*} Assessed Values referenced from Schedule 7

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 10 (Unaudited)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Collected within the

				Conceica	· Within the										
Fiscal	Tax	es Levied	I	Fiscal Year	r of the Levy	Del	inquent		Total			Outs	standing		
Year	f	or the			Percentage		Tax		Tax	Percen	tage	Del	inquent	Percentage	
Ended	Fis	cal Year	A	mount	of Levy	Col	lections	Co	ollections	of Tax	Levy	T	axes	Tax Levy	
2013	\$	38,842	\$	36,109	93.0%	\$	2,443	\$	38,552		99.3%	\$	2,733	7.04%	
2014		38,915		35,898	92.2%		2,733		38,631		99.3%		3,017	7.75%	
2015		38,964		35,570	91.3%		3,017		38,587		99.0%		3,395	8.71%	
2016		44,659		41,105	92.0%		3,395		44,499		99.6%		3,554	7.96%	
2017		49,396		45,864	92.8%		3,554		49,417	1	00.0%		3,532	7.15%	
2018		55,901		51,846	92.7%		3,532		55,379		99.1%		4,055	7.25%	
2019		56,951		53,750	94.4%		4,055		57,805	1	01.5%		3,200	5.62%	
2020		64,206		59,852	93.2%		3,200		63,053		98.2%		4,354	6.78%	
2021		64,294		58,375	90.8%		4,354		62,729		97.6%		5,919	9.21%	
2022	\$	70,180	\$	62,925	89.7%	\$	5,919	\$	68,844		98.1%	\$	7,255	10.34%	
	2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	Year from Ended Fiss 2013 \$ 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	Year for the Fiscal Year 2013 \$ 38,842 2014 38,915 2015 38,964 2016 44,659 2017 49,396 2018 55,901 2019 56,951 2020 64,206 2021 64,294	Year for the Ended Fiscal Year A 2013 \$ 38,842 \$ 2014 38,915 2015 38,964 2016 44,659 2017 49,396 2018 55,901 2019 56,951 2020 64,206 2021 64,294	Year for the Fiscal Year Amount 2013 \$ 38,842 \$ 36,109 2014 38,915 35,898 2015 38,964 35,570 2016 44,659 41,105 2017 49,396 45,864 2018 55,901 51,846 2019 56,951 53,750 2020 64,206 59,852 2021 64,294 58,375	Year for the Ended Fiscal Year Amount Percentage of Levy 2013 \$ 38,842 \$ 36,109 93.0% 2014 38,915 35,898 92.2% 2015 38,964 35,570 91.3% 2016 44,659 41,105 92.0% 2017 49,396 45,864 92.8% 2018 55,901 51,846 92.7% 2019 56,951 53,750 94.4% 2020 64,206 59,852 93.2% 2021 64,294 58,375 90.8%	Year for the Ended Fiscal Year Amount Percentage of Levy Col 2013 \$ 38,842 \$ 36,109 93.0% \$ 2014 38,915 35,898 92.2% 2015 38,964 35,570 91.3% 2016 44,659 41,105 92.0% 2017 49,396 45,864 92.8% 2018 55,901 51,846 92.7% 2019 56,951 53,750 94.4% 2020 64,206 59,852 93.2% 2021 64,294 58,375 90.8%	Year for the Ended Fiscal Year Amount Percentage of Levy Tax Collections 2013 \$ 38,842 \$ 36,109 93.0% \$ 2,443 2014 38,915 35,898 92.2% 2,733 2015 38,964 35,570 91.3% 3,017 2016 44,659 41,105 92.0% 3,395 2017 49,396 45,864 92.8% 3,554 2018 55,901 51,846 92.7% 3,532 2019 56,951 53,750 94.4% 4,055 2020 64,206 59,852 93.2% 3,200 2021 64,294 58,375 90.8% 4,354	Year for the Ended Fiscal Year Amount Percentage of Levy Tax Collections Collections	Year for the Ended Fiscal Year Amount Percentage of Levy Tax Collections Tax Collections 2013 \$ 38,842 \$ 36,109 93.0% \$ 2,443 \$ 38,552 2014 38,915 35,898 92.2% 2,733 38,631 2015 38,964 35,570 91.3% 3,017 38,587 2016 44,659 41,105 92.0% 3,395 44,499 2017 49,396 45,864 92.8% 3,554 49,417 2018 55,901 51,846 92.7% 3,532 55,379 2019 56,951 53,750 94.4% 4,055 57,805 2020 64,206 59,852 93.2% 3,200 63,053 2021 64,294 58,375 90.8% 4,354 62,729	Year for the Ended Fiscal Year Amount Percentage of Levy Tax Tax Percentage of Tax 2013 \$ 38,842 \$ 36,109 93.0% \$ 2,443 \$ 38,552 2014 38,915 35,898 92.2% 2,733 38,631 2015 38,964 35,570 91.3% 3,017 38,587 2016 44,659 41,105 92.0% 3,395 44,499 2017 49,396 45,864 92.8% 3,554 49,417 1 2018 55,901 51,846 92.7% 3,532 55,379 2019 56,951 53,750 94.4% 4,055 57,805 1 2020 64,206 59,852 93.2% 3,200 63,053 2021 64,294 58,375 90.8% 4,354 62,729	Year for the Ended Fiscal Year Amount Percentage of Levy Tax Collections Tax Collections Percentage of Tax Levy 2013 \$ 38,842 \$ 36,109 93.0% \$ 2,443 \$ 38,552 99.3% 2014 38,915 35,898 92.2% 2,733 38,631 99.3% 2015 38,964 35,570 91.3% 3,017 38,587 99.0% 2016 44,659 41,105 92.0% 3,395 44,499 99.6% 2017 49,396 45,864 92.8% 3,554 49,417 100.0% 2018 55,901 51,846 92.7% 3,532 55,379 99.1% 2019 56,951 53,750 94.4% 4,055 57,805 101.5% 2020 64,206 59,852 93.2% 3,200 63,053 98.2% 2021 64,294 58,375 90.8% 4,354 62,729 97.6%	Year for the Ended Fiscal Year Amount Percentage of Levy Tax Collections Tax Collections Percentage of Tax Levy Del Tax Levy 2013 \$ 38,842 \$ 36,109 93.0% \$ 2,443 \$ 38,552 99.3% \$ 2014 2014 38,915 35,898 92.2% 2,733 38,631 99.3% \$ 2015 2015 38,964 35,570 91.3% 3,017 38,587 99.0% 2016 44,659 41,105 92.0% 3,395 44,499 99.6% 2017 49,396 45,864 92.8% 3,554 49,417 100.0% 2018 55,901 51,846 92.7% 3,532 55,379 99.1% 2019 56,951 53,750 94.4% 4,055 57,805 101.5% 2020 64,206 59,852 93.2% 3,200 63,053 98.2% 2021 64,294 58,375 90.8% 4,354 62,729 97.6%	Year for the Ended Fiscal Year Amount Percentage of Levy Tax Collections Tax Collections Percentage of Tax Levy Delinquent Taxes 2013 \$ 38,842 \$ 36,109 93.0% \$ 2,443 \$ 38,552 99.3% \$ 2,733 2014 38,915 35,898 92.2% 2,733 38,631 99.3% 3,017 2015 38,964 35,570 91.3% 3,017 38,587 99.0% 3,395 2016 44,659 41,105 92.0% 3,395 44,499 99.6% 3,554 2017 49,396 45,864 92.8% 3,554 49,417 100.0% 3,532 2018 55,901 51,846 92.7% 3,532 55,379 99.1% 4,055 2019 56,951 53,750 94.4% 4,055 57,805 101.5% 3,200 2020 64,206 59,852 93.2% 3,200 63,053 98.2% 4,354 2021 64,294 58,375	Year for the Ended Fiscal Year Amount Percentage of Levy Tax Tax Percentage of Tax Levy Delinquent Taxes Percentage Tax Levy 2013 \$ 38,842 \$ 36,109 93.0% \$ 2,443 \$ 38,552 99.3% \$ 2,733 7.04% 2014 38,915 35,898 92.2% 2,733 38,631 99.3% 3,017 7.75% 2015 38,964 35,570 91.3% 3,017 38,587 99.0% 3,395 8.71% 2016 44,659 41,105 92.0% 3,395 44,499 99.6% 3,554 7.96% 2017 49,396 45,864 92.8% 3,554 49,417 100.0% 3,532 7.15% 2018 55,901 51,846 92.7% 3,532 55,379 99.1% 4,055 7.25% 2019 56,951 53,750 94.4% 4,055 57,805 101.5% 3,200 5.62% 2020 64,206 59,852 93.2% 3,200

Source: Jefferson County and Douglas County Treasurers' Offices

Jefferson County and Douglas County are the collection agents for all property tax levies. The records of outstanding delinquent taxes are maintained by the Counties, however, the District's individual delinquent taxes are not available.

WEST METRO FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding and Legal Debt Margin

Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 11 (Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
TOTAL ASSESSED VALUE-Sub Bond	\$ 2,827,116,927	\$ 2,854,697,308	\$ 2,866,088,199	\$ 3,295,834,205	\$ 3,302,626,335	\$ 3,879,151,614	\$ 3,881,580,381	\$ 4,381,969,991	\$ 4,398,692,060	\$ 4,798,815,588
General bonded debt outstanding										
General obligation bonds (a)	37,591,515	35,407,565	33,133,617	31,022,070	28,538,410	25,994,511	23,420,612	19,125,000	16,690,000	14,195,000
Total	37,591,515	35,407,565	33,133,617	31,022,070	28,538,410	25,994,511	23,420,612	19,125,000	16,690,000	14,195,000
Percentage of estimated actual property value-Bond	0.14%	0.14%	0.13%	0.10%	0.09%	0.07%	0.06%	0.05%	0.05%	0.03%
Per capita (b)	152	143	134	125	103	94	79	63	55	48
Legal Debt Limit - 50% of total assessed value (c)	1,413,558,464	1,427,348,654	1,433,044,100	1,647,917,103	1,651,313,168	1,939,575,807	1,940,790,191	2,190,984,996	2,199,346,030	2,399,407,794
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit	37,591,515	35,407,565	33,133,617	31,022,070	28,538,410	25,994,511	23,420,612	19,125,000	16,690,000	14,195,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 1,375,966,948	\$ 1,391,941,089	\$ 1,399,910,483	\$ 1,616,895,033	\$ 1,622,774,758	\$ 1,913,581,296	\$ 1,917,369,579	\$ 2,171,859,996	\$ 2,182,656,030	\$ 2,385,212,794
Total bond debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	2.73%	2.54%	2.37%	1.92%	1.76%	1.36%	1.22%	0.88%	0.76%	0.60%

Source: Jefferson and Douglas County Assessors' Offices and West Metro Fire Protection Finance Division

Note: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽a) Includes unamortized bond premium

⁽b) Population data can be found in Schedule 15 Demographic Statistics.

⁽c) Colorado Revised Statutes.

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 12 (Unaudited)

(per \$1,000 of assessed value)

			A1	<u>(</u>	Governmer	<u>ıtal</u>	<u>Activities</u>		T. 4.1	P	Percentage Of Total Primary Government	Total Primary
Fiscal			Assessed Value In	т	Bonded		Comital	1	Total Primary	Percentage of Personal	Debt To Assessed	Government Debt Per
	D 1.1	_					Capital		,			
<u>Year</u>	<u>Population</u>	-	<u> Thousands</u>	<u>D</u>	ebt (1)*		<u>Leases*</u>	Go	vernment	Income	<u>Value</u>	<u>Capita</u>
2013	247,648	\$	2,827,117	\$	34,934			\$	34,934	0.31%	1.24%	141
2014	247,648		2,854,697		35,408				35,408	0.27%	1.24%	143
2015	247,648		2,866,088		33,134				33,134	0.24%	1.16%	134
2016	247,648		3,295,834		31,022				31,022	0.22%	0.94%	125
2017	277,814		3,302,626		28,538		1,296		29,834	0.19%	0.90%	107
2018	277,814		3,879,152		25,995		1,129		27,123	0.16%	0.70%	98
2019	297,086		3,881,580		23,421		956		24,377	0.13%	0.63%	82
2020	301,525		4,381,970		19,125		778		19,903	0.10%	0.45%	66
2021	301,525		4,398,692		16,690		593		17,283	0.09%	0.39%	57
2022	296,917	\$	4,798,816	\$	14,195	\$	402	\$	14,597	0.09%	0.30%	49

Source: Jefferson County & Douglas County Assessors and West Metro Fire Protection District

Personal income data can be found in Schedule 15 Demographic Statistics.

⁽¹⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation debt. Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{*} Amounts expressed in thousands.

WEST METRO FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Computation of Direct And Overlapping Debt Schedule 13 (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

		Percentage Applicable	Amount Applicable
	Net Debt	To	To
	Outstanding	District	District
Direct:			
West Metro Fire Protection District *	\$ 14,596,900	100.00%	\$ 14,596,900
Total Direct Debt	\$ 14,596,900		\$ 14,596,900
Overlapping:			
Jefferson County	40,222,704	44.06%	17,722,518
Jefferson County School District	832,655,000	44.06%	366,875,955
Douglas County School District	350,532,541	2.09%	7,328,556
Other Local Government	236,661,913	90.00%	212,995,722
Total Overlapping Debt	\$ 1,460,072,158		\$ 604,922,751
Total Overlapping and Direct Debt	\$ 1,474,669,058		\$619,519,651

^{*} Includes unamortized bond premium

Sources: Confirmation letters received from applicable organizations Jefferson and Douglas County Abstract of Assessment

Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the District's taxable assessed value that is within Jefferson County's and Douglas County's respective government's boundaries, then dividing it by the County's total taxable assessed value. For other Local governments the percentage applicable is estimated based on a weighted average of debt outstanding and area boundaries within the District

Ratio of Annual Debt Services Expenditures to Total Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 14 (Unaudited)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	<u>Pr</u>	<u>incipal</u>	cipal Interest		_	Total Debt Service (1)	 Total overnmental enditures (2)	Ratio Of Debt Service To Total Governmental <u>Expenditures</u>
2013	\$	1,755	\$	1,641	\$	3,396	\$ 56,896	5.97%
2014		1,910		1,320		3,230	53,484	6.04%
2015		2,000		1,232		3,232	52,754	6.13%
2016		2,240		993		3,233	64,356	5.02%
2017		2,371		1,002		3,373	67,620	4.99%
2018		2,442		924		3,366	74,726	4.50%
2019		2,478		883		3,361	76,283	4.41%
2020		2,519		841		3,360	83,844	4.01%
2021		2,620		747		3,367	88,038	3.82%
2022	\$	2,769	\$	673	\$	3,441	\$ 92,290	3.73%

Source: West Metro Fire Protection District Finance Division

⁽¹⁾ Includes General Obligation Bond and Capital Lease payments during the year

⁽²⁾ Includes all governmental fund types

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 15 (Unaudited)

		Personal				
Fiscal		Income	Per Capita	Median	School	Unemployment
<u>Year</u>	<u>Population</u>	(In Thousands)	<u>Income</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Enrollment</u>	<u>Rate</u>
2013	247,648	11,177,592	45,135	41	37,600	6.2%
2014	247,648	13,215,488	53,364	41	35,565	6.2%
2015	247,648	13,837,624	55,876	41	38,379	3.5%
2016	247,648	13,880,358	56,049	40	38,023	3.5%
2017	277,814	15,924,298	57,320	40	37,792	2.7%
2018	277,814	16,542,018	59,544	40	37,192	2.5%
2019	297,086	18,220,226	61,330	41	38,295	2.8%
2020	301,525	19,153,471	63,522	40	36,604	5.9%
2021	301,525	18,696,962	62,008	42	35,911	4.1%
2022	296,917	\$ 15,678,979	\$ 52,757	42	39,599	4.4%

Note: The methodology of calculating personal income, per capita income, and school enrollment was changed in 2022. Only GIS data specific to the District was used for the 2022 statistics.

Sources: Jefferson and Douglas County R-1 School Districts, Colorado State
Demographer, U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics,
US Census Bureau Data, and Bureau of Economic Analysis
Jefferson County Economic Development Corp.
GIS data - West Metro Standard of Cover
Colorado Department of Education
World Population Review

Principal Employers Schedule 16 (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

2022

		Number	% of employed	
		of	by overall	
Employer	Product/Service	Employees	Employment	
			_	
Denver Federal Center	Federal Government	8,000	27.63%	
Lockheed Martin Space & Strategic Missiles	Aerospace&Defense	7,540	26.04%	
National Renewal Energy Laboratory (NREL)	Research Lab	3,000	10.36%	
Terumo BCT, Inc.	Medical Technology	2,325	8.03%	
Lutheran Medical Center	Medical Services	2,300	7.94%	
St. Anthony Medical Campus	Medical Services	2,000	6.91%	
FirstBank Holding Company CO	Financial Services	1,485	5.13%	
HomeAdvisor	Home Improvement/Repai	1,000	3.45%	
Colorado Christian University	Education	522	1.80%	
Encore Electric	Electricians	780	2.69%	
Total		28,952		

Note: Numbers reflect employees in Jefferson County only. State/local government agencies not included.

Source: City of Lakewood Economic Development - Business Information

2013

	Number	% of employed
	of	by overall
Product/Service	Employees	Employment
		_
Education	9,211	30.42%
Government	8,000	26.42%
Aerospace&Defense	4,970	16.42%
Medical Technology	1,771	5.85%
Research Lab	1,630	5.38%
Medical Services	1,540	5.09%
Government	884	2.92%
Home Improvement/Repai	789	2.61%
Financial Services	782	2.58%
Government	700	2.31%
•	30,277	
	Education Government Aerospace&Defense Medical Technology Research Lab Medical Services Government Home Improvement/Repai	Education 9,211 Government 8,000 Aerospace&Defense 4,970 Medical Technology 1,771 Research Lab 1,630 Medical Services 1,540 Government 884 Home Improvement/Repai 789 Financial Services 782 Government 700

Source: Jefferson County and City of Lakewood

Information concerning the size of employment in the District is not currently available

Property Value and Construction Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 17 (Unaudited)

Assessment <u>Year</u>	<u>Residential</u>	Property Value Nonresidential	Nontaxable	New Construction Annexations And Inclusions
2013	\$ 22,253,997,964	\$ 3,701,733,738	\$ 1,738,796,776	\$ 113,471,281
2014	22,421,434,168	3,970,731,853	1,748,745,628	158,557,259
2015	27,348,999,449	4,122,723,540	1,761,641,966	183,227,179
2016	31,024,438,909	4,551,710,215	1,744,973,431	279,801,875
2017	38,319,224,719	5,328,688,061	2,414,877,177	359,060,179
2018	38,744,434,959	5,452,133,091	2,419,254,163	422,586,497
2019	44,784,487,563	5,975,421,681	2,810,487,662	538,664,903
2020	45,184,308,553	5,978,488,346	3,364,837,976	460,233,279
2021	50,171,267,767	6,337,065,075	3,355,435,751	405,145,544
2022	\$ 50,837,721,379	\$ 6,319,783,630	\$ 3,398,176,777	\$ 508,432,302

Source: Jefferson and Douglas County Assessors

WEST METRO FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Miscellaneous Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 18 (Unaudited)

Fire District Personnel	201	3	201	4	20	15 2016			2017	
Uniform Personnel	327		309		303		357		361	
Civilian Employees	47				49		52		55	
1 7										
Fire Services										
ISO (Insurance Services Organization) Rating	3		3		3		3		3	
Number of Fire Stations	15		15		15		17		17	
Emergency Medical/Rescue Calls	17,513		18,943		19,860		22,195		23,941	
Fire and Other Calls	8,339		8,570		8,370		9,687		10,486	
						•		· -		
Total Emergency Calls	25,852		27,513		28,230		31,882	_	34,427	_
Response Information (number of incidents)								-		
Emergency Medical	17,390		18,774		19,351		22,195		23,941	
Fire Alarms	3,039		3,422		3,613		3,934		4.112	
Fires	550		501		492		663		717	
Other	1,037		1,124		1,370		1,386		1,471	
Public Assists	3,135		3,178		2,895		3,102		3,584	
Special Operations (Hazmat/Rescue)	701		514		509		602		602	
Totals	25,852		27,513		28,230		31,882	-	34,427	-
Totals	23,632		27,313		20,230		31,002		34,427	
Responding Units:	Number	Responses	Number	Responses	Number	Responses	Number	Responses	Number	Responses
Ladder Trucks	3	2,993	3	2,989	3	3,911	5	3,580	3	3,649
Engines	14	27,071	15	29,876	14	29,596	14	31,121	15	36,558
Squrts	1	489						*		,
Rescue Trucks	1	767	1	678	1	27	2	24	1	553
Ambulances	9	20,727	9	22,558	9	22,860	10	24,116	11	28,136
Specialized Emergency Vehicles	10	2,304	11	1,949	11	1,498	12	1,717	12	1,941
Chief Vehicles	3	1,775	3	1,862	2	1,751	3	2,157	3	2,266
Totals	41	56,126	42	59,912	40	59,643	46	62,715	45	73,103
Fire Loss	\$3,690,505		\$2,415,189		<u>\$5,224,175</u>		\$3,637,952		\$4,045,871	

Sources: West Metro Fire Protection District Administrations and Operations Divisions.

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Section 1710 response standards.

WEST METRO FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Miscellaneous Statistics (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 18 (Unaudited)

Fire District Personnel	20	18	20	19	20	20	20	21	202	22
Uniform Personnel	369		381		380		388		400	
Civilian Employees	46		41		45		43		42	
1 7										
Fire Services										
ISO (Insurance Services Organization) Rating	1		1		1		1		1	
Number of Fire Stations	17		17		17		17		17	
Emergency Medical/Rescue Calls	23,557		25,126		22,829		25,207		26,451	
Fire and Other Calls	10,665	=	10,963		12,527		13,929	-	14,783	
T (IF O II	24.222		26,000		25.256		20.126		41 224	
Total Emergency Calls	34,222	•	36,089		35,356		39,136		41,234	
Response Information (number of incidents)										
Emergency Medical	23,557		25,126		22,829		25,207		26,451	
Fire Alarms	4,022		3,699		3,507		3,977		4,051	
Fires	652		463		509		648		524	
Other	1,824		3,196		4,913		5,460		5,531	
Public Assists	3,576		3,146		2,987		3,322		3,930	
Special Operations (Hazmat/Rescue)	591		459		601		522		747	
Totals	34,222	•	36,089		35,346		39,136	•	41,234	
	- /						,		, -	
Responding Units:	Number	Responses	Number	Responses	Number	Responses	Number	Responses	Number	Responses
Ladder Trucks	3	3,771	3	2,365	3	3,464	3	3,451	3	3,724
Engines	15	33,398	15	30,756	15	35,406	15	33,192	17	36,082
Squrts										
Rescue Trucks	1	2,937	1	2,639	2	3,452	1	2,942	2	2,532
Ambulances	11	28,267	13	29,131	12	33,420	12	31,050	15	33,538
Specialized Emergency Vehicles	12	3,574	17	5,551	19	424	20	6,043	20	7,487
Chief Vehicles	3	2,152	3	2,014	3	2,198	3	2,060	3	2,248
Totals	45	74,099	52	72,456	54	78,364	54	78,738	60	85,611
					·					
Fire Loss	<u>\$4,058,471</u>		<u>\$3,085,153</u>		<u>\$5,808,055</u>		\$9,379,790		<u>\$13,771,930</u>	

Sources: West Metro Fire Protection District Administrations and Operations Divisions.

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Section 1710 response standards.

Miscellaneous Statistics (Continued)
Last Five Fiscal Years
Schedule 19
(Unaudited)
(amounts expressed in minutes)

Str	ructure Fires	Urban Benchmark	West Metro 90th Percentile Times						
		Performance	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
Alarm Handling	Pick up to Dispatch	1:00	2;20	3:26	2:17	2:42	2:26		
Turnout Time	Turnout Time 1st Unit	1:20	1:53	1:40	2:01	2:33	2:14		
Travel	Travel Time 1st Uni Distribution	4:30	5:46	5:54	5:10	5:49	5:45		
Time	Travel Time ERF Concentration	8:00	7:43	9:59	7:54	15:18	13:23		
Total	Total Response Time 1st Unit On-Scene Distribution	6:50	7:59	10:20	8:36	9:52	9:21		
Response Time	Total Response Time ERF Concentration	10:20	10:48	14:27	12:06	28:45	19:27		

Response times in the 90th percentile compared to West Metro Fire Rescue's benchmark under accreditation standards through the Commission on Fire Accreditation International, Inc.

Miscellaneous Statistics (Continued)

Last Five Fiscal Years
Schedule 19
(Unaudited)
(amounts expressed in minutes)

Emergen	Emergency Medical Service		West Metro 90th Percentile Times						
		Performance	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
Alarm Handling	Pick up to Dispatch	1:00	2:00	3:20	2:16	2:01	2:00		
Turnout Time	Turnout Time 1st Unit	1:00	1:43	1:34	1:44	2:04	2:04		
Travel	Travel Time 1st Unit Distribution	4:30	5:52	5:43	5:44	5:50	6:07		
Time	Travel Time ERF Concentration	5:30	5:52	7:15	6:52	5:50	6:07		
Total	Total Response Time 1st Unit On-Scene Distribution	6:30	8:37	9:26	8:49	9:00	9:18		
Response Time	Total Response Time ERF Concentration	6:30	8:37	10:36	10:10	9:00	9:18		

Response times in the 90th percentile compared to West Metro Fire Rescue's benchmark under accreditation standards through the Commission on Fire Accreditation International, Inc.

Miscellaneous Statistics (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 20 (Unaudited)

_	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Construction & Building Services										
Site Plan Reviews					1	2	304	291	291	352
Plan Reviews					1,572	1,322	1,751	1,333	1,310	1,472
Construction Inspections	1,703	1,874	2,566	2,489	2,374	2,472	3,139	4,752	2,496	2,642
Building Permits:										
Fire Alarm and FACP	333	330	432	407	283	313	432	390	294	407
Tenant Improvements	257	237	321	359	310	322	498	358	333	360
Sprinkler System	201	278	260	257	157	208	234	206	332	334
New Construction	30	72	55	52	45	46	44	63	62	81
Other / Maintenance	9	23	24	25	59	32	17	73	53	49
Access Control	30	27	42	51	31	58	66	95	69	79
Medical Gas Install	3	6	11	4	4	6	3	6	7	19
Radio Amplification System	3	6	9	12	20	34	25	23	30	31
No Permit Required Permits						43	58	59	72	14
Underground Fire Line	22	56	21	70	24	58	24	68	64	77
Kitchen Hood Suppression System	34	19	32	44	28	34	46	27	22	35
Total Building Permits Issued	922	1,054	1,207	1,281	961	1,154	1,447	1,368	1,338	1,486
Operations/Code Compliance										
Operational Permits:										
Tents and Canopies	77	88	93	75	73	112	78	32	67	43
Storage Tanks Install/Removal					1	2	1	6	3	1
Blasting	1	1	2			1		1		
Spray Booth	3			2	1	1				
Christmas Tree Lot					20	13	9	12	19	16
UST Installs/Removals	2	4	8	9	1	4	1	6	5	11
Hazardous Materials	276	330	299	262	102	142	104	194	31	54
Propane Tank	11	14	19	23	19	22	4	15	17	16
Silence of Fire Alarm System					16	17	10	6	5	5
Combustible Storage	17	19	21	21		142	15			
Open Burn	16	15	19	19	20	16	13	7	12	8
Special Event	15	15	21	19	12	37	29	13	18	31
Fireworks Display & Sales	4	5	14	7	9	20	18	7	17	17
Facilities and Shelters						4	62	60	44	44
Fire Extinguisher & Other Suppression	4		1		3	11	4	1	3	3
Total Operational Permits Issued	426	491	497	437	277	544	348	360	241	249
Total Life Safety Permits Issued	1,348	1,545	1,704	1,718	1,238	1,698	1,795	1,728	1,623	1,735
Total Elie Safety Termits Issued	1,010	1,010	1,701	1,710	1,200	1,070	1,775	1,720	1,020	1,700
Annual Business Inspections:										
Company Level Building Inspections	3,547	3,526	3,366	4,216	2,374	3,810	3,464	2,515	3,512	2,642
Company Level Building Reinspection	179	183	138	284	782	1,199	785	414	1,031	971
Total Annual Business Inspections	3,547	3,526	3,366	4,216	3,156	5,009	4,249	2,929	4,543	3,613
Code Enforcement Inspections:										
Inspections by Life Safety Division	134	141	99	145	339	854	930	577	482	549
Citizen Complaint Inspections							8	3	10	3
State Licensing Inspections	32	38	45	61	52	53	44	27	29	22
Notice of Violations Inspections	179	183	138	284	207	55	64	47	97	105
Summons for Fire Codes	2.622	2.250	1.262	1 440				~	10	-
In House / Requested / Other	2,623	2,358	1,363	1,449	500	0.0	1.046	7	10	5
Total Code Enforcement Inspection	2,968	2,720	1,645	1,939	598	962	1,046	661	628	684
Total Business/Code Inspections	6,515	6,246	5,011	6,155	3,754	5,971	5,295	3,590	5,171	4,297
Total Dusiness/Code Inspections	0,515	0,470	5,011	0,133	J, / JT	3,7/1	3,473	5,570	3,1/1	7,471

Source: West Metro Fire Protection District Life Safety Division

WEST METRO FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Miscellaneous Statistics (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 21 (Inpudited)

(Unaudited)
Fire Investigations Division

	201	3	201	4	201:	5	201	6	201	7	2018	3	2019)	2020	D	2021		2022	2
	Incidents	%	Incidents	%	Incidents	%	Incidents	%	Incidents	%	Incidents	%	Incidents	%	Incidents	%	Incidents	%	Incidents	%
Fire Statistics																				
Private Single Family Dwellings	98	24.08%	70	17.63%	69	18.45%	79	15.08%	79	10.97%	67	10.31%	85	17.00%	86	13.56%	76	11.29%	77	11.92%
Multi-family	55	13.51%	64	16.12%	56	14.97%	83	15.84%	79	10.97%	61	9.38%	54	10.80%	60	9.46%	51	7.58%	59	9.13%
Hotels and motels	4	0.98%	6	1.51%	8	2.14%	8	1.53%	3	0.42%	6	0.92%	4	0.80%	1	0.16%	1	0.15%	2	0.31%
All other residential	7	1.72%	5	1.26%	1	0.27%	5	0.95%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.20%	1	0.16%	1	0.15%	3	0.46%
Public assembly	12	2.95%	13	3.27%	9	2.41%	12	2.29%	18	2.50%	16	2.46%	6	1.20%	6	0.95%	19	2.82%	10	1.55%
Schools and colleges	4	0.98%	,	0.00%	2	0.53%		0.00%	4	0.56%	16	2.46%	2	0.40%	1	0.16%		0.00%	1	0.15%
Stores and offices	10	2.46%	13	3.27%	7	1.87%	6	1.15%	4	0.56%	5	0.77%	8	1.60%	11	1.74%	10	1.49%	2	0.31%
Healthcare and penal institutions	0	0.00%		0.00%	2	0.53%	3	0.57%	13	1.81%	19	2.92%	3	0.60%	4	0.63%	2	0.30%	8	1.24%
Industry utility and manufacturing	2	0.49%	5	1.26%	2	0.53%	1	0.19%	15	2.08%	11	1.69%	2	0.40%	2	0.32%	5	0.74%	2	0.31%
Storage structures	14	3.44%		2.27%	9	2.41%	9	1.72%	14	1.94%	25	3.85%	12	2.40%	3	0.47%		1.63%	2	0.31%
Other structures	5	1.23%	9	2.27%	15	4.01%	24	4.58%	25	3.47%	43	6.62%	18	3.60%	28	4.42%	25	3.71%	23	3.56%
Total structure fires	211		194		180	48.13%	230	43.89%	254	35.28%	269	41.38%	195	39.00%	203	32.02%		29.87%	189	29.26%
Wildland/Vegetation	52	12.78%			44	11.76%	105	20.04%	110		94	14.46%	66	13.20%	77	12.15%		9.81%	49	7.59%
Vehicles	75	18.43%		15.10%	74		80	15.27%	86	11.94%	94	15.08%			58	9.15%			93	14.40%
	52	12.78%		16.62%	50	19.79% 13.37%		12.98%		9.31%	142	21.85%	91	18.20% 27.20%		42.27%		14.12% 39.08%	93 294	45.51%
Dumpster and outside rubbish Outside, other	17	4.18%		6.05%	26	6.95%	68 41		67 203		47		136	2.40%	268 28				294	
Total outside fires	196	48.16%		51.13%	194		294	7.82% 56.11%		28.19% 64.72%	381	7.23% 58.62%	12	61.00%		4.42% 67.98%		7.13%		3.25% 70.74%
						51.87%			466				305		431				457	
Total Fire Incidents	407	100.00%	397	100.00%	374	100.00%	524	100.00%	720	100.00%	650	100.00%	500	100.00%	634	100.00%	673	100.00%	646	100.00%
Investigations Statistics																				
Exceptionally Cleared (underage offender)	7	5.30%			3	3.19%	7	6.19%	6		2	2.15%	5	5.21%	3	4.11%		1.14%	1	0.60%
Cleared by Arrest	15				6	6.38%	19	16.81%	14		10	10.75%	5	5.21%	8	10.96%		8.00%	23	13.69%
Open Pending Additional Information	53	40.15%	45	45.00%	36	38.30%	38	33.63%	39	30.71%	28	30.11%	9	9.38%	13			6.86%	26	15.48%
Investigation Inactive/Suspended													3	3.13%	8	10.96%		1.14%	18	10.71%
Unfounded (no crime committed)	57				49	52.13%	49	43.36%	68		53	56.99%	74	77.08%	41	56.16%	145	82.86%	100	59.52%
Total Investigation Cases	132	100.00%	100	100.00%	94	100.00%	113	100.00%	127	100.00%	93	100.00%	96	100.00%	73	100.00%	175	100.00%	168	100.00%
Total Fire Incidents	407		397		374		524		720		650		500		634		673		646	
Total Investigation Cases	132		100		94		113		127		93		96		73		175		168	
Fire Incidents handled by the Investigation Division	32.43%		25.19%		25.13%		21.56%		17.64%		14.31%		19.20%		11.51%		26.00%		26.01%	
Arrest Statistics																				
Intentionally Set Fires	58		65		25		70		74		26		19		21		47		76	
Cleared by Arrest or Exceptionally Cleared	15		12		9		26		20		10		10		9		16		24	
Intentionally Set Fires Cleared After Investigation	25.86%		18.46%		36.00%		37.14%		27.03%		38.46%		52.63%		42.86%		34.04%		31.58%	
Response Statistics																				
Total Fire Incidents	132	0.52%	100	0.36%	374	1.32%	686	2.08%	720	2.06%	650	2%	500	1%	633	2%	673	2%	646	2%
									720											
Rescue, Emergency Medical Responses	17,423	68%		69%	19,418	69%	22,556	68%	24,652	71%	24,679	71%	25,374	72%	24,313	74%		72%	28,789	71%
False Alarm Responses (malicious or unintentional)	3,013	12%	- / -	12%	3,607	13%	3,936	12%	4,112	12%	3,996	11%	3,693	11%	2,273	7%	,	11%	4,109	10%
Mutual Aid or Assistance Responses	350	1%		2%	346	1%	488	1%	416	1%	360	1%	37	0%		0%		0%		0%
Hazardous Materials Responses	571	2%		1%	315	1%	388	1%	399	1%	382	1%	332	1%	357	1%		1%	507	1%
Other Hazardous Responses	146	1%		1%	157	1%	233	1%	179	1%	180	1%	192	1%	240	1%		1%	331	1%
All Other Responses (smoke scares, lockouts, animal	3,839 25,474	15% 100%		15%	4,103 28,320	14% 100%	4,693 32,980	14% 100%	4,455 34,933	13% 100%	4,614 34,861	13% 100%	4,910 35,038	14%	4,820 32,636	15% 100%	- /	14%	6,164 40,546	15%
Total Responses	25,474	100%	27,667	100%	28,320	100%	32,980	100%	34,933	100%	34,861	100%	35,038	100%	32,636	100%	3/,/11	100%	40,546	100%
Type of False Alarm	22	107	101	407	1.40	401	167	401	167	407	217	501	120	401	145	407	102	501	176	407
Malicious, Mischievous False Calls	32	1%		4%	149	4%	157	4%		4%	217	5%	139	4%	146	4%		5%	176	4%
System Malfunction	429	14%		33%	1,074	30%	1,127	29%	1,268	31%	1,218	30%	1,362	37%	1,231	35%		36%	1,509	37%
Unintentional	2,534	84%	,	61%	2,283	63%	2,563	65%	2,569	62%	2,446	61%	2,196	59%	2,127	61%	/	59%	2,430	59%
Other False Alarms (bomb scares, etc.)	18	1%		2%	101	3%	89	2%	108	3%	115	3%	2	0%	2	0%		0%	3	0%
Total False Alarms	3,013	100%	3,416	100%	3,607	100%	3,936	100%	4,112	100%	3,996	100%	3,699	100%	3,506	100%	4,008	100%	4,118	100%

Source: West Metro Fire Protection District Fire Investigation Division

Information presented for prior years has been reclassified to conform with NFPA report adopted to be more consistent with information prepared for accreditation and other external reporting requirements.

WEST METRO FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Miscellaneous Statistics (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 22 (Unaudited)

COMMUNITY OUTREACH/EDUCATION			(Chauc	,						
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
ACTIVITY OR LESSON:	Contacts									
ADULT PROGRAM										
ADULT - Caregiver - Au Pair Training	10	10	10	10	10		30			
ADULT - Resident - Home Safety Presentation									25	766
Total - Adult Program	10	10	10	10	10		30		25	766
COMMUNITY EDUCATION										
CPR Training										
Life Jacket Loaner Board Program	12	12	12	12	12	12	12			
Presenting at Professional Conference										
Summer Camp Injury Prevention Program	40	40				50				
Water Safety and Drowning Prevention										
Total - Community Education	52	52	12	12	12	62	12	0	0	0
EVENTS										
Community Event	5,000	5,000	2,000	8,000	8,000	6,600	15,375	30	606	2,683
Family Fire Muster	4,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	5,000	3,500	4,000	2,223		2,500
Other Agency's Health or Safety Fair	5,000	10,000	10,202	7,100	8,000	10,200			150	200
WMFR Event	1,300	40.000	100	70	24.000	*****	40.000			1,822
Total - Events	15,300	18,000	15,302	18,170	21,000	20,300	19,375	2,253	756	7,205
JUVENILE FIRE SETTING										
Fire Safety Family Meeting	7	25	9	26	23	20	11	6	6	5
FEMA Assessment	10	31	18	41	32	18	9	9	6	5
Phone Assessment	12	28	15		5	5		9	6	5
Other	6		3		1	2	2	2		
Total - Juvenile Fire Setting	35	84	45	67	61	45	22	26	18	15
KIDS CLUB										
Electronic Invite to Event		6	6	6	6	6	6			4,950
Event										
Paper Monthly Mailing	25	25	2	2	2	2				
Electronic Newsletter Distribution	990	1,289	1,229	1,224	1,223	1,232	1,236	2,100	19,200	23,400
Total - Kids Club	1,015	1,320	1,237	1,232	1,231	1,240	1,242	2,100	19,200	28,350
LOW COST DISTRIBUTION OF SAFETY ITEMS										
Smoke Alarm	8	28	33	50	148	141	101	37	56	41
MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY										
CPS Appointments	245	205	282	226	315	401	342	153	149	94
CPS Presentation	23		40	3	2	2	1	1	2	2
CPS Station Drop In	171	156	45	40	22	46	87	17	2	24
Low Cost CR Distribution	38	25	55	18	15	12	12	2		
Total - Motor Vehicle Safety	477	386	422	287	354	461	442	173	153	120
ON-DUTY CREW ACTIVITIES										
Apparatus Visit	31,000	17,298	26,540	48,573	54,934	51,849	30,736	2,120	1,700	1,410
Evacuation Drill Witness	500	2,000	1,000	600	3,650	1,220	850			
Station Tour	1,800	2,889	1,558	1,590	1,665	1,764	1,017	245	62	550
Helicopter Landing	200		1,000	1,000	2,000	2,000	1,500			
Other	19	66	35	5	4		41			
Total - On-Duty Crew Activities	33,519	22,253	30,133	51,768	62,253	56,833	34,144	2,365	1,762	1,960

WEST METRO FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Miscellaneous Statistics (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 22 (Unaudited)

COMMUNITY	OUTREACH/EDUCATION

COMMUNITY OUTREACH/EDUCATION	•									
ACTIVITY OR LESSON:	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	Contacts	Contacts	Contacts	Contacts	Contacts	Contacts	Contacts	Contacts	Contacts	Contacts
PUBLIC RELATIONS PROGRAM	250	5.500	10.202	2.500	5.000	5,000	5,000	200	521	2.602
Event Attendance with a Table or Tent	250	5,500	10,202	3,500	5,000	5,000	5,000	300	531	2,683
Literature Distribution Presentation to Citizens - WMFR Program Info	7,000 100	13,450 1,000	12,190	3,500 100	5,000	5,000	5,000 434	104,000	2,000	3,000
Total - Public Relations Program	7,350	19,950	22,442	7,100	500 10,500	1,485 11.485	10,434	104,300	2.556	5,383 11,066
•	7,330	19,930	22,442	7,100	10,300	11,463	10,434	104,300	2,330	11,000
SCHOOL PROGRAMS										
Preschool Programs	1,000		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	420	1,300	1,320
Elementary Programs	13,769	5,607	7,845	12,322	11,779	9,468	13,231	1,589	1,585	8,778
Middle School Programs			876	921	827	793	691			650
High School Programs	600	240	315	282	664	968	1,290			300
Total - School Programs	15,369	5,847	10,036	14,525	14,270	12,229	16,212	2,009	2,885	11,048
SENIOR PROGRAM										
Ready/Emergency Preparedness	150	615	293	519	451	1,101	875		25	3,000
Safety Presentation at Club Meeting	50	50	27	0	15	35		10		60
Safety Presentation at Facility	200	200	20	0	12	12	90	20	25	966
File of Life Distribution	5,000	7,794	3,000	20,000	20,000	10,000	10,000	3,000	3,360	1,650
Total - Senior Program	5,400	8,659	3,340	20,519	20,478	11,148	10,965	3,030	3,410	5,676
SPECIAL NEEDS PROGRAMS										
Life Skills for People with Disabilities	155	75	56	138	202	225	186			50
VICTIM ASSISTANCE										
Emergency Incident Support	5									
Distribution of backpacks, blankets, teddy bears, hotel vouchers	115	233						5	5	
Total - Victim Assistance	120	233						5	5	
VOLUNTEER PROGRAM										
Friday Afternoon Club Meeting	18	17	16	12	12	10				
Family Fire Muster	200	200	56	100	100	100		65		40
Total - Volunteer Program	218	217	72	112	112	110		65		40
WMFR STAFF EDUCATION										
Recruits - PIO/Victim Assistance	23					41	27			
WORKPLACE SAFETY PROGRAMS										
Evacuation Plan Review	6	7	5	5	10	10	10	2		
School Inspection									79	
Evacuation Training	150	267	100		362	114	675			
Fire Extinguisher Training	25	267	117	207	362	114	675	20	65	200
Other										
Total - Workplace Safety Programs	181	541	222	212	734	238	1,360	22	144	200
TOTAL CONTACTS	79,232	77,655	83,362	114,202	131,365	114,558	94,552	116,385	30,970	66,537
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Source: West Metro Fire Protection District Life Safety Division





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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Directors West Metro Fire Protection District Lakewood, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the West Metro Fire Protection District (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2023.

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report On Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose Of This Report

KulinBrown LLP

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

June 28, 2023



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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report For The Major Federal Program And Report On Internal Control Over Compliance As Required By The Uniform Guidance

Board of Directors West Metro Fire Protection District Lakewood, Colorado

Report On Compliance For The Major Federal Program

Opinion On The Major Federal Program

We have audited West Metro Fire Protection District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Office of Management and Budget's *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2022. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Basis For Opinion On The Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the Uniform Guidance). Our responsibility under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities For The Audit Of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Auditors' Responsibilities For The Audit Of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report On Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities For The Audit Of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

June 28, 2023

KulinBrown LLP

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Pass-Through Identifying			Expend	itures To
	CFDA#	Number	$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{x}$	penditures	Subreci	pients
U.S. Department Of Homeland Security				_		
Direct award						
National Urban Search and Rescue Response System	97.025	N/A	\$	2,174,565	\$	
Total Department Of Homeland Security				2,174,565		
U.S. Department Of Health And Human Services Passed through Colorado Department of Health Care Policy and Financing Medicaid Cluster						
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	N/A		8,341,385		
Total Department Of Health And Human Services				8,341,385		
Total Expenditures Of Federal Awards			\$	10,515,950	\$	_

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

1. General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) presents the activity of all federal award programs of the District. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in the Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

2. Basis Of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule is presented using the accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the financial statements of the District.

3. Indirect Costs

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed in the Uniform Guidance, Section 414.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

Section I - Sum	mary Of Auditors' Results
Financial Statements	
Type of auditors' report issued on wheth financial statements audited were print in accordance with generally accepte accounting principles:	repared
Internal control over financial reporting	; :
 Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified. Noncompliance material to finance statements noted? 	ied?yes _x_ none reported
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major federal prog	rams:
Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	
Type of auditors' report issued on compl for major federal programs:	liance Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are re to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	quired yesx_ no
Identification of major federal program:	
	Name Of Federal Program Or Cluster
	National Urban Search and Rescue Response System
Dollar threshold used to distinguish bet Type A and Type B programs:	ween \$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	x yes no

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) For The Year Ended December 31, 2022 Section II - Financial Statement Findings None Section III - Federal Award Findings And Questioned Costs

None

West Metro Fire Protection District





West Metro Fire Protection District

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Questions or Requests

Addressed to: Finance Director, Bruk Mulaw